

TUNNELING IN ACIDIC, ALTERED AND
SEDIMENTARY ROCK IN ICELAND

BÚÐARHÁLSVIRKJUN

APPENDICES

1. Appendix – Supplementary information

This appendix contains additional information on Icelandic geology.

- ❖ Typical Tertiary basaltic successions.
- ❖ Difference between Tholeiite & Olivine tholeiite (Olivine Basalt).

TYPICAL TERTIARY BASALTIC SUCCESSIONS

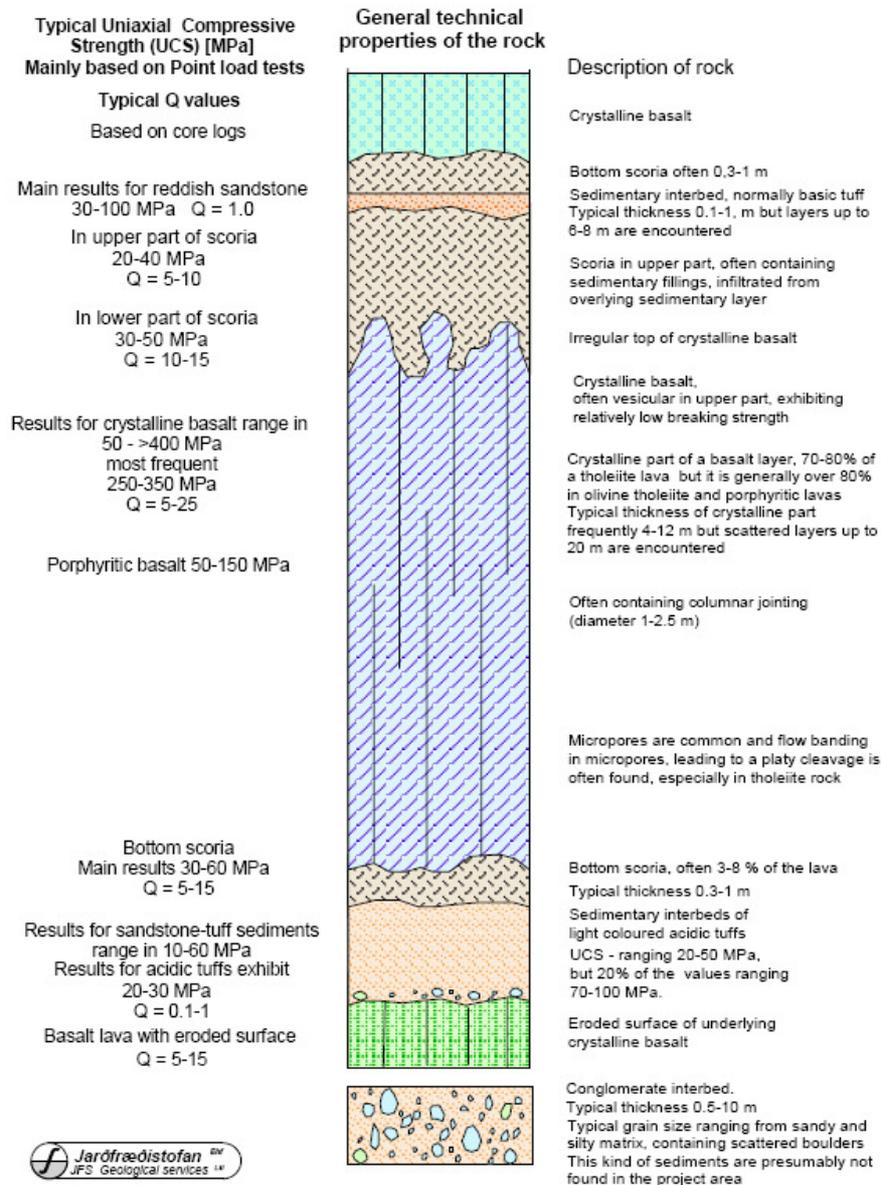


Figure 1-1. Typical sequence of rock units in Tertiary basaltic successions in eastern Iceland [Contract Documents KAR-14, 2003].

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THOLEIITE & OLIVINE THOLEIITE

Tholeiite	Olivine tholeiite (olivine basalt)
Very fine grained	Coarse grained
Free olivine crystals are absent	Free olivine crystals visible
Total silica content: 48-50%	Total silica content: 46-48%
Weathered crust, pale brown	Weathered crust, dark brown to deep grey
Spheroidal weathering uncommon	Spheroidal weathering common
Amygdales rather without zeolites	Amygdales bear zeolites
Well developed flow structures	Less developed structures within flows
Microspores often arranged along sub horizontal surface with spacing < 1 cm resulting in faint cleavage	Microspores randomly scattered throughout the mass
Scoriaceous part of tholeiite basalt flows: usually 20-30% of the flow thickness	Scoriaceous part of olivine basalt flows: usually 5-15% of the flow thickness
Forms usually single lava flows	Forms both compound and single lava flows
Average thickness of lava flows:11 m	Average thickness of lava flows:10 m
Average width of columns: 2 m	Average width of columns: 1,5-2 m
Hardness of the dense matrix: I to II*	Hardness of the dense matrix: II*

*Hardness scale ISRM (1975)

Table 1: Comparison of typical characteristic of Tholeiite and Olivine basalt [Contract Documents KAR-14, 2003].

2. Appendix – Búðarháls project overview

This appendix contains information on the Búðarháls hydropower project and geology.

- ❖ Overview of Búðarháls project area.
- ❖ Búðarháls project area, overview with boreholes.
- ❖ Headrace tunnel -Tectonic fractures and boreholes.
- ❖ Headrace tunnel – Geology –Boreholes map and longitudinal section.
- ❖ Headrace tunnel – Geology – Stratigraphy of boreholes.
- ❖ Headrace tunnel – Geology – Stratigraphy of boreholes.
- ❖ Designed rock support classes for Búðarháls headrace tunnel.

[Contract documents BUD-01-Draft, 2009]

OVERVIEW OF BÚÐARHÁLS PROJECT AREA

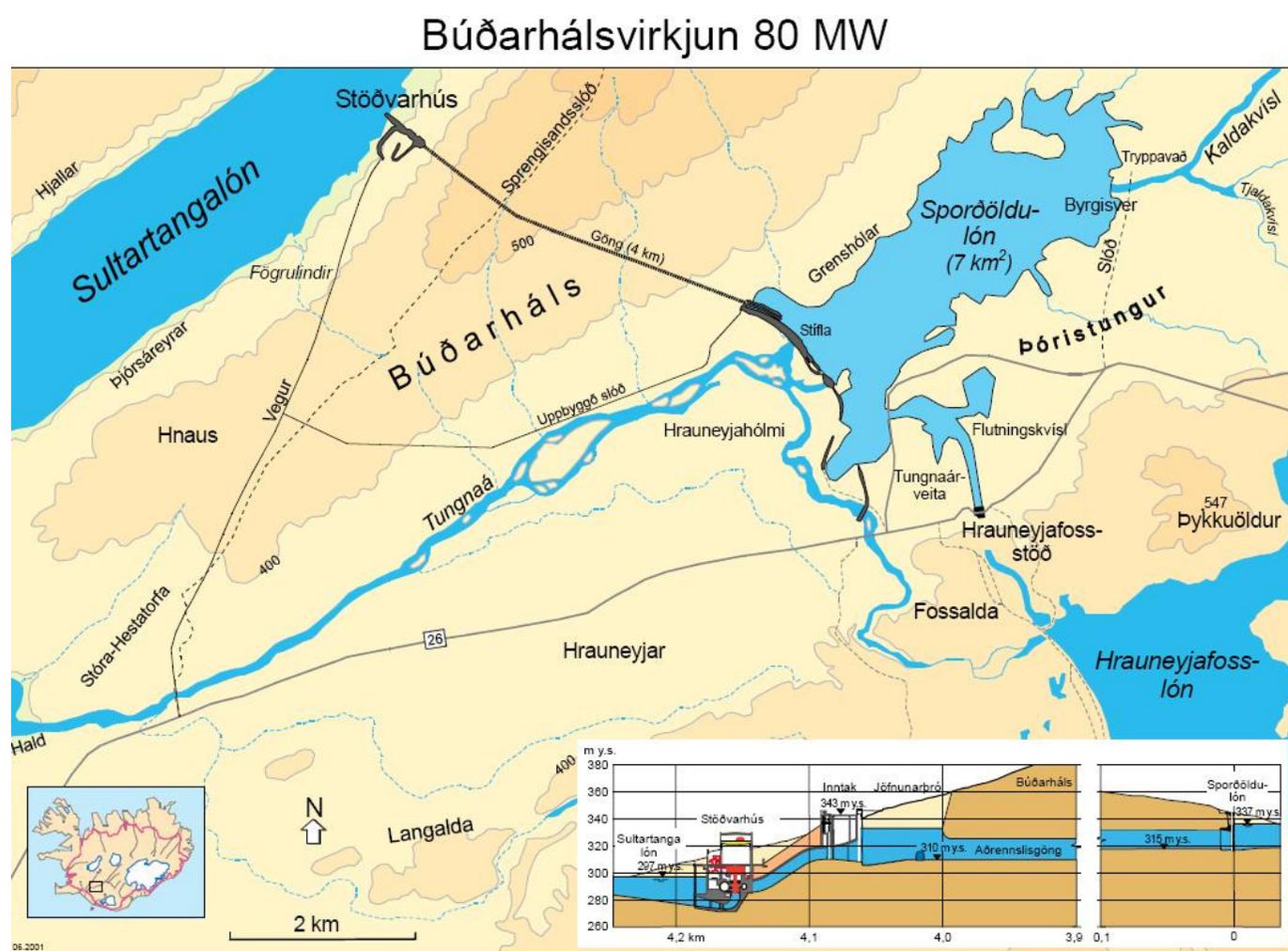


Figure 2-1. [Landsvirkjun, 2009]

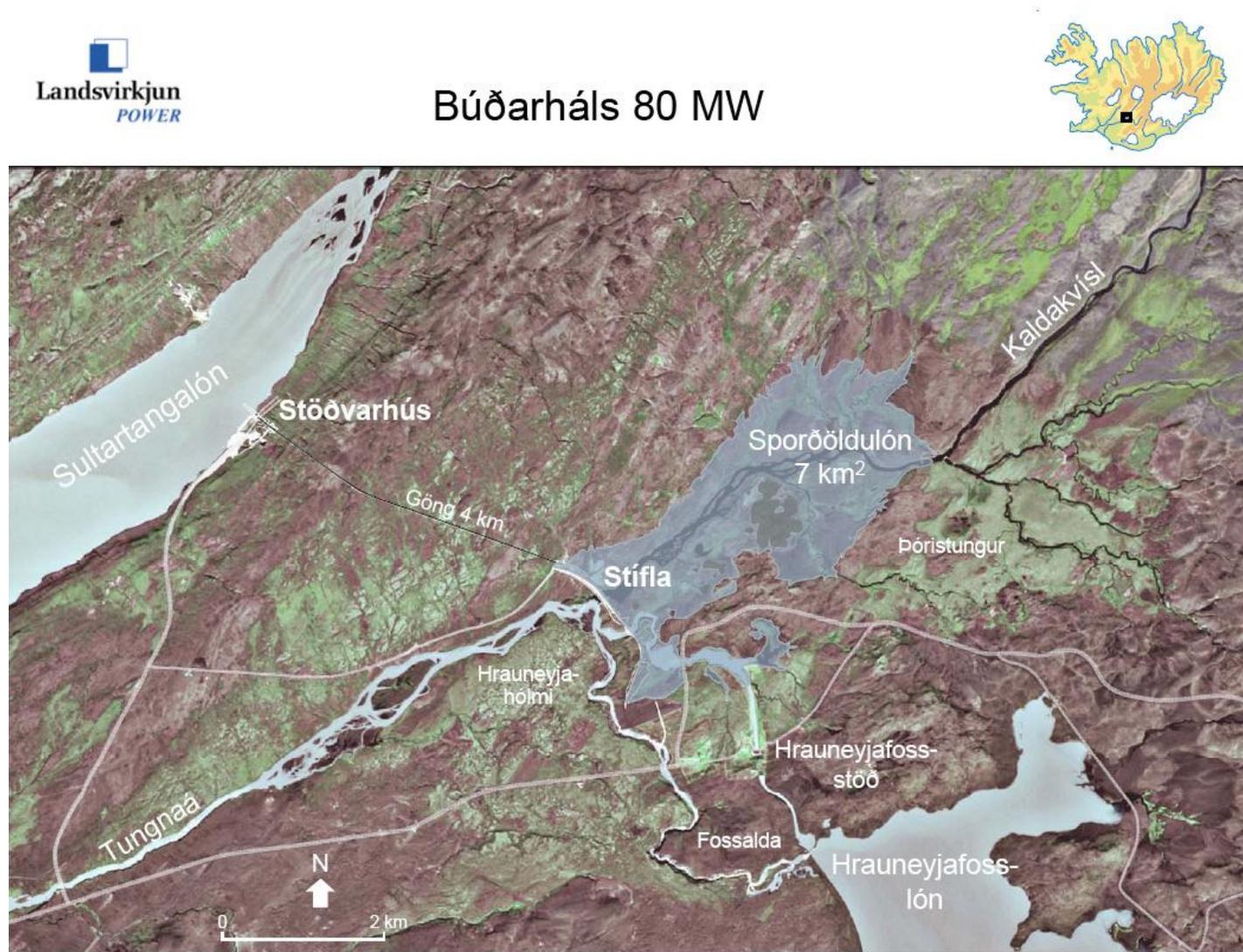


Figure 2-2. [Landsvirkjun, 2009]

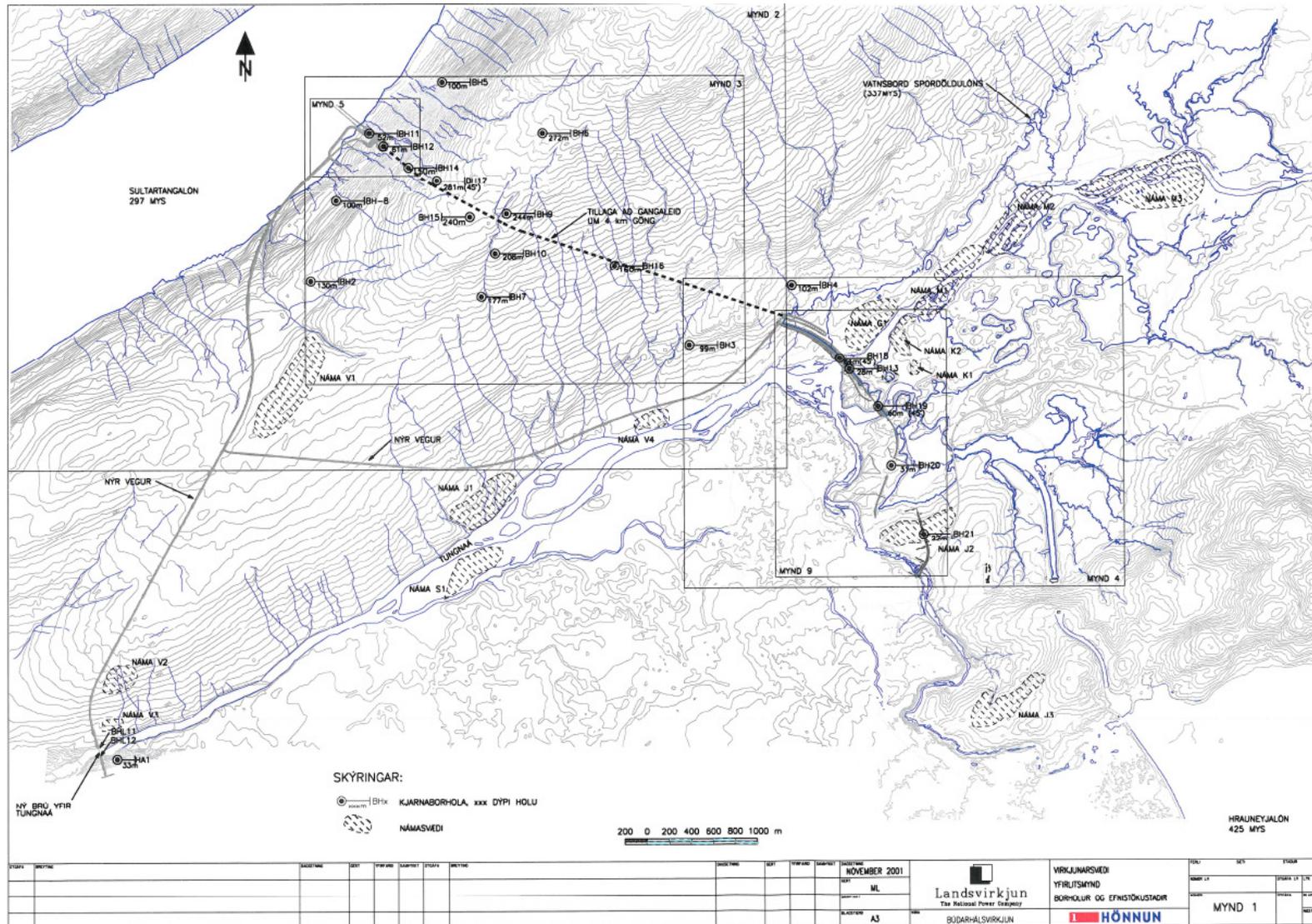


Figure 2-3. Búðarháls project area, overview with boreholes [Hönnun, 2001].

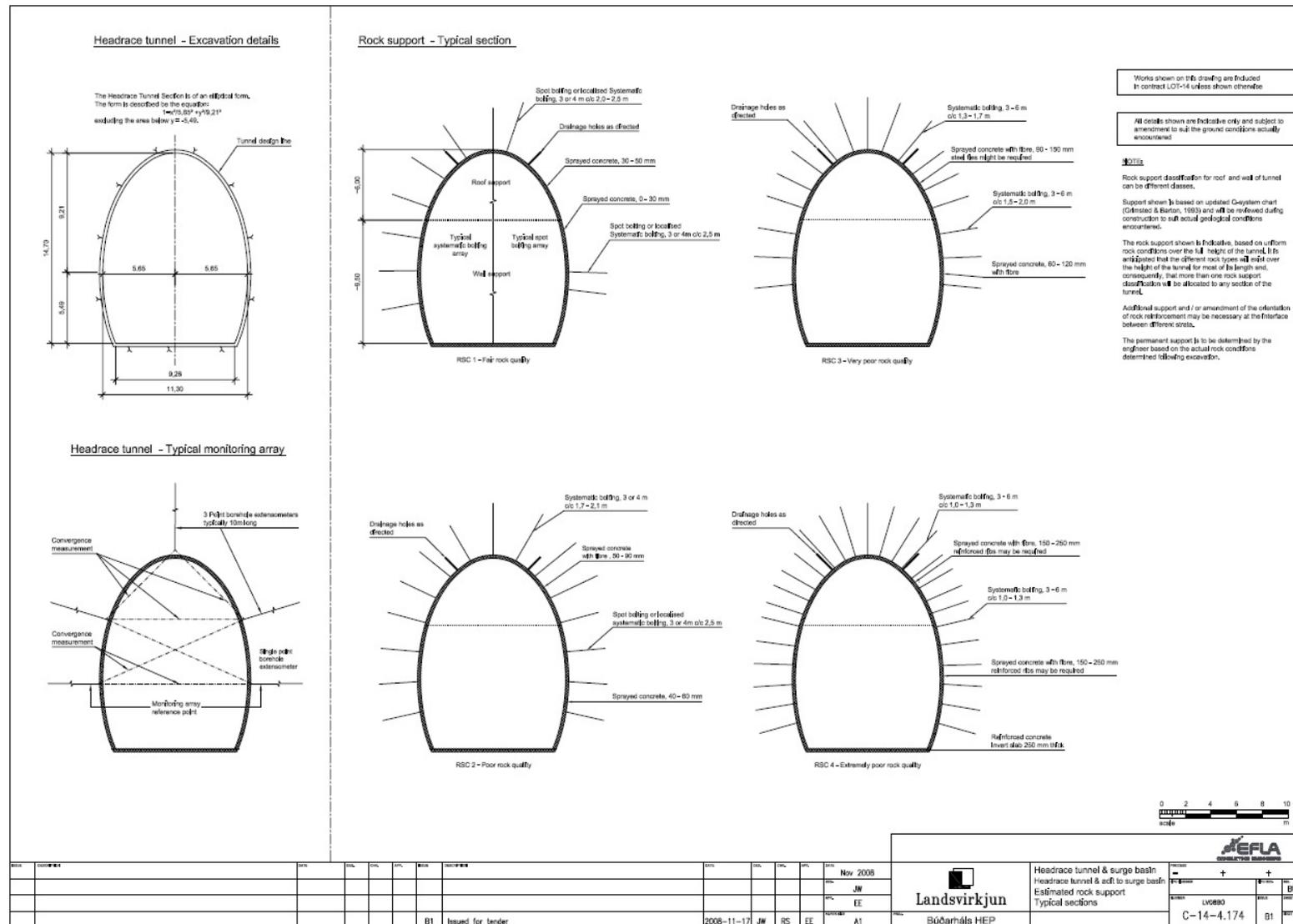


Figure 2-8. Headrace tunnel – Designed rock support classes for Búðarháls headrace tunnel [Contract documents BUD-01-Draft, 2009].

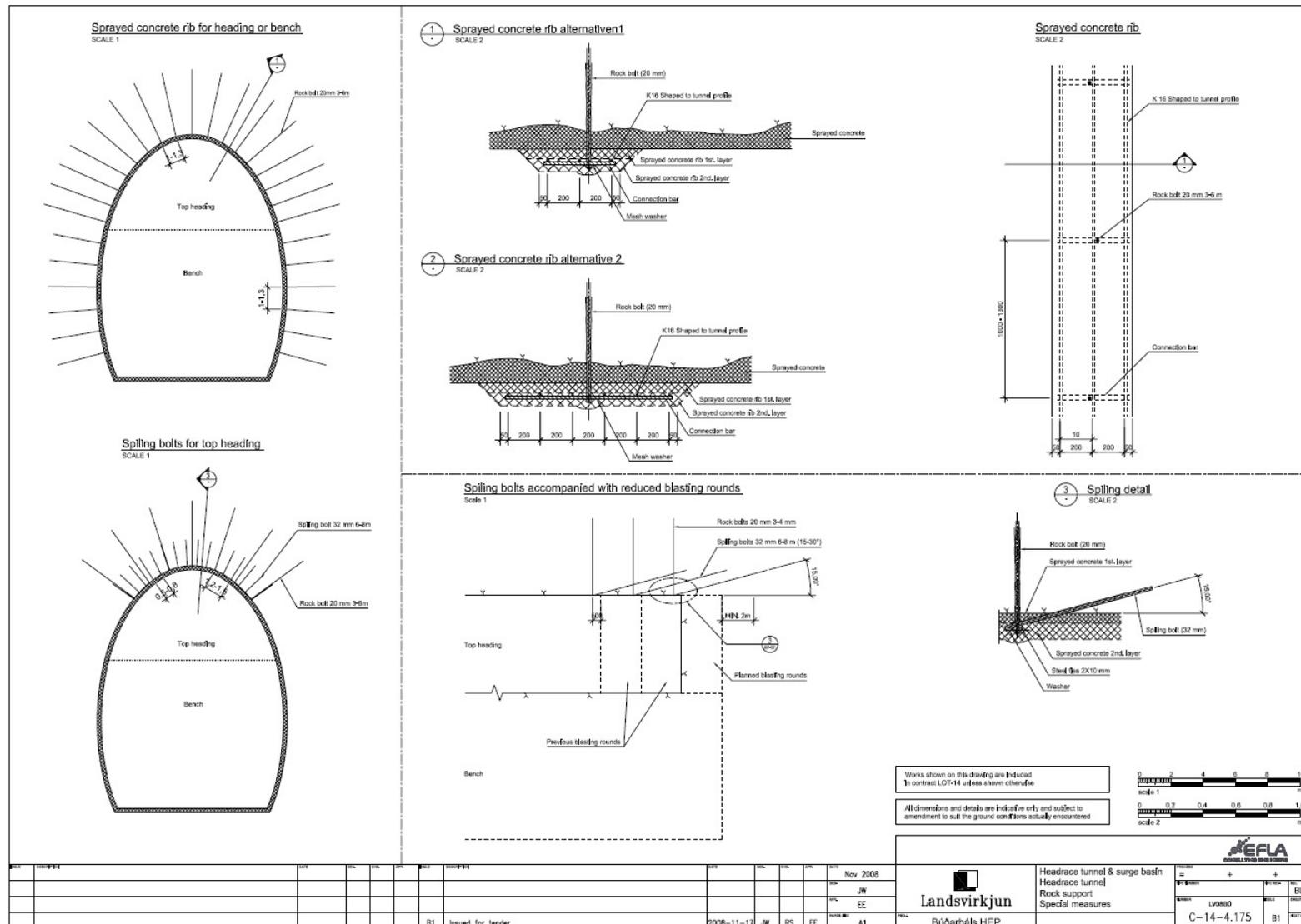


Figure 2-9. Headrace tunnel – Designed rock support classes for Búðarháls headrace tunnel [Contract documents BUD-01-Draft, 2009].

3. Appendix – Previous test results and core logs

This appendix contains results from previous investigation done in Búðarháls. Rock quality evaluation, Point load tests from Hönnun 2001 and additional test results from 2002. Also core logs from boreholes used in the investigation are presented here.

- ❖ Rock Mass Classification and Point Load test results at Búðarháls.
- ❖ Uniaxial Compression test results from Búðarháls 2002.
- ❖ Core logs –from boreholes BH-9, BH-11, BH -12, BH-15 and BH-16.

ROCK MASS CLASSIFICATION AND POINT LOAD TEST RESULTS AT BÚÐARHÁLS

Borhola nr: BH-9

Dýpi (m)	Berggerð	Q-gildi	RQD							Point load prófanir (MPa)			Anisotropy Stuðull f_A	Reiknaður einása styrkur (= $K_{50} * I_{50}$)			Slake-Durability (ein umferð)	
			RQD	J_n	J_r	J_a	J_w	SRF	$I_{50 \perp}$	$I_{50 \parallel}$	$I_{50 meðal}$	K_{50}		σ_{\perp}	σ_{\parallel}			
93,4 - 100,7	Sandsteinn/Siltsteinn	2,5 - 3,3	90%	9	1,0	3,0 - 4,0	1,0	1,0										
98,4 - 98,9	Sandst.völub. með stórum vólum. Skolvatn við SD prófun verður ljósgrátt en gegnsætt.										2,4	2,6	2,5	1,1	14	33	36	98,8%
100,7 - 104,9	Basalt	4,0 - 6,0	90%	9 - 12	2,0	4,0	1,0	1,0										
104,9 - 107,2	Sandsteinsvöluberg	2,1 - 2,8	75%	9	1,0	3,0 - 4,0	1,0	1,0	Skolvatn verður gráskýjað við SD prófun.									
105,1 - 105,4	Aðalega sandsteinn í grunn. Greinilegir leirfylltir ummyndunarrestir í smáum mælikvarða.										2,2	2,0	2,1	0,9	14	31	27	97,2%
107,2 - 109,0	Kargi	6,3	90%	9	2,5	4,0	1,0	1,0										
109,0 - 113,0	Basalt	4,2	100%	12	2,0	4,0	1,0	1,0										
113,0 - 113,5	Kargi	4,0	80%	15	3,0	4,0	1,0	1,0										
113,5 - 114,2	Rautt millilag	4,7	85%	9	2,0	4,0	1,0	1,0										
114,2 - 115,4	Kargi	4,5	90%	15	3,0	4,0	1,0	1,0										
115,4 - 128,0	Basalt	5,0	90%	12	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0										
128,0 - 129,8	Kargi	6,0	90%	15	3,0	3,0	1,0	1,0										
129,8 - 132,6	Sandsteinsvöluberg	4,5 - 6,0	80%	9	2,0	3,0 - 4,0	1,0	1,0										
131,8 - 132,0											0,9				14	13		
132,6 - 140,6	Basalt	5,3 - 7	95%	9 - 12	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0										
138,4 - 138,6											7,4				20	148		
140,6 - 142,4	Kargi	6,3	95%	15	3,0	3,0	1,0	1,0										
142,4 - 143,5	Basalt	8,0	90%	9	2,0	2,5	1,0	1,0										
143,5 - 144,0	Rautt millilag	1,7	40%	9	1,5	4,0	1,0	1,0										
143,6 - 143,7											0,7	0,7	0,7	1,0	14	9	10	
144,3 - 146,4	Kargi	4,7	85%	15	2,5	3,0	1,0	1,0										
146,4 - 153,1	Basalt	2,5	90%	12	1,0	3,0	1,0	1,0										
153,1 - 155,6	Kargi	0,4	23%	15	1,0	4,0	1,0	1,0										
155,6 - 156,5	Basalt	1,5	90%	15	1,0	4,0	1,0	1,0										
156,5 - 164,0	Völuberg	5,6	100%	9	1,5	3,0	1,0	1,0										
160,5 - 160,8												2,6			14			
165,3 - 165,6	Aðalega sandsteinn í grunn. Skolvatn verður gráskýjað við SD prófun.										2,7	3,3	3,0	1,2	14	37	46	97,8%
164,0 - 176,0	Siltsteinslinsur	2,2	100%	9	1,5	3,0	1,0	2,5										
176,0 - 177,4	Völuberg	5,6	100%	9	1,5	3,0	1,0	1,0										
177,4 - 180,7	Kargi	2,0	60%	15	2,0	4,0	1,0	1,0										

Borhola nr: **BH-9**

Dýpi (m)	Berggerð	Q-gildi	Rock Mass Classification						Point load prófanir (MPa)			Anisotropy Stuðull f_A	Reiknaður einása styrkur (= $K_{50} * I_{50}$)			Slake-Durability (ein umferð)	
			RQD	J_n	J_r	J_a	J_w	SRF	$I_{50\perp}$	$I_{50\parallel}$	$I_{50meðal}$		K_{50}	σ_{\perp}	σ_{\parallel}		
178,6 - 178,9	Sundurlaus og morkinn kargi með einum heilum bita									2,6	2,8	2,7	1,1	14	36	39	
180,7 - 187,9	Basalt	4,2 - 5,0	60%	9	3,0 - 2,5	4,0	1,0	1,0									
187,4 - 187,6	Sterklegt smáhornótt basalt og lítill leir sjáanlegur.								7,0	7,1	7,0	1,0	20	140	142		
187,9 - 192,6	Kargi	2,2	40%	9	2,0	4,0	1,0	1,0									
192,6 - 199,5	Basalt	5,0	90%	9	2,0	4,0	1,0	1,0									
199,5 - 202,4	Kargi	0,8	20%	12	2,0	4,0	1,0	1,0									
200,3 - 200,6	Mjög morkinn og ummyndaður, mestur hluti kjarna molnar í sundur án nokkurs viðnáms.										0,5		14				
202,4 - 208,7	Basalt	2,4 - 4,7	85%	9	2,0	4,0 - 8,0	1,0	1,0									
204,6 - 205,0	Nokkuð heillegt og ummyndað basalt með þenjanlegum leir á sprunguflötum.								2,7	2,4	2,5	0,9	14	38	33		
208,7 - 209,9	Kargi	2,1	50%	12	2,0	4,0	1,0	1,0									
209,5 - 209,6	Morkinn og ummyndaður kargi.										1,7		14				
209,9 - 212,4	Basalt	2,1 - 4,2	75%	9	2,0	4,0 - 8,0	1,0	1,0									
212,4 - 213,5	Kargi	1,7	40%	12	2,0	4,0	1,0	1,0									
213,5 - 217,9	Basalt	2,4 - 4,7	85%	9	2,0	4,0 - 8,0	1,0	1,0									
217,9 - 218,4	Kargi	0,3	5%	15	3,0	4,0	1,0	1,0									
218,4 - 222,0	Basalt	5,6 - 7	80%	9	2,5	3,0 - 4,0	1,0	1,0									
220,3 - 220,6	Bæði heillegt og sterklegt berg.								4,1	4,0	4,0	1,0	16	65	56		
222,0 - 222,8	Kargi	3,1	50%	12	3,0	4,0	1,0	1,0									
222,4 - 222,6									2,4	2,3	2,3	1,0	14	34	32		
222,8 - 226,0	Basalt	6	70%	9	3,0	4,0	1,0	1,0									
226,0 - 227,0	Kargi	0,1	5%	15	1,0	4,0	1,0	1,0									
227,0 - 240,0	Basalt	3,3 - 4,4	60%	9	2,0	3,0 - 4,0	1,0	1,0									
240,0 - 241,4	Kargi	3,3	30%	9	3,0	3,0	1,0	1,0									
241,4 - 243,6	Völuberg	1,1	40%	9	1,0	4,0	1,0	1,0									
243,0 - 243,4	Aðallega siltsteinn. Skolvatn dökkbrúnt að lit, þykkt lag af bergmýlsnu í botni.								0,5	0,5	0,5	1,1	14	7	7	52,5%	

Önnur umferð => 25%

Rock Mass Classification, Point Load and Slaking Durability tests. The Point Load is achieved using an average of 10 samples which are both tested perpendicular and parallel to the core. The point load tests are converted to Uniaxial Compression strength according to Norsk Bergmekanikk Gruppe (NBG 200). The multiplication factor K is higher as the rock gets stronger.

Borhola nr: **BH-10**

Dýpi (m)	Berggerð	-gildi							Point load prófanir (MPa)			Anisotropy Stuðull	Reiknaður einása styrkur (= $K_{50} * I_{50}$)			Slake- Durability (ein umferð)		
			RQD	J_n	J_r	J_a	J_w	SRF	$I_{50\perp}$	$I_{50\parallel}$	$I_{50meðal}$	f_A	K_{50}	σ_{\perp}	σ_{\parallel}			
73,8 - 84,9	Völuberg	2,5 - 3,8	45%	9	1,5	2,0 - 3,0	1,0	1,0										
80,4 - 80,7									0,9	0,9	0,9	1,0	14	13	13			
84,9 - 86,5	Kargi	2,7	40%	15	3,0	3,0	1,0	1,0										
86,5 - 91,6	Basalt	1,9 - 2,9	35%	12	3,0 - 2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0										
91,6 - 92,8	Kargi	2,0	30%	15	3,0	3,0	1,0	1,0										
92,8 - 95,6	Völuberg	2,5 - 4,4	60%	9	1,5 - 2,0	3,0 - 4,0	1,0	1,0										
94,7 - 94,9	Völuberg með sand og silt í grunn. Skolvatn dökkbrúnt, skitugt og ógegnsætt.										0,9		14	13	0	98,0%		
95,6 - 96,0	Kargi	6,7	100%	15	3,0	3,0	1,0	1,0										
96,0 - 102,2	Basalt	3,0	45%	12	2,0	2,5	1,0	1,0										
102,2 - 105,3	Kargi	2,7 - 3,3	40%	12 - 15	3,0	3,0	1,0	1,0										
105,3 - 107,1	Basalt	2,8	50%	12	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0										
107,1 - 107,7	Völuberg	2,7	65%	9	1,5	4,0	1,0	1,0										
107,4 - 107,4	Grófsandsteinsvöluberg. Sundurlaus mulningur og brotnar auðveldlega niður við SD prófun.										0,2		14	3		65,1%		
107,7 - 110,0	Basalt	1,7 - 2,8	25%	9 - 12	2,0	2,0 - 2,5	1,0	1,0										
110,0 - 111,1	Kargi	1,4	25%	12	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0										
111,1 - 115,2	Völuberg	3,1 - 4,1	55%	9	2,0	3,0 - 4,0	1,0	1,0										
111,8 - 112,1	Sandsteinn í grunn. Vatnið litast dökk grátt og er ógegnsætt. Bergmýlsna í botni kassa.										2,0		14	28		95,1%	93,6%	
115,2 - 121,6	Basalt	2,8	40%	12	2,5	3,0	1,0	1,0										
121,6 - 123,6	Basalt	1,1	40%	12	2,5	3,0	1,0	2,5										
123,6 - 127,3	Basalt	2,8	40%	12	2,5	3,0	1,0	1,0										
127,3 - 131,0	Kargi	3,8	55%	12	2,5	3,0	1,0	1,0										
131,0 - 131,8	Basalt	5,6	50%	9	2,5	2,5	1,0	1,0										
131,8 - 132,0	Kargi	13,3	100%	9	3,0	2,5	1,0	1,0										
132,0 - 132,5	Basalt	13,2	95%	9	2,5	2,0	1,0	1,0										
132,5 - 135,2	Kargi	11,7	70%	9	3,0	2,0	1,0	1,0										
135,2 - 143,0	Dilabasalt	3,3 - 4,4	60%	9 - 12	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0										
143,0 - 158,2	Völuberg	6,7	80%	9	1,5	2,0	1,0	1,0										
147,1 - 147,3	Sandsteinn í grunn. Vatnið litast dökk grátt og er ógegnsætt við SD prófun.									2,4	2,3	2,4	1,0	14	34	33	94,8%	92,8%
158,2 - 159,2	Leirlinsur	2,7	80%	9	1,5	2,0	1,0	2,5										

Borhola nr: **BH-10**

Dýpi (m)	Berggerð	-gildi							Point load prófanir (MPa)			Anisotropy Stuðull	Reiknaður einásá styrkur (= $K_{50} * I_{50}$)			Slake-Durability (ein umferð)
			RQD	J_n	J_r	J_a	J_w	SRF	$I_{50\perp}$	$I_{50\parallel}$	$I_{50meðal}$	f_A	K_{50}	σ_{\perp}	σ_{\parallel}	
159,2 - 165,7	Völuberg	6,7	80%	9	1,5	2,0	1,0	1,0								
165,7 - 172,0	Basalt	6,6 - 9,5	95%	12	3,0 - 2,5	2,5 - 3,0	1,0	1,0								
172,0 - 173,0	Kargi	2,6 - 3,8	95%	12	3,0 - 2,5	2,5 - 3,0	1,0	2,5								
	Með siltsteinslinsu (15 cm)															
173,0 - 179,6	Basalt	7,9 - 9,5	95%	12	3,0	2,5 - 3,0	1,0	1,0								
179,6 - 200,3	Völuberg	5,3	95%	9	1,5	3,0	1,0	1,0								
184,9 - 185,3	Hátt hlutfall siltsteins í sandsteinsvölubergi. Dökkbrúnt skýjað vatn, ógegnsett.								2,0	1,7	1,8	0,9	14	27	24	99,3%
196,2 - 196,5	Við SD próf verður skolvatn mórautt.								0,7	0,6	0,6	0,8	14	10	8	97,8%
200,3 - 201,3	Leirlinsur	2,1	95%	9	1,5	3,0	1,0	2,5								
201,3 - 206,2	Basalt	11,1 - 13,9	100%	9	2,5	2,0 - 2,5	1,0	1,0								
206,2 - 206,9	Kargi	13,3	100%	12	4,0	2,5	1,0	1,0								
206,9 - 207,6	Basalt	13,2	95%	9	2,5	2,0	1,0	1,0								

Borhola nr: **BH-11**

Dýpi (m)	Berggerð	Q-gildi	RQD						Point load prófanir (MPa)			Anisotropy Stuðull f_A	Reiknaður einása styrkur (= $K_{50} * I_{50}$)			Slake-Durability (ein umferð)
			RQD	J_n	J_r	J_a	J_w	SRF	$I_{50\perp}$	$I_{50\parallel}$	$I_{50meðal}$		K_{50}	σ_{\perp}	σ_{\parallel}	
2,8 - 6,1	Líparít	0,3	5%	15	1,5	2,0	1,0	1,0								
8,8 - 13,9	Líparít	5,4	65%	12	2,0	2,0	1,0	1,0								
13,9 - 23,0	Líparít	3,3	60%	12	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0								
16,2 - 16,4										5,4		16	86,4			
23,0 - 30,7	Líparít	3,9 - 5,8	70%	12	2,0	2,0 - 3,0	1,0	1,0								
30,7 - 39,7	Líparít	3,6 - 5,4	65%	12	2,0	2,0 - 3,0	1,0	1,0		1,3		14	18,2			
36,8 - 37,1																
39,7 - 51,6	Líparít	3,3 - 5,0	60%	12	2,0	2,0 - 3,0	1,0	1,0								
51,1 - 51,3										1,9		14	26,6			

Borhola nr: **BH-12**

Dýpi (m)	Berggerð	Q-gildi	RQD						Point load prófanir (MPa)			Anisotropy Stuðull f_A	Reiknaður einása styrkur (= $K_{50} * I_{50}$)			Slake-Durability (ein umferð)
			RQD	J_n	J_r	J_a	J_w	SRF	$I_{50\perp}$	$I_{50\parallel}$	$I_{50meðal}$		K_{50}	σ_{\perp}	σ_{\parallel}	
6,0 - 10,6	Basalt	9,4	85%	9	3,0 - 2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0								
10,6 - 20,0	Völuberg	5,6	75%	9	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0								
11,8 - 12,0	Mórautt skolvatn									1,5		14	21			96,2%
20,0 - 21,0	Basalt irnskot	4,0 - 5,0	60%	12 - 15	2,5	2,5	1,0	1,0		Mjög brotið berg.						
21,0 - 24,3	Sandsteinsvöluberg	0,4 - 0,6	5%	9	2,0	2,0 - 3,0	1,0	1,0								
21,7 - 21,8	Tiltölulega hreint skolvatn.									0,8		14	11,2			96,7%
24,3 - 30,7	Líparít	0,3 - 0,4	10%	15 - 20	2,0 - 1,5	3,0	1,0	1,0		Mjög brotið berg.						
30,7 - 34,0	Líparít	0,7 - 0,7	15%	15	2,0 - 1,5	3,0 - 3,0	1,0	1,0		Bergið verður heillegra.						
41,5 - 41,8	Dulkorna líparít, mjög laust í sér. Vatnið verður hvítt og ógegnsett við SD prófun.									0,7 0,6 0,7	1,0	14	9,4	9		95,3%
34,0 - 60,4	Líparít	2,7 - 3,6	80%	15	2,0 - 1,5	3,0	1,0	1,0		Enn minna brotið en ofar.						
60,0 - 60,3										0,8		14	11,2			

Borhola nr: **BH-13**

Dýpi (m)	Berggerð	Q-gildi	RQD						Point load prófanir (MPa)			Anisotropy Stuðull f_A	Reiknaður einása styrkur (= $K_{50} * I_{50}$)			Slake-Durability (ein umferð)
			RQD	J_n	J_r	J_a	J_w	SRF	$I_{50\perp}$	$I_{50\parallel}$	$I_{50meðal}$		K_{50}	σ_{\perp}	σ_{\parallel}	
3,0 - 9,6	Basalt	4,7 - 6,2	70%	9 - 12	2,0	2,5	1,0	1,0								
9,6 - 11,2	Basalt	8,4	95%	9	2,0	2,5	1,0	1,0								
11,2 - 13,2	Basalt	3,6	40%	9	2,0	2,5	1,0	1,0								
13,4 - 27,7	Basalt-Dilabasalt	10	90%	9	2,0	2,0	1,0	1,0								

Borhola nr: **BH-14**

Dýpi (m)	Berggerð	Q-gildi								Point load I ₅₀ (MPa)	Reiknað = K ₅₀ * I ₅₀ K ₅₀ σ	Einásá- brothöl UCS	Slake- Durability INDEX (I _{d2})
			RQD	J _a	J _r	J _n	J _w	SRF					
2,5 - 17,5	Basalt	5 - 7	100%	10	1,5 - 2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0					
17,5 - 17,8	Sand/siltsteinn		100%										
17,8 - 19,0	Basalt	10	100%	10	3,0	3,0	1,0	1,0					
19,0 - 22,1	Basalt	6	95%	10	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0					
22,1 - 22,6	Kargi	5	55%	12	3,0	3,0	1,0	1,0					
22,6 - 22,9	Sand/siltsteinn	2	45%	9	1,0	3,0	1,0	1,0					
22,9 - 24,8	Völuberg	7	95%	9	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0					
24,8 - 25,4	Kargi	7	100%	9	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0					
25,4 - 26,1	Basalt	6	80%	12	2,5	3,0	1,0	1,0					
26,1 - 28,2	Basalt	3	60%	12	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0					
28,2 - 29,0	Sandsteinsvöluberg	6	75%	9	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0					
29,0 - 30,0	Basalt	4	85%	12	2,0	4,0	1,0	1,0					
30,0 - 30,7	Kargi	5 - 6	90%	12	2,5	3,0 - 4,0	1,0	1,0					
30,7 - 33,7	Basalt	5	90%	12	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0					
33,7 - 33,9	Setfyllt sprunga		5%										
33,9 - 41,8	Basalt	6	85%	10	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0					
41,8 - 42,4	Kargi	8	65%	12	3,0	2,0	1,0	1,0					
42,4 - 43,2	Sandsteinn	5	90%	9	1,5	3,0	1,0	1,0					
43,2 - 43,9	Völuberg	7	90%	9	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0					
43,9 - 44,6	Kargi	6	55%	10	3,0	3,0	1,0	1,0					
44,6 - 44,7	Sand/siltsteinn		85%										
44,7 - 46,7	Kargi	2	60%	10	1,0	4,0	1,0	1,0					
46,7 - 49,4	Basalt	6	95%	10	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0					
49,4 - 49,5	Sand/siltsteinn		5%										
49,5 - 56,4	Basalt	3 - 9	85%	10	1,5 - 3,0	3,0 - 4,0	1,0	1,0					
56,4 - 56,5	Kargi		100%				1,0	1,0					
56,5 - 57,1	Rautt millilag	6	55%	12	4,0	3,0	1,0	1,0					
57,1 - 59,8	Kargi	8	85%	15	4,0	3,0	1,0	1,0					
59,8 - 61,0	Basalt	1	50%	12	1,0	4,0	1,0	1,0					
61,0 - 63,5	Basalt	4	80%	10	1,5	3,0	1,0	1,0					

Borhola nr: **BH-14**

Dýpi (m)	Berggerð	Q-gildi								Point load I ₅₀ (MPa)	Reiknað σ = K ₅₀ * I ₅₀		Einásabrotþol UCS	Slake-Durability INDEX (I _{d2})
			RQD	J _n	J _r	J _a	J _w	SRF	K ₅₀		σ			
63,5 - 66,5	Basalt	5	75%	10	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
66,5 - 67,5	Basalt	6 - 10	95%	10	2,0 - 3,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
67,5 - 68,0	Kargi	7	100%	10	2,0 -	3,0	1,0	1,0						
68,0 - 73,0	Basalt	7	95%	9	2,0 -	3,0	1,0	1,0						
73,0 - 77,0		3	50%	12	2,5 -	3,0	1,0	1,0						
77,0 - 79,1		1,0 - 1,3	40%	12 - 15	1,5 -	4,0	1,0	1,0						
79,1 - 79,3	Sandsteinn		50%											
79,3 - 80,1	Basalt	11	100%	9	2,0	2,0	1,0	1,0						
80,1 - 81,0	Völuberg	6	75%	9	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
81,0 - 81,4	Basalt	7	100%	9	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
81,4 - 81,5	Völuberg		5%											
81,5 - 87,9	Basalt	5	95%	12	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
87,9 - 89,9	Sandsteinn (m. siltst. og vólum)	5	95%	9	1,5	3,0	1,0	1,0						
89,9 - 90,2	Sandsteinn	2	95%	9	1,5	3,0	1,0	2,5						
90,2 - 91,6	Sandsteinn	1,2	80%	9	1,0	3,0	1,0	2,5						
91,6 - 92,6	Sandsteinsvöluberg	3	90%	9	2,0	3,0	1,0	2,5						
92,55-93,20 siltlinsa í völubergi, veikari en völuberg										0,9	14	13		
93,2 - 96,8	Sandsteinsvöluberg	3 - 7	90%	9	1,0 2,0	3,0 - 4,0	1,0	1,0						
	Vel samlímt								3,4	14	48			
96,8 - 102,0	Siltsteinsvöluberg	7	100%	9	2,0	3,0 -	1,0	1,0						
	100,09-100,61 vel samlímt								1,8	14	25			
	101,62-102,03 Vel samlímt								2,2	14	31			
102,0 - 108,3	Basalt (Ólivinbasalt)	5 - 8	80%	10	2,0	2,0 - 3,0	1,0	1,0						
108,3 - 110,3	Basalt (Ólivinbasalt)	5	85%	12	2,0	3,0 -	1,0	1,0						
110,3 - 110,7	Kargi	0,5	70%	15	1,0	4,0 -	1,0	2,5						
110,7 - 112,6	Basalt (Ólivinbasalt)	8	95%	12	3,0	3,0 -	1,0	1,0						
112,6 - 114,0	Sandsteinsvöluberg	6	85%	9	2,0	3,0 -	1,0	1,0						
	113,20-113,76 Vel samlímt								1,9	14	27		95,0%	
114,0 - 114,5	Völuberg	3	40%	9	2,0	3,0 -	1,0	1,0						

Borhola nr: **BH-14**

Dýpi (m)	Berggerð	Q-gildi							Point load I ₅₀ (MPa)	Reiknað σ = K ₅₀ * I ₅₀		Einásabrotþol UCS	Slake-Durability INDEX (I _{d2})
			RQD	J _a	J _r	J _a	J _w	SRF		K ₅₀	σ		
114,5 - 118,6	Völuberg	6	80%	9	2,0	3,0 -	1,0	1,0	1,2	14	17	92,0%	
118,09-118,63													
118,6 - 118,9	Basalt (Ólivínbasalt)		75%										
118,9 - 119,0	Sandsteinn		100%										
119,0 - 120,5	Basalt (Ólivínbasalt)	4	60%	10	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0					
120,5 - 122,5	Basalt (Ólivínbasalt)	2 - 3	60%	12 - 15	2,0	3,0 - 4,0	1,0	1,0					
122,5 - 124,3	Basalt (Ólivínbasalt)	5	65%	12	3,0	3,0	1,0	1,0					
124,3 - 124,6	Sandsteinn		100%										
124,6 - 125,6	Basalt (Ólivínbasalt)	1	35%	12	1,0	4,0	1,0	1,0					
125,6 - 131,7	Basalt (Ólivínbasalt)	6 - 8	78%	9 - 10	2,0 - 3,0	3,0	1,0	1,0					
131,7 - 133,0	Sandsteinn	4	80%	9	1,5	3,0	1,0	1,0					
133,0 - 133,5	Sandsteinn (illa samlimdur)	0,1	5%	9	1,0	4,0	1,0	1,0					
133,5 - 137,1	Sandsteinn	3 - 7	90%	9	1,0 - 2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0	1,3	14	18	88,4% 93,9%	
135,27-135,60 136,0													
137,1 - 140,6	Basalt (Ólivínbasalt)	7 - 9	95%	9	2,5	3,0 - 4,0	1,0	1,0					
140,6 - 141,6	Kargi	7	85%	9	3,0	4,0	1,0	1,0					
141,6 - 144,9	Basalt (Ólivínbasalt)	9	80%	9	3,0	3,0	1,0	1,0					
144,9 - 147,6	Basalt (Ólivínbasalt, beltað)	7	90%	9	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0					
147,6 - 149,4	Sandsteinsvöluberg (Kornborið)	5	65%	9	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0					
149,4 - 150,5	Sandsteinsvöluberg (Grunnborið)	6	100%	9	1,5	3,0	1,0	1,0					

Borhola nr: **BH-15**

Dýpi (m)	Berggerð	Q-gildi								Point load I ₅₀ (MPa)	Reiknað σ = $K_{50} * I_{50}$		Einásabrotþol UCS	Slake-Durability INDEX (I _{d2})
			RQD	J _n	J _r	J _s	J _w	SRF	K ₅₀		σ			
87,2 - 97,9	Basalt	0,8 - 2	50%	12 - 15	1,5 - 2,0	3,0 - 4,0	0,66	1,0						
97,9 - 99,2	Sandsteinsvöluberg	3 - 4	55%	9 - 12	2,0	3,0		1,0	1,0					
99,2 - 106,8	Basalt (dílabasalt)	5	70%	12	2,5	3,0		1,0	1,0					
106,8 - 110,8	Sand- og siltsteinn	5	90%	9	1,5	3,0		1,0	1,0					
	108,4									1,7	14	24		
110,8 - 112,8	Basalt	3 - 4	55%	12	2,0 - 2,5	3,0		1,0	1,0					
112,8 - 113,2	Kargi	-	50%											
113,2 - 119,4	Basalt	7 - 11	85%	10	2,5	2,0 - 3,0		1,0	1,0					
119,4 - 123,7	Kargi	7	85%	12	3,0	3,0		1,0	1,0					
123,7 - 129,3	Basalt	3	60%	12	2,0	3,0		1,0	1,0					
129,3 - 133,2	Völuberg	6	85%	9	2,0	3,0		1,0	1,0	4,8	16	77		
	132,2													
133,2 - 135,1	Kargi	7	85%	12	3,0	3,0		1,0	1,0					
135,1 - 144,8	Basalt(dílabasalt)	4	60%	12	2,5	3,0		1,0	1,0					
144,8 - 146,6	Kargi	7	95%	12	2,5	3,0		1,0	1,0					
146,6 - 151,1	Basalt(dílabasalt)	5 - 7	85%	12	2,0	2,0 - 3,0		1,0	1,0					
151,1 - 153,2	Kargi	5	70%	12	2,5	3,0		1,0	1,0					
153,2 - 156,2	Basalt(dílabasalt)	9 - 11	85%	10 - 12	2,5	2,0		1,0	1,0					
156,2 - 171,8	Sandsteinsvöluberg	6	85%	9	2,0	3,0		1,0	1,0					
	166,94-167,45									2,3	14	32		
	171,44-171,66									3,4	16	54	97,1	
171,8 - 174,0	Kargi(Siltfylltur)	11	95%	9	3,0	3,0		1,0	1,0					
174,0 - 178,7	Sandsteinsvöluberg	6 - 7	100%	9	1,5 - 2,0	3,0		1,0	1,0					
178,7 - 185,8	Völuberg	5 - 6	85%	9	1,5 - 2,0	3,0		1,0	1,0					
	178,8 Vel samlímt									1,8	14	25		
	179,0 Ila saml., vantar finefnabindingu. Brotnar niður í SD-prófi og grunnmassi skolast alveg burt.									0,2	14	3	(82%)	
	179,2 Ila samlímt völuberg, vantar finefnabindingu.									0,7	14	10		
	182,0 Vel samlímt									4,8	16	77	97,5	
	181,1 Völuberg, grófsandsteinn í grunn									Í vinnslu á RB				
185,8 - 194,1	Sandsteinsvöluberg	4 - 5	90%	9	1,5 - 2,0	4,0		1,0	1,0					
	193,8 Vel samlímt									2,2	14	31	99%	

Borhola nr: **BH-15**

Dýpi (m)	Berggerð	Q-gildi		RQD						Point load I_{50} (MPa)	Reiknað σ $= K_{50} * I_{50}$		Einásabrotþol UCS	Slake-Durability INDEX (I_d2)
				RQD	J_n	J_r	J_s	J_w	SRF		K_{50}	σ		
194,1 - 196,7 197,8	Sand- og siltsteinn Veikur siltsteinn, allur míkroþrungin og molnar í sand við SD-próf. Vel samliamt	0,8 - 1,1	65%	12	1,5	3,0 - 4,0	1,0	2,5	0,2 2,3	14 14	2 32		33% 96%	
199,8 - 201,2 203,6 202,2	Sand- og siltsteinn Sandsteinn Vel samliamtur	0,3 - 0,4 3 - 5	25% 95%	9 9	1,0 1,0 - 1,5	3,0 - 4,0 3,0 - 4	1,0 1,0	2,5 1,0	2,5	14	35	62,6		
205,3 -	Vóluberg (ummyndað)	0,4	10%	15	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
206,4 -	Ólivínbasalt (ummyndað)	0,4 - 0,9	65%	12	1,0 - 2,0	4,0	0,33	1,0						
207,5 -	Ólivínbasalt (ummyndað)	0,1	20%	15	1,5	4,0	0,33	2,5						
210,3 -	Ólivínbasalt (ummyndað)	0,2 - 0,4	40%	12	1,5 - 2,0	4,0	0,33	2,5						
213,4 -	Ólivínbasalt (ummyndað)	1,0 - 1,3	70%	12	2,0	3,0 - 4,0	0,33	1,0						
218,5 -	Siltsteinn		5%											
219,3 -	Basalt(ummyndað)	0,02 - 0,03	20%	20	1,5 - 2,0	4,0	0,33	5,0						
221,6 -	Basalt(ummyndað)	2,2 - 2,9	70%	12	1,5	3,0 - 4,0	1,00	1,0						
224,4 -	Basalt (sterkl. ummyndað)	0,01 - 0,02	20%	15	0,5 - 1,0	4,0 - 8,0	0,33	5,0						
226,4 -	Basalt (sterkl. ummyndað)	0,01 - 0,04	40%	15	0,5 - 1,0	4,0 - 8,0	0,33	5,0						
227,2 -	Basalt (sterkl. ummyndað)	0,001 - 0,01	5%	15	0,5 - 1,0	4,0 - 8,0	0,33	5,0						
228,6 -	Basalt	0,6 -	50%	12	1,5	4,0	1	2,5						
230,6 -	Basalt (sterkl. ummyndað)		5%											
231,3 -	Rautt millilag		5%											
233,0 -	Basalt (sterkl. ummyndað)	0,2	50%	15	1,5	4,0	0,33	2,5						
235,4 -	Kargi (sterkl.ummyndaður)	0,001	10%	20	1,0	12,0	0,33	20,0						
236,5 -	Basalt	0,6	80%	12	2,0	3,0	0,33	2,5						
238,6 -	Kargi (sterkl.ummyndaður)	0,0003	5%	20	1,0	12,0	0,33	20,0						
239,4 -	Basalt	1,2	65%	12	2,0	3,0	0,33	1,0						
239,8 -	Holubotn													

Borhola nr: **BH-16**

Dýpi (m)	Berggerð	Q-gildi	Berggerð							Point load I ₅₀ (MPa)	Reiknað σ = K ₅₀ * I ₅₀		Einása- brothol UCS	Slake- Durability INDEX (I _{d2})
			RQD	J _n	J _r	J _a	J _w	SRF	K ₅₀		σ			
24,4 - 31,2	Bólstraberg og Kubbaberg	0,1	20%	15	1	8,0	0,66	1,0						
31,2 - 34,5	Sandsteinn		25%											
34,5 - 34,7	Kubbaberg	4 - 6	55%	15	2,0 - 3,0	2,0	1,0	1,0						
34,7 - 36,1	Kubbaberg	4 - 6	55%	15	2,0 - 3,0	2,0	1,0	1,0						
36,1 - 36,6	Sandsteinsvöluberg	6	85%	9	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
36,6 - 36,7	Sandsteinsvöluberg	7	95%	9	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
36,7 - 37,6	Sandsteinsvöluberg	6	80%	9	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
37,6 - 37,7	Sandsteinsvöluberg	6	80%	9	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
37,7 - 38,0	Sandsteinsvöluberg		5%											
38,0 - 39,2	Basalt	1,6 - 2,3	35%	15	2,0	2,0 - 3,0	1,0	1,0						
39,2 - 41,5	Basalt	3	60%	12	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
41,5 - 42,1	Setfylltur kargi	0,2 - 0,3	30%	12 - 15	1,0	4,0	1,0	2,5						
42,1 - 48,7	Basalt	9 - 13	80%	9	2,0 - 3,0	2,0	1,0	1,0						
48,7 - 49,3	Sandsteinn	0,1	5%	15	1,0	4,0	1,0	1,0						
49,3 - 50,0	Setfylltur kargi	5	60%	12	3,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
50,0 - 50,3	Sandsteinsvöluberg	5	65%	9	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
50,3 - 50,7	Sandsteinsvöluberg	7	90%	9	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
50,7 - 59,0	Basalt (dilabasalt)	7 - 10	90%	9	2,0	2,0 - 3,0	1,0	1,0						
59,0 - 63,7	Kargi	0,2	10%	15	1,0	4,0 -	1,0	1,0						
63,7 - 64,9	Basalt (dilabasalt)	1,3 - 2,0	20%	15	3,0	2,0 - 3,0	1,0	1,0						
64,9 - 69,0	Basalt	8 - 11	75%	10	3,0	2,0 - 3,0	1,0	1,0						
69,0 - 69,3	Setfylltur kargi		5%											
69,3 - 69,8	Basalt	0,3 - 1	5%	15	3,0	2,0 - 3,0	1,0	1,0						
69,8 - 69,9	Sandsteinn		75%											
69,9 - 70,4	Setfylltur kargi		65%											
70,4 - 70,6	Rautt millilag		80%											
70,6 - 73,3	Basalt (dilabasalt)	6	75%	12 -	3,0 -	3,0 -	1,0	1,0						
73,3 - 73,3	Sandsteinn		5%											
73,3 - 76,3	Setfylltur kargi	6	75%	12 -	3,0 -	3,0 -	1,0	1,0						
76,3 - 86,3	Basalt	4 - 5	65%	12 -	2,0 -	2,0 - 3,0	1,0	1,0						

Borhola nr: **BH-16**

Dýpi (m)	Berggerð	Q-gildi								Point load I ₅₀ (MPa)	Reiknað σ = K ₅₀ * I ₅₀		Einása- brotþol UCS	Slake- Durability INDEX (I _{d2})
			RQD	J _n	J _r	J _a	J _w	SRF	K ₅₀		σ			
86,3 - 87,4	Kargi	0,6 - 2,0	30%	12 - 15	1,0 - 4,0	4,0 -	1,0	1,0						
87,4 - 92,1	Völuberg	2	60%	9 -	2,0 -	3,0 -	1,0	2,5						
92,1 - 92,7	Basalt		60%											
92,7 - 93,3	Setfylltur kargi	3 - 5	95%	12 -	1,0 - 2,0	3,0 -	1,0	1,0						
93,3 - 93,9	Kargi	0,6 - 1,1	20%	12 -	1,0 - 2,0	3,0 -	1,0	1,0						
93,9 - 105,0	Basalt	4 - 5	65%	12 -	2,0 - 3,0	3,0 -	1,0	1,0	8,5	20	170	178,4		
102,0	óblöðrótt													
105,0 - 109,8	Völuberg	6 - 9	80%	9 -	2,0 -	2,0 - 3,0	1,0	1,0	2,3	14	32	29,8		
105,0	Vel samlimt													
107,0														
108,0	Vel samlimt								4,4	16	70			
109,8 - 116,9	Völuberg, illa samlimt	0,3	30%	12 - 15	1,0	3,0	1,0	2,5						
116,9 - 123,1	Basalt	6 - 9	70%	12	3,0	2,0 - 3,0	1,0	1,0						
123,1 - 126,6	Kargi	7	80%	12	3,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
126,6 - 133,7	Kargi	6	85%	9	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
133,7 - 138,5	Gangur	0,8	30%	12	3,0	3,0	0,3	1,0						
138,5 - 139,3	Kargi	7	85%	12	3,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
139,3 - 142,1	Sandsteinsvöluberg	6 - 7	100%	9	1,5 - 2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
142,1 - 143,5	Hnullungaberg	2	40%	12	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
143,5 - 145,5	Basalt	7 - 11	85%	12	3,0	2,0 - 3,0	1,0	1,0						
145,5 - 146,1	Sand-/siltsteinn		75%											
146,1 - 146,5	Basalt		75%											
146,5 - 147,0	Setfylltur kargi		70%											
147,0 - 147,6	Sandsteinn		20%											
147,6 - 150,6	Basalt	5	55%	12	3,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
150,6 - 150,7	Sandsteinn		5%											
150,7 - 160,7	Basalt	6	75%	12	3,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
160,7 -	Holubotn													

Borhola nr: **BH-17**

Dýpi (m)	Berggerð	Q-gildi								Point load I ₅₀ (MPa)	Reiknað σ = K ₅₀ * I ₅₀		Einásabrotþol UCS	Slake-Durability INDEX (I _{d2})
			RQD	J _n	J _r	J _a	J _w	SRF	K ₅₀		σ			
119,5 - 128,4	Basalt (dílabasalt)	6	85%	9	2 - 3	3	1	1						
128,4 - 129,4	mekanísk brot													
129,4 - 133,6		6	75%	9	2 - 3	3,0	1,00	1,0						
133,6 - 134,6	Sandsteinn	5 -	65%	9	2,0	3,0	1,00	1,0						
134,6 - 135,6	Kargi	4 - 5	90%	12	2,0	3,0 - 4,0	1,00	1,0						
135,6 - 141,5	Basalt (dílabasalt)	4 - 6	70%	12	2,0 - 3,0	3,0	1,00	1,0						
141,5 - 151,6		6 - 9	85%	9	2,0 - 3,0	3,0	1,00	1,0						
151,6 - 151,9	Kargi		50%											
151,9 - 153,5	Rautt millilag		0%											
153,5 - 153,9	Kargi		100%											
153,9 - 155,8		1,3	15%	12	3,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
155,8 - 161,3	Basalt	4	70%	12	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
161,3 - 163,8		2	40%	12	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
163,8 - 165,4		3	55%	12	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
165,4 - 167,6		5	95%	12	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
167,6 - 168,4	Völuberg	3	65%	15	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
168,4 - 171,5		4	55%	9	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
171,5 - 177,9		4	55%	9	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
177,9 - 178,8		2	25%	9	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
178,8 - 183,2	Kargi	8 - 10	60%	12	3,0 - 4,0	2,0	1,0	1,0						
183,2 - 185,9	Basalt (smástuðlað)	1,1	20%	12	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
186,9 - 189,6	Völuberg	6	85%	9	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
189,6 - 191,5	Sandsteinn	3 - 6	85%	9	1,0 - 2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
191,5 - 198,8	Völuberg	7	100%	9	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
198,0 - 198,0	Vel samlimt								2,6	14	36	48,2		
198,8 - 201,5	Basalt	2 - 3	95%	12	1,0 - 2,0	3,0 - 4,0	1,0	1,0						
201,5 - 207,2		1 - 2	70%	12	1,0 - 2,0	3,0 - 4,0	1,0	1,0						
207,2 - 208,3	Kargi		90%											
208,3 - 210,5	Sandsteinn	3	75%	9	1,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						

Borhola nr: **BH-17**

Dýpi (m)	Berggerð	Q-gildi								Point load I ₅₀ (MPa)	Reiknað σ = K ₅₀ * I ₅₀		Einása- brotþol UCS	Slake- Durability INDEX (I _{d2})
			RQD	J _n	J _r	J _a	J _w	SRF	K ₅₀		σ			
208,5	Vel samlímt									2,7	14	38		
208,5	Vel samlímdur												53,2	
210,5 - 213,5		2	55%	9	1,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
213,5 - 215,4		3	90%	9	1,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
215,4 - 221,2	Völuberg	3 - 6	85%	9	1,0 - 2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
221,2 - 221,5		0,2 - 0,4	5%	9	1,0 - 2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
221,5 - 225,2		3 - 6	80%	9	1,0 - 2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
222,5	Vel samlímt								1,8	14	25			
222,5													21,2	
225,2 - 229,9	Basalt (ólivín)	6	85%	9	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
229,9 - 238,2	Basalt (ólivín)	2	45%	12	1,5	3,0 - 4,0	1,0	1,0						
231,5	Blöðrótt og ummyndað								3,6	16	58			
231,5	Blöðrótt og ummyndað												28,2	
238,2 - 243,5		1,3	30%	12	1,5	3,0	1,0	1,0						
243,5 - 249,3	Sand- og siltsteinn	1,5	20%	9	2,0	3,0	1,0	1,0						
244,1	Vel samlímt								1,2	14,0	17			
244,1													53,0	
249,3 - 252,3	Basalt (ummyndað)	2 - 3	50%	12	2,0	3,0 - 4,0	1,0	1,0						
250,0	Vel samlímt								2,6	14,0	36			
255,5 - 261,5	Völuberg	3 - 4	75%	9	1,5	3,0 - 4,0	1,0	1,0						
261,5 - 264,5	Sand- og siltsteinn	6	100%	9	1,5	3,0	1,0	1,0						
264,5 - 267,8		4	80%	9	1,5	3,0	1,0	1,0						
267,8 - 270,5	Siltsteinn	0,5 - 0,7	65%	9 - 12	1,5	3,0	1,0	5,0						
270,5 - 273,5		0,6 - 0,8	70%	9 - 12	1,5	3,0	1,0	5,0						
- 272,3				-					0,6	14	8			
273,5 - 276,5		0,5 - 0,7	65%	9 - 12	1,5	3,0	1,0	5,0						
276,5 - 280,6		0,4 - 0,5	45%	9 - 12	1,5	3,0	1,0	5,0						

Búðarháls Hydroelectric Project													
Rock Cores - Laboratory Testing /15.04.02													
IBRI Project no. H01-1049													
IBRI No	Core Hole	Depth (m)	Description	Average UCS	Length (mm)	Diam. (mm)	L/D	UCS (MPa)	Youngs E-ax (GPa)	Youngs E-dia (GPa)	Poisson ratio	Density Ssd (kg/m ³)	Moisture (%)
				Average axial E-modulus									
1	BH-15	181,1	Conglomerate		100,01	44,56	2,24	26,44	34,29	95,81	0,36		
2				26,4	98,25	44,58	2,20						
3				34,3	99,86	44,37	2,25						
4	BH-15	202,2	Sandstone -massive		99,52	44,64	2,23	56,62	23,1	89,9	0,26	2.296	
5				60,6	100,14	44,67	2,24	74,49				2.208	19,2
6				23,1	99,25	44,66	2,22	50,73				2.203	18,9
7	BH-16	107,0	Conglomerate		100,14	44,66	2,24	39,81	30,4	95,9	0,32	2.461	
8				33,2	92,51	44,66	2,07	27,08				2.478	11,5
9				30,4	96,71	44,64	2,17	32,59				2.477	11,7
10	BH-17	198,0	Conglomerate - angular pebbles		100,20	44,64	2,24	47,13	87,1	133,0	0,66	2.287	
11				47,9	99,98	44,64	2,24	58,14				2.374	12,9
12				87,1	99,47	44,64	2,23	38,39				2.290	15,7
13	BH-17	208,5	Sandstone - coarse, layered		99,65	44,61	2,23	72,18	60,0	80,1	0,75	2.148	
14				61,8	99,78	44,60	2,24	59,97	29,4	68,2	0,43	2.131	
15				44,7	100,03	44,64	2,24	53,12				2.235	19,0
16	BH-17	222,5	Conglomerate		96,76	44,58	2,17	35,74	35,7	91,2	0,39	2.358	
17				29,1	98,78	44,56	2,22	30,38	45,3	93,9	0,48	2.327	
18				40,5	99,30	44,55	2,23	21,24				2.339	15,5
19	BH-17	231,5	Basalt - vesicular		99,33	44,64	2,23	35,42	61,7			2.515	
20				38,3	100,30	44,60	2,25	51,22	47,3	69,6	0,68	2.593	
21				54,5	99,41	44,66	2,23	28,18				2.488	11,6
22	BH-17	244,1	Sediments - altered		95,06	43,47	2,19	56,70	40,6	85,0	0,48	2.090	
23				54,3	99,35	43,04	2,31	53,25	35,6	99,0	0,36	2.017	
24				38,1	93,23	43,71	2,13	52,95				2.101	26,2
25	BH-16	102	Basalt		97,86	44,72	2,19	169,69	51,6	88,0	0,59	2.930	
26				175,5	98,64	44,72	2,21	161,45				2.923	1,2
27				51,6	98,60	44,76	2,20	195,29				2.931	1,1

Figure 3-1. [Steingrímsson, 2009]

BORHOLA NR.:		BORHOLUSNIÐ		1 HÖNNUN				
BH-9		KJARNABORUN		BLAD 1.. AF 3.. BLÖÐUM				
FRAMKVÆMD:	BÚÐARHÁLSVIRKJUN	BORSTADUR:	BÚÐARHÁLS, BOD M SSV VÍÐ BH-6					
MANNFRK:	ADRENNSLUSGÖNG	BORNI:	22. JÚLÍ, 2000	BORUN LYKUR:	24. JÚLÍ			
BORVERKTAKI:	RFS	VERKKAURI:	LANDSVIRKJUN					
BORSTJÓRI:	MAGNÚS GÍSLASON	UMSLÖN MED BORUN:	BJÖRN ÞÓR GUDMUNDSSON / MATTHÍAS LOFTSSON					
STADSETNING OG HED:	X: 565.186,81 Y: 414.789,23 Z: 514,03	GERÐ OG ÞVERMÁL BORRÖÐNU:	TRIPPEL TUBE DIAMOND BIT, 45 MM					
STEFNA BORUNAR:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LÖDRETT <input type="checkbox"/> HALLANDI GRADUR FRA LÖDRETTU	KJARNAKASSAR ALLS:	17					
FÖÐRING (LAUST YFIRBORÐ):	11 M	HED HÖLUTOPPS:	514,03 M Y.S.					
BORAD Í BERG:	232,6 M 150,2 M KJARNI	KJARNAHEIMTA ALLS:	146,9 M	98 %				
HEILDARDYPI HÖLU:	243,6 M	HED GRUNNVATNS:	502,8 M.Y.S. ÞANN 20.AGÚST 2001					
HED (M Y.S.)	DYPI (M)	TAKN	BORHOLULÝSING - GREINING	KJARNAHEIMTA (%)	SPRUNGUÞÉTTLEIKI (SPR/M)	RQD 10/30/50/100 $Q = \frac{RQD \times Jr \times Jw}{Jn \times Jd \times SRF}$	LEKT (LU) 10, 100 3, 30, 300	ATHUGASEMDIR
	90		Föðring = 11m Bálstraberg, bálstrabreksla og kúbbaberg niður á 93,4m dýpi. Kjarni ekki settur í kjarnakassa.					
	92							
	94		Siltsteinsvöluberg: Grár og brúnn siltastein. Talsvert af litlum frekar kúttum völlum en einnig finnast stórir völar. Fælnar leirsléur í neðra lagi.			90/75/65/0		
	96					$Q = \frac{90 \times 1 \times 1}{9 \times 3 - 4 \times 1}$		
	98		Sandsteina og siltsteinsleir.	100	3	$Q = 2,5 - 3$		Point load: $f_{550} = 2,5 \text{ MPa}$ Slake-durability, 98,8%
	100		Fínogskipt, gróf og fín siltlag.					
	102		Basalt (dílbasalt): Plagioklas dílitt (5-10%). Smábólubönd eru óberandi. Stærri blöðrur oft fylltar af silt og leir. Fælnar siltleir milli sprungufata.	89	7	90/25/5/0		
	104					$Q = \frac{90 \times 2 \times 1}{9 - 12 \times \frac{2}{4} \times 1}$		
	106		Sandsteinsvöluberg: Smær völar eftir. Stökka eftir því sem neðar kemur í lagið, allt upp í hnúlunga. Víða þunnar siltleir.	100	7	75/20/0/0		Point load: $f_{550} = 2,1 \text{ MPa}$ Slake-durability, 97,2%
	108		Kargi: Rauðgrár og blábráttur með fælnum siltsteinsleirum.	100	3	90/20/0/0		
	110		Basalt: Blábráttur en þéttur er neðar dregur. Siltfyllingar í flestum sprungum.	100	2	100/20/0/0		
	112					$Q = \frac{100 \times 2 \times 1}{12 \times 4 \times 1}$		
	114		Kargi: Sandsteinn. Rauðt millilag Kargi:	100	10	80/0/0/0	$Q = 4$	
	116		Basalt (dílbasalt): Smákömmt dílbasalt. Fáar stórar blöðrur, ofylltar. Víða ljósbrúnt silt í sprungum sem margar eru skástignar. Suma stórar leir í minni blöðrum.	100	3	85/0/0/0	$Q = 5$	
	118					90/40/35/0		
	120		Einataka blöðrubönd sem verða þéttari er neðar dregur í lagi.					
	122		Plagioklas dílar frá 10%.	98	3	90/70/30/10		
	124		Ávallir sprungufletir. Svört leirskeni víða á sprungufletum. Ummyndun við sprungu í 123 m.				$Q = \frac{90 \times 2 \times 1}{12 \times 3 \times 1}$	
	126							
	128							

BORHOLA NR.:		BORHOLUSNIÐ			1 HÖNNUN			
BH-9		KJARNABORUN			FRAMHALDSBLAD			
BLAD 2 AF 4 BLOÐUM								
HÆÐ (M Y.S.)	DYPI (M)	TAKN	BORHOLULÝSING - GREINING	KJARNHEIMTA (%)	SPRUNGUPETTLEKI (SPR/M)	RQD 10/30/50/100 $Q = \frac{RQD \times J_r \times J_w}{J_n \times J_0 \times SRF}$	LEKT (LU) $Q = \frac{10, 100, 30, 300}{1, 1, 1, 1}$	ATHUGASEMDIR
	130		Kargi Bláandúbr gró- og gulbrúnum sandst og siltst, vel samliðum. Rauðbrenndir bíðbröttir basalt molar. Hjúfir sörflétir.	100	4	90/50/55/0 Q = 6		
	132		Sandsteinsvöluþberg: Misastórar völu en alíval rúnar. Litur: gulbrúnn. Sprunguflétir eru frekar óvalir með leirskeni.	100	6	60/20/10/10 $Q = \frac{60 \times 2 \times 1}{9 \times 3 \times 4 \times 1}$ Q = 4,5 - 6		Point load: I _{SS0} = 0,9 MPa
	134		Basalt (Dilabasalt): Mjög stórblábrött efst en þéttast er neðar dregur. Silt og leir í sprungum og víða leir og ómikmyndun neðan til í blábrúnn, sem eru þó flestar tómur.	100	4	95/55/5/0 $Q = \frac{95 \times 2 \times 1}{9 \times 12 \times 3 \times 1}$		Point load: I _{SS0} = 7,4 MPa
	136		Plag-dílum fjálgar neðar í laginu (>10%) og eru dítar oft nokkuð stórir (3-5mm). Leirskeni á sprungufótum, sem eru frekar óvalir. Leirufellingar taka á sig grónnar ítt neðst í laginu.			Q = 5 - 7		
	140		Kargi: Rauðbrúnn og bíðbröttur. Grenar leirufellingar. Sást-línur inn á milli, þunnt (3 cm) rauft millilag í 142,0 m.	100	4	95/55/20/0 Q = 8		
	142		Basalt: Bíðir, stórblábrött. Leirskeni í hlöfum sprungum. Bíðir, fylltar af leir.	100	4	90/35/0/0/0 Q = 8		Point load: I _{SS0} = 0,7 MPa
	144		Rauft millilag: Sandsteins.	100	3	40/10/0/0/0 Q = 1,7		
	146		Kargi: Stórablábröttur og setublandinn. Hællagrí neðar. Plag-dítar koma fyrir og bíðir, fylltar með leir. Sprunguflétir alíval rúnast.	100	8	85/15/0/0/0 $Q = \frac{85 \times 2,5 \times 1}{15 \times 3 \times 1} = 5$		
	148		Basalt (dilabasalt): Smákom, dilabasalt (>10%), beði ólínv og plag koma fyrir. Þétt og ekki stórablábrött. Stöku smáblábrúband. Leir og siltskeni í sprungum. Flétir alíval rúnast. Þergríð verður þéttara er neðar dregur.	100	3	90/85/50/25 $Q = \frac{90 \times 1 \times 1}{12 \times 3 \times 1} = 2,5$		
	150		Siltfyllt sprunga (3 cm breið) af tektoniskum toga sker kjarna.			Q = 2,5		
	152		Kargi: Mjög siltfyllt og stórablábröttur. Siltst er grætt og gulbrúnt. Leir og aðallega siltskeni í sprungum. Einstöku dítar. Hólufyllingar í sprungum.	100	6	25/0/0/0/0 $Q = \frac{25 \times 1 \times 1}{15 \times 4 \times 1} = 0,4$		
	154		Basalt (steinn): Þunnt lag af dilabasalti með um 25cm stíðlagi í miðjunni.	100	3	90		
	156		Sandsteinsvöluþberg: Vel samliðt og þétt. Misastórar völu oft upp í hringlaga oftast samliðlega rúnast. Leir og ómik myndun í sprungum þó mikilli. Siltfyllingar aukast neðst í laginu og myndu sumu stóðar grunnmassa.			100/75/55/10 $Q = \frac{100 \times 1,5 \times 1}{9 \times 3 \times 1} = 4$ Q = 8		Point load: I _{SS0} = 2,6 MPa Slake-durability, 97,8%
	160		Siltlínur 2-10 cm í 164 m, 169, 172,5, 173 og 174,5.	100	2	SRF = 2,5 => Q = 2		Point load: I _{SS0} = 3,0 MPa
	162					Q = 6		
	164							
	166							
	168							
	170							
	172							
	174							

BORHOLA NR.:		BORHOLUSNIÐ			HÖNNUN			
BH-9		KJARNABORUN			FRAMHALDSBLAD			
BLAD 3 AF 4 BLÖÐUM								
HEÐ (M Y.S.)	DYPI (M)	TAKN	BORHOLUSYING - GREINING	KJARNHEIMTA (%)	SPRUNGUÞÉTTLEKI (SPR/M)	RGD 10/30/50/100 $Q = \frac{RGD \times Jr \times Jw}{Jr \times Jw \times SRF}$	LKTI (LJ) 10 100 3 30 300	ATHUGASEMUR
	178		Kargi: Rauðbrenndur, bláur, og sprunginn. Leirskani á sprungufótum. Kíalufélingar koma fyrir í blárum. Þróað út í ummyndað og blábrött basalt í 180,6 m.			60/20/0/0 $Q = \frac{60 \times 2 \times 1}{15 \times 4 \times 1}$ Q = 2		Point load: I ₅₅₀ = 2,0 MPa
	180		Basalt (ólinvasalt): Talsvert ummyndað. Bláður (2-3%) eru fylltar með silti og leir ásamt útfélingum. Þéttist er neðar dregur.	97	12	60/20/0/0		Talsvert útskolun leirs við borun (rauðfitað skólvað). Ef mikil leirfylling þá er Ja=8-12 (þenjalegur leir) => Q=1-3
	182		Basalt (ólinvasalt): Talsvert ummyndað. Bláður (2-3%) eru fylltar með silti og leir ásamt útfélingum. Þéttist er neðar dregur.	100	7	$Q = \frac{60 \times 2,5 \times 1}{9 \times 4 \times 1}$ Q = 4-5		Point load: I ₅₅₀ = 7,0 MPa
	184		Kargi: Rauðbrenndur og blábröttur, samskonar og aður. Leirfylltar sprungur (þenjalegur leir). Þróað út í ummyndað basalt.	90	6	40/15/10/10 $Q = \frac{40 \times 2 \times 1}{9 \times 4 \times 1}$ Q = 2		Talsvert útskolun leirs. Ef mikil af þenjleir. Ja=8-12 => Q=0,1-1
	186		Basalt (ólinvasalt): Smákernt ummyndað basalt. Blábrött efst en þéttist er neðar dregur (1%). Bláður yfirlit með holufyllingum. Örtið skali með þenjalegum leir á sprungufótum.	100	3	90/70/30/0 $Q = \frac{90 \times 2 \times 1}{9 \times 4 \times 1}$ Q = 5		Talsvert útskolun leirs. Ef mikil af þenjleir. Ja = 8-12 => Q=1-3
	188		Kargi: Samskonar og aður.			20/0/0/0 $Q = \frac{20 \times 2 \times 1}{12 \times 4 \times 1}$ Q = 0,8	0,1	Point load: I ₅₅₀ = 0,5 MPa
	190		Basalt (ólinvasalt): Ummyndað ólinvasalt, smákernt og þétt (<1% bláður). Græn og rauður þenjalegur leir í sprungum og útfélingar	92	>3	85/75/70/30 $Q = \frac{85 \times 2 \times 1}{9 \times 4 \times 8 \times 1}$ Q = 2 - 5		Point load: I ₅₅₀ = 2,5 MPa Reitgreining: Rauður leir = Smektit smávegis þennala en engin venuleg. Point load: I ₅₅₀ = 1,7 MPa
	192		Kargi: Svipaður og aður en þá þéttari. Meira um útfélingar í sprungum.	100	>10	50/0/0/0 Q = 2		Point load: I ₅₅₀ = 0,5 MPa
	194		Basalt (ólinvasalt): Smákernt og ummyndað með stuðla-sprungum. Sumar stuðlasprungur eru fylltar af útfélingum. Skani af þenjalegum leir sprungufótum sém en brjálit.	100	3	75/70/40/0 $Q = \frac{75 \times 2 \times 1}{9 \times 4 \times 8 \times 1}$ Q = 2 - 4		
	196		Kargi: Samskonar og í 208,7-209,9 m.	100	12	40/10/0/0 Q = 1,7		
	198		Basalt (ólinvasalt): Samskonar og í 209,9-212,4 m en þá minna um stuðlasprungur.	100	5	85/55/30/0 $Q = \frac{85 \times 2 \times 1}{9 \times 4 \times 8 \times 1}$ Q = 2 - 5	0,2	
	200		Kargi: Leir á sprungufótum. Hvítar/grænir útfélingar í bláur.	>28		3/0/0/0 Q = 0,3		
	202		Basalt (ólinvasalt): Svipað og að ofan en engar stuðlasprungur.	100	8	80/45/35/0 $Q = \frac{80 \times 2,5 \times 1}{9 \times 3 \times 4 \times 1}$ Q = 6 - 7		Point load: I ₅₅₀ = 4,0 MPa
	204		Kargi: Mjög ummyndað og bláur. Leir grenblár	100	4	90/0/0/0 Q = 3		Point load: I ₅₅₀ = 2,3 MPa
	206							
	208							
	210							
	212							
	214							
	216							
	218							
	220							
	222							
	224							

BORHOLA NR.:		BORHOLUSNIÐ				1 HÖNNUN		
BH-9		KJARNABORUN				FRAMHALDSBLAÐ		
BLAÐ 4. AF 4. BLAÐUM								
HED (N.Y.S.)	DYPI (M)	TAKN	BORHOLULÝSING - GREINING	KJARNHEIMTA (%)	SPRUNGUÞETTLEKI (SPR/M)	RDD 10/30/50/100 $Q = \frac{RDD \times Jr \times Jw}{Jn \times Ja \times SRP}$	LEKT (LU) 3 10 100 3 30 300	ATHUGASEMDIR
	226		Basalt: Ummyndað. Blábrur fylltar af leir og útfellingum. Mjög blábrött efst en þetta nær í laginu. Leirskeni á sprungutötum.	100	B	$70/35/30/0$ $Q = \frac{70 \times 3 \times 1}{9 \times 3 \times 1}$ $Q = 6$		
	228		Korgi: Mjög ummyndaður og bláur, sem hvar. Mjög leirfylltur. Leir er grenblár.	100	Mulningur	5/0/0/0 $Q = 0,1$		
	230		Basalt (ólvínbasalt): Ummyndun eykt ennfrekar. Víða mjög leirfyllt (grenblár leir). Allar blábrur fylltar, mest útfellingar. Grenblár leir í sprungum, nokkrar stuðlasprungur koma fyrir.			60/20/10/0	0,2	
	232		Ummyndun eykt ennfrekar. Víða mjög leirfyllt (grenblár leir). Allar blábrur fylltar, mest útfellingar. Grenblár leir í sprungum, nokkrar stuðlasprungur koma fyrir.	85	> B	$Q = \frac{60 \times 2 \times 1}{9 \times 3 \times 4 \times 1}$		Talsvert óskakun leirs. Ef mikið af þanleir. Ja = 8-12 => Q=1,1 - 1,7
	234		Mera um stuðlasprungur í um 234 m. Stærri kistútfellingar í blábrum en lagið er stakblábrött. Blábrum fjlgir á ný í um 238 m eftir að hafa verið fjar frá 232 m. Ekki mikill leir á sprungu flötum sem eru ávallt.			Q = 3 - 4		
	236							
	238							
	240		Korgi: Samskonar og óður. Næst í laginu er þunnt leirlag rautt að lit.			30/0/0/0 $Q = 3,3$		
	242		Völuberg: Vel samlimt, grátt að lit. Leirskeni í sprungum sem eru hrjúfar. Útfellingar í smáðaböndum. Græn leirinsó á um 243 m. Holubotn = 243,6 m	100	7	55/30/0/0 $Q = \frac{40 \times 1 \times 1}{9 \times 4 \times 1}$ $Q = 1,1$		Point load: $f_{550} = 0,5 \text{ MPa}$ Slake-durability, 52,5% þinnur umferð - 25,0%

BORHOLA NR.:		BORHOLUSNIÐ KJARNABORUN		1 HÖNNUN				
BH-11				BLAD 1... AF 2... BLOÐUM				
FRAMKVÆMD: BÚÐARHÁLSVIRKJUN		BORSTADUR: OFAN VÍÐ SULTARTANGALÓN						
MANNVIRKI: STÓÐVARHÚS		BORÐI: BORUN HEFST: 9. NÓVEMBER 2000		BORUN LYKUR: 14. NÓVEMBER				
BORVERKTAKI: RFS		VERKKAUPLI: LANDSVIRKJUN						
BORSTJÓRI: SNORRI / GJÓMUNDUR		UMSIJÓN MED BORUN: GJÓMUNDUR SVEINSSON KRÖYER / MATTHAS LOFTSSON						
STADSETNING OG HÉÐ: X: 566,434,03 Y: 415,517,61 Z: 313,43		GERÐ OG ÞVEGVAL BORRÓÐI: TRIPPEL TUBE DIAMOND BIT, 45 MM						
STEFNA BORUNAR: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LÖÐRETTI <input type="checkbox"/> HALLANDI GRÁÐUR FRA LÖÐRETTU		KJARNAKASSAR ALLS: 6						
FOÐRING (LAUST YFIRBORÐ): 2,8 m		HÉÐ HOLUTOPPS: 313 m Y.S.						
BORAD I BERÐ: 48,85 m 48,85 M KJARNI		KJARNAPÉMTA ALLS: 46,7 m 95 %						
HEILDARDYPI HOLU: 51,65 m		HÉÐ GRUNNVATNS: m Y.S.						
HÉÐ (M Y.S.)	DYPI (M)	TAKN	BORHOLLUSING - GREINING	KJARNAPÉMTA (%)	SPRUNGUÞETLEKI (SPR/M)	RQD 10/30/50/100 $Q = \frac{RQD \times J_r \times J_w}{J_n \times J_a \times SR}$	LEKT (LU) 10, 100 3 30 300	ATHUGASEMDIR
			Föðurnær = 2,8 m					
2			Föðurnær barað um 1m í líparit	12				
4			Líparit	58		25/0/0/0		
			Í efnu 3 m er bergið smábratið.	71		$25 \times \frac{1,5}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$		
			Bergið er tilkúlega ferskt en ummyndað á sprungufótum	51		$15 \times \frac{1,5}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$		
6			Sprungufleir eru yfirleitt stökulega sléttir.	72		Q = 0,8 - 1		
			Á sprungufótum er léiskeri.	74				
8			Ströumflogið og smáflöt af plögkías.	96		58/0/0/0		
			Málð og brútt af ummyndun á um 0,1-0,2 m blí. Heðan við málninginn verður bergið aðeins blábrútt og eru þar fyltar með grænum leir.	82		$58 \times \frac{1,5}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$		
10				93		Q = 2 - 3		
12			Verður heillega og sprungum fækkar.	100				
14				100				
16				100		25/0/0/0		
				100		Q = 0,8 - 1		Point load: I ₅₀ = 5,4 MPa
18				100		73/30/22/0		
				100		$73 \times \frac{1,5}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$		
20				100		Q = 3 - 4		0 Lu
22				100		58/13/0/0		Lektorprófall var láð 11 bara þrýstingi og hólni hett.
				100		$58 \times \frac{1,5}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$		
24				100		Q = 2 - 3		
26				100		94/48/20/0		
				100		$94 \times \frac{1,5}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$		
28				100		Q = 4 - 6		
30				100		48/30/17/0		
				100		$48 \times \frac{1,5}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$		
32			Verður aðeins ummyndaðra.	100		Q = 2 - 3		0 Lu
34				100				Point load: I ₅₀ = 1,3 MPa
36				100				
38				100				
40				100				

BORHOLA NR.:		BORHOLUSNIÐ			1 HÖNNUN			
BH-11		KJARNABORUN			FRAMHALDSBLAÐ			
BLAÐ 2. AF 2. BLAÐUM								
HÉÐ (M.Y.S.)	DYPI (M)	TAKN	BORHOLUFSING - GREINING	KJARN- HEIMITA (%)	SPRUNGU- BÉTTLEKI (SPR/M)	RQD 10/30/50/100 $Q = \frac{RQD \times J_r \times J_w}{J_n \times J_a \times SPR}$	LEKT (LU) 3 10 100 30 300	ATHUGASENDR
	42			100		48/30/17/0		
	44			100		$\frac{48 \times 1.5}{12 \times 2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$	0 Lu	
	46			100		Q = 2 - 3		
	48		I neðsta hluta kjarnans verða sprungur meira áberandi og eru þær eftir endlögum kjarnanum.	100				Point load: 1550 ^{mm} 1,8 MPa
	50			100				
	52		Holubotn = 51,65					

BORHOLA NR.:		BORHOLUSNIÐ KJARNABORUN		1 HÖNNUN				
BH-12				BLAD 1... AF 2... BLÖÐUM				
FRAMKVEMD: BÓÐARHALSVIRKJUN		BORSTADUR: OFAN YÐ SULTARTANGALÓN						
MANNVIRKI: STÖÐVARHÓÐS		BORTÍM: BORUN HEFST: 14. NÓVEMBER 2000		BORUN LYKUR: 15. NÓVEMBER				
BORVERKTAKI: RFS		VERKKAUPI: LANDSVIRKJUN						
BORSTJÓRI: SNORRI / GUDMUNDUR		UMSJÓN MEÐ BORUN: GUDMUNDUR SVEINSSON KRÖYER / MATTHÍAS LOFTSSON						
STADSETNING OG HÉÐ: X: 566.305,59 Y: 415.401,45 Z: 356,89		GERÐ OG HVERMAL BÖRKRÖNU: TRIPPEL TUBE DIMOND BIT, 45 MM						
STEFNA BORUNAR: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LÖÐRETT <input type="checkbox"/> HALLANDI GRADUR FRA LÖÐRETTU:		KJARNAKASSAR ALLS: 6						
FOÐRING (LAUST YFIRBORÐ): 6 m		HÉÐ HOLUÞOPPS: 357 M Y.S.						
BORAD Í BERÐI: 54,65 M 54,65 M KJARNI		KJARNHEIMTA ALLS: 49,04 M 90 %						
HEILDARÞYPI HÖLU: 60,65 M		HÉÐ GRUNNVATNS: 344 M.Y.S., 9. AGUST 2001						
HÉÐ (M Y.S.)	DYPI (M)	TAKN	BORHÖLUTÝSING - GREINING	KJARNHEIMTA (%)	SPRUNGU-ÞETLEKI (SPR/M)	RQD 10/30/50/100 $Q = \frac{RQD}{J_n} \times \frac{J_r}{J_6} \times \frac{J_w}{J_3} \times \frac{J_s}{J_1} \times \frac{J_p}{J_2} \times \frac{J_{SRP}}{J_1}$	LEKT (LU) $\frac{10,100}{3,30,300}$	ATHUGASEMDIR
	2		Fóðurdr = 6 m					
	4		Laust efstu 4m Sennilega kargi					
	6		Basalt Finkorna með stóka plög-díó. Vöktor aðeins fyrir ummyndun og bergið er aðeins blöðrott efst (10%) og fekkar neðar. Blöðrunar eru leirfylltar eða hálffylltar sæðilum. Á sprungufötum er leirskeni. Á 7,2 og 7,5 m dýpi eru stílfylltar sprungur með bergbráttum.	100		90/52/21/21 $\frac{90}{9} \times \frac{1,5}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$		
	8		Sandsteinsvöluberg Grunnur lagsins er senninn efst en verður finni er neðar dregur. Hann er gróleitur á litlið efst en verður brúneitari neðar. Völnur eru nokkuð smáar og kantlaðar. Þær stækka neðar í lagi og verða allt að 0,045 m í þvermál.	95		71/37/0/0 $\frac{71}{9} \times \frac{1,5}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$		Point load: 550 = 1,5 MPa
	10		Aðeins ummyndað á nokkrum stöðum.	100		Q = 5 - 7		Stoking-durability, 96,2%
	12		Basaltinnskot Blöðrot, mest efst. (10-15%). Blöður ymist leirfylltar eða tómur.	100		Q = 4 - 6		< 4
	14		Sandsteinsvöluberg Grunnur bergsins er töluvert ummyndaður. Á efri enda setains er efnid rauðbrant á litin.	100		71/20/0/0 Q = 5 - 8		Vöktor fyrir ummyndun efst og neðst. Inn í mitt lagið kemur lagskipt finkorna set.
	16		Liporit Ljós gulleit á litinn og mjög sprungið efst.	100		15/0/0/0 Q = 1		Point load: 550 = 0,9 MPa
	18		Mínna brotið finkorna og aðeins gróleitari á litinn.	45		Q = 1		Stoking-durability, 96,7%
	20		Í grunni bergsins eru ljós korn, sennilega lparitvikur og gjöll sem steypt hefur inn í hraunið.	0		19/0/0/0 $\frac{19}{15} \times \frac{3}{3} \times \frac{1}{1}$		7
	22		Þéttar og sprungum fekkar.	86		Q = 1		
	24		Sprungur eru nokkuð beinar, en sprungufötin eru hrufóttir.	95		73/34/24/0		
	26		Þyrt kristallar á sprungufötum	95		$\frac{73}{15} \times \frac{1,5-2}{3} \times \frac{1}{1}$		Á bilinu 27,65 til 30,65 er líti kjarnheimta sem rakir er til tákinnar
	28			100		Q = 2 - 3		
	30							
	32							
	34							
	36							
	38							
	40							

BORHOLA NR.:		BORHOLUSNIÐ			1 HÖNNUN			
BH-12		KJARNABORUN			FRAMHALDSBLAD			
BLAD 2 AF 2 BLÖÐUM								
HED (M Y.S.)	DYPI (M)	TAKN	BORHOLLÝSING - GREINING	KJARNHEIMITA (%)	SPRUNGLU-ÞETTLERI (SPR/M)	RQD 10/30/50/100 $Q = \frac{RQD \times J_1 \times J_2 \times J_3}{J_n \times J_4 \times J_5}$	LEKT (LU) 10, 100 3 30 300	AÞHUGASEMDIR
	42		Líparit Samlið líparit breksis. Þykkt liggur á sprungufötum.	100		87/70/43/0		Point load: $f_{550} = 0,7 \text{ MPa}$
	44			100		$\frac{87}{15} \times \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{1}$		Slaking-durability, 95,3%
	46			100		Q = 4		
	48			100				0 LU
	50		Abains meira sprungið á bilinu 48,65 til 51,65 m djúpl.	100		46/24/19/0 $\frac{46}{15} \times \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{1}$		
	52		Verður graniellara á litinn. Sprungur í berginu verða minna áberandi	100		Q = 2		
	54			100		93/52/17/0		
	56			100		$\frac{93}{15} \times \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{1}$		
	58			100		Q = 4		
	60			100				Point load: $f_{550} = 0,8 \text{ MPa}$
	62		Holubotn = 60,65					

BORHOLA NR.:		BORHOLUSNIÐ		1 HÖNNUN		
BH-15		KJARNABORUN		BLAD 1... AF 4... BLÖÐUM		
FRAMKVÆMD: BÚÐARHÁLSVIRKJUN		BORSTADUR: BÚÐARHÁLS, 1000 SA VÍÐ BH-12				
MANNVIRKI: AÐRENNSLIGGÖNG		BORNIÐ: 14. AGÚST 2001		BORUN LYKUR: 25. AGÚST 2001		
BORVERKTAKI: Jarðboranir		VERKKAUPLI: LANDSVIRKJUN				
BORSTJÓRI: Hermann Guðmundsson		UMSJÓN VÉÐ BORUN: EIRIKUR F. EINARS, ATLI KARL, INGIMARSSON, MATTHÍAS LOFTSSON		GERÐ OG ÍVERNINGAR BORRÖNNU: TRIPPEL TUBE DIAMOND BIT, 45 MM		
STAOSETNING OG HÉÐ: x: -565.517,97 y: 414.763,44 z: 515,2		KJARNAKASSAR ALLS: 18				
STEFNA BORUNAR: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LÖÐRETT <input type="checkbox"/> HALLANDI <input type="checkbox"/> GRADUR FRÁ LÖÐRETTU		HÉÐ HÖLUTÖPPS: 515,2 m y.s.				
FÖÐRING: 87,2 m		KJARNAHEIMTA ALLS: 133,0 m		87%		
BORAD Í BERG: 239,4 m 152,6 M KJARNI		HÉÐ GRUNNVAÐS: 484,4 m y.s.		23. okt. 2001		
HEILDARÞYPI HÖL: 239,4 m		KJARNI-HEIMTA (%)		LEKT (LU) 10, 100, 3, 30, 300		
HÉÐ (M Y.S.)	ÞYPI (M)	TAKN	BORHÖLULÝSING - GREINING	SPRUNGUR-ÞETTLEIKI (SPR/M)	ROD 10/30/50/100 $Q = \frac{ROD \times J_r \times J_w}{J_n \times J_o \times SRF}$	ATHINGASEMÐIR
			Bólstraberg, bólstrabreika og kubbaberg niður á 87,22 m dýpi Kjarni ekki settur í kjarnakassa.			
88			Bólstraberg: Dul-/finkornött, gróleitt. Díar um 1% plögkías (órðíar). Bólstrar eru glerkennðir í kontakt. Nakkub þétt (fínblábur). Flestar blábur tamar.	80	50/5/0/0	
90			Mjög sprungið og sumu mulið. Breksulínur inni á milli. Ónyamyndun og brunleitur leir. Sumast granietur leir.	22	$Q = \frac{50 \times 1,5 - 2 \times 0,66}{12 - 15 \times \frac{3-4}{3-4} \times 1}$	A ca. 87 m hverfur borvatn og kemur ekki eftir þóð. Gera má ráð fyrir mjög leiri að á þessu dýpi.
92				100	$Q = 0,8 - 1,8$	
94				93		
96				53		
98				100		
98			Sandsteinsvöðuberg: Fremur til sam- grunnbera, lögskiptur sandur/silt. Váttur af grófsands og málgrasteið.	15	55/0/0/0	Q=3-4
100			Basalt (dílbasalt): Dul- og finkornött, ljósgrátt. Díar um 5% plög og 1% óvín. Nakkub þétt enn með blábröttum línum (smáblábur), einnig fínblábur.	10	70/25/5/0	$Q = \frac{70}{12} \times \frac{2,5}{3} \times 1$
102			Ferskt. Blábur afyllar. Sprungur fylltar, brunleitur silteins og sandsteinn, silt að 5 cm fyllingar. Stuðsprungur.			
104						
106						
108			Sand-/siltsteinn: Vel samliður. Svartur, línsandur og silt. Sprungur sumastálar fylltar silti (2-5 mm) og hvítu seiltaskeni. Mest þversprungið, einnig löbsprungið.	5	90/65/40/30	$Q = \frac{90}{9} \times \frac{1,5}{3} \times 1$ Q = 5
110						Point load: $\approx 1,7$ MPa
112			Basalt: Smásluðub. Dul-/smáknött, plögdiött (<1%). Sprungufyllingar af leir og silteini (allt að 5 cm).	13	55/0/0/0	$Q = \frac{55}{12} \times \frac{2-2,5}{3} \times 1$ Q = 3-5
114			Kargi: Basalt: Finkornött og plögkíasdiött (<1%). Þétt en fáemar stórbólur, einnig fínblábur. Blábur hálfyllar ónyamyndun. Sprungufletir ferskir eða með ljósu siltskeni. Stuðsprunguð. Ferskt.	16	50/0	
116				8	85/55/15/0	$Q = \frac{85}{10} \times \frac{2,5}{2-3} \times 1$ Q = 7-11
118						
120			Setfylltur kargi: Vel samliður að mestu. Rauðleitur efst. Mjög blábröttur. Vátt bláub sandsteini. Einnig þunnar silteinslínur.	9	85/45/25/0	$Q = \frac{85}{12} \times \frac{3}{3} \times 1$ Q = 7
122						
124			Basalt: Finkornött, með einstaka plög. Díl. Fínblábrött með bláburum. Ljósbrúnt siltskeni á sprungufletum.	92	60/30/25/0	Q=3,3 $Q = \frac{60}{12} \times \frac{2}{3} \times 1$ Q = 3

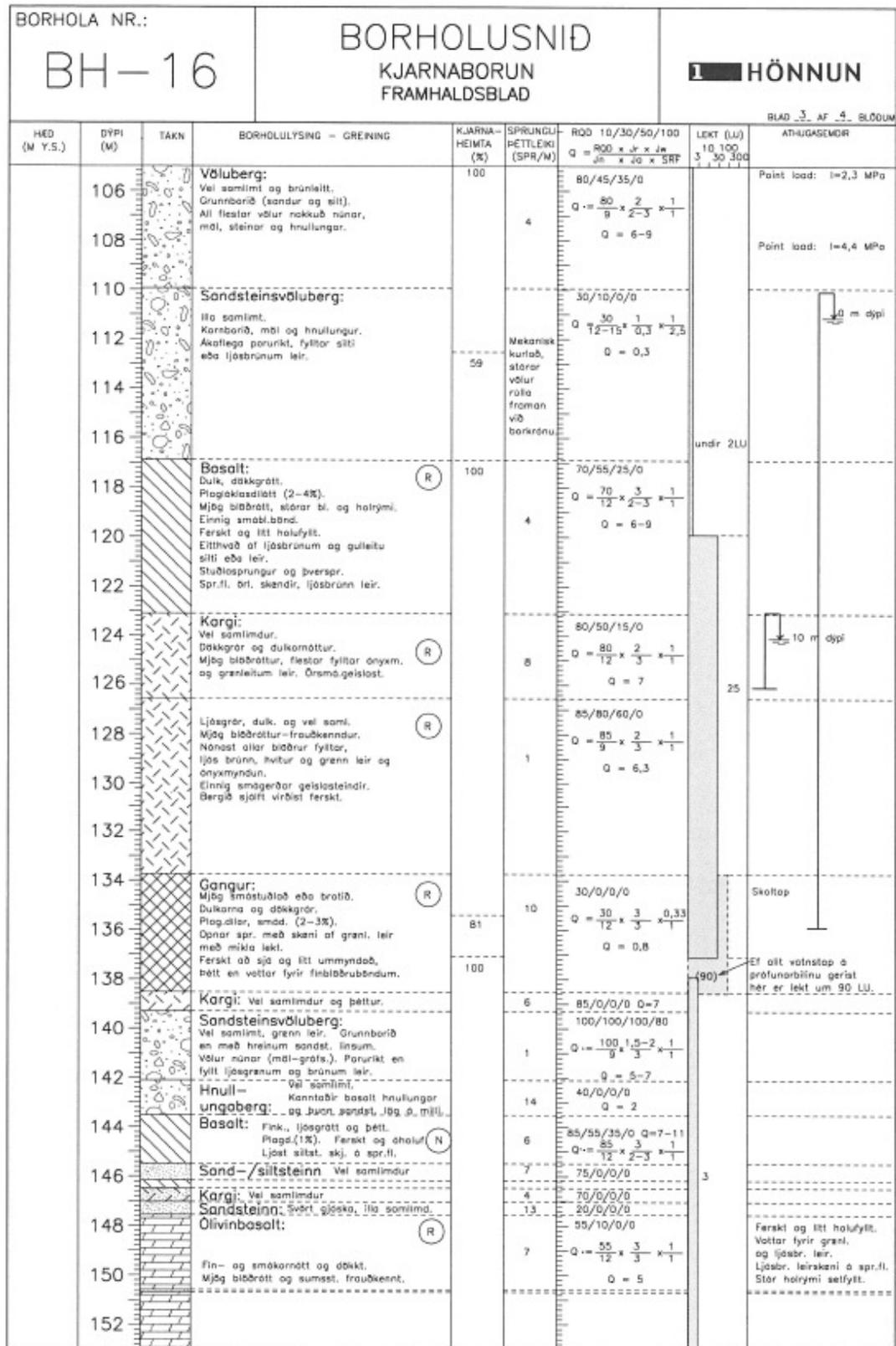
BORHOLA NR.:		BORHOLUSNIÐ			1 HÖNNUN			
BH-15		KJARNABORUN			FRAMHALDSBLAD			
BLAD 2. AF 4. BLOÐUM								
HEÐ (M Y.S.)	DYPI (M)	TAKN	BORHOLULÝSING - GREINING	KJARNHEIMITA (%)	SPRUNGUÞÉTTLEIÐ (SPR/W)	RQD 10/30/50/100 $Q = \frac{RQD \times Jr \times Jw}{Jr \times Jw \times SRF}$	LEKT (LU) 10, 100, 30, 300	ATHUGASEMDIR
	128		Stuðlospungib.	100				
	130		Völuberg: Vel samlím. Grabrunt og grunnbarib. Lagskipt, aðallega silt - en einnig sandsteinn. Völur núnar, (aðil, grófs., einnig mál) Stundum skeni af silt á sprungulíðum.		9	85/45/0/0 $Q = \frac{85}{9} \times \frac{2}{3} \times 1$ $Q = 6$		Point load: $\approx 4,8$ MPa
	132							
	134		Kargi: Vel samlímur. Flög.díl. (8-10%) Blöðrur og apr. fyllir leir, silt og sand.		5	85/55/0/0 $Q=7$ $Q = \frac{85}{12} \times \frac{3}{3} \times 1$		
	136		Basalt (dilatbasalt): Fínkornátt. Dilar flög(5-8%) og ól(1-2%). Stærðblöðtt efiar en annars fínblöðrubönd.	R/A		80/20/15/0 $Q = \frac{80}{12} \times \frac{2,5}{3} \times 1$ $Q = 4$		
	138		Nokkuð af stórbil. fyllir önyxmyndur. Sumar sprungur með rauðl. skeni. Nokkuð ferskt. Stuðlospungib.		11			
	140							
	142							
	144							
	146		Rauðt milliflag: Kargi: Vel samlímur, 5-8% flög.dilátt, fylltur sæli.		5	85/40/0/0 $Q=7$ $Q = \frac{85}{12} \times \frac{2,5}{3} \times 1$		
	148		Basalt (dilatbasalt): Fínkornáttur 5-8% plagioklaadilátt. Fínblöðtt, en þéttat neðar. Fínblöðrubönd. Blöðrur silt fylltur og bergib er nokkuð ferskt. Leirskeni á flestum spr.	R		85/50/35/0 $Q = \frac{85}{12} \times \frac{2}{2-3} \times 1$ $Q = 5-7$		
	150		Kargi: Vel samlímur. Fín- og smáblöðtt en frauðkennt í miðju. Fylltur silt og önyxm. 5-8% smádilátt. flög.		10	70/15/0/0 $Q=5$ $Q = \frac{70}{12} \times \frac{2,5}{3} \times 1$		
	152							
	154		Basalt (dilatbasalt): Fínkornátt, 5-8% flög.dil. þétt og ferskt. Örpunnt ljóst siltakeni á apr.fl.	R		85/30/30/0 $Q = \frac{85}{10-12} \times \frac{2,5}{2} \times 1$ $Q = 8-11$		
	156			100				
	158		Sandsteinsvöluberg: Vel samlím. Grunbarib (sandur). Völur núnar (mál). Lagrétt lagskipt, skiptast á lög af fínsandi og grófsandi. Summat, skólagun. Rauðsilt allra efiar (40cm) en síðan grófsilt. Bergib virðist ekki ummyndað. Þunnt skeni af silt á spr.fl. Mest þversprungib en einnig, löðsprungib.		2	85/75/50/30 $Q = \frac{85}{9} \times \frac{2}{3} \times 1$ $Q = 6$		
	160							
	162							
	164							
	166		Þunnar vel samlímur siltsteinsinsur			Allt að 20 mm siltat. linsur, SRF=2,5 $Q = 3$		Point load: $\approx 2,3$ MPa
	168							
	170					$Q = 6$		Slake durability index = 97,1 Point load: $\approx 3,4$ MPa
	172		Setfylltur kargi: Vel samlímur Flög.dil. (1%), Frauðkenndur	A	2	85/90/0/0 $Q=11$ $Q = \frac{85}{9} \times \frac{3}{3} \times 1$		

BORHOLA NR.: BH-15		BORHOLUSNIÐ KJARNABORUN FRAMHALDSBLAD			HÖNNUN			
HÆÐ (M Y.S.)	DYPI (M)	TAKN	BORHOLULÝSING – GREINING	KJARN- HEIMITA (%)	SPRUNGU- BETTLEIKI (SPR/M)	RÖÐ 10/30/50/100 $Q = \frac{RÖÐ \times J \times J \times J}{J_n \times J_0 \times SPR}$	LEKI (LU) 3 10 100 30 300	ATHUGASEMUR
176			Sandsteinsvöluberg: Mjög vel samlimt, grenisleitur. Grunnbarð (sandur). Völur nánar til kantabár (mbl). Græn og hvítur leir á spr.fl. (líklega slitthvöð af smektit)	100	1	100/95/85/50 $Q = \frac{100 \times 1,5 - 2}{9} \times \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{1}$ $Q = 5-7$	S	
178			Völuberg: Ílla samlimdur á köflum, en annars vel saml. gráleitt. Kornbarð (mbl-hnúlunger). Gráfsandur í grunn. Mjög þurrleik og að hluta fyllt með gráleitum umm.st.		5	85/55/15/0 $Q = \frac{85 \times 1,5 - 2}{9} \times \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{1}$ $Q = 5-6$		Point load: I=1,8 MPa Point load: I=0,2 MPa Point load: I=0,7 MPa Slake durability index = (82%). Stór korn stjla eftir Point load: I=4,8 MPa Slake durability index = 97,5 %
180			Aðallega þversprungið en einnig nokkrar skástigur sprungur.					
182			Sandsteinsvöluberg: Vel saml. og heillegt. Grenisleitur. Sand- og slitbarð. Nánar völur (gráfa-mbl). Hvítt skeni á sprungufötum. Sumstakabár 3-4 mm fyllingar af hvítum og græn. leir á skástigum spr. fl. =>stjá röntgenreiningu		2	90/80/70/60 $Q = \frac{90 \times 1,5 - 2}{9} \times \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{1}$ $Q = 4-5$	D LU	Röntgenreining (D 192m): Grenisleitu sprungufyllingar eru nokkuð vel kristallabur smektit. Þennat lítillega er mettaður í glykól.
184			Nokkuð af minniháttar hniki á skástigum spr.					Slake durability index = 99% Point load: I=2,2 MPa
186			Sand-/siltsteinn (ummyndað): Hvarflei-átdáuvotnaest. Lagrétt lagskipt, skiptast á greni. sandst. með vólum og ílla samlimdur rauði, slitt. Líklega all nokkuð ummyndað.		6	85/30/0/0 $Q = \frac{85 \times 1,5 - 2}{12} \times \frac{1}{3-4} \times \frac{1}{2,5}$ $Q = 0,8-1,1$		Point load í illa saml. siltst.: I=0,2 MPa SD index = 33% Point load: I=2,3 MPa SD index = 96% Frá 194 m og niður á leiti gerður burur mjög hegt vegna þess hve brótið og ummyndað bergið er. Í veikari lögum spennari bergið utan um borstalið þegar það heitir að snúast. Point load: I=2,5 MPa
188			Ílla samlimdur siltsteinnur					
190			Á einum stað er tektónísk spr. það er 4 cm breið skástig kurlaðna. Á sex stöðum er nokkurra mm hnik á skástigum spr. Bergið er allt mikrospr., lokaðar grunafelgur spr.			25/0/0/0 $Q=0,3-0,4$		
192			Sandsteinn: Vel samlimdur, grenisleitur. Völur í neðsta hluta. Græn. leir á spr.fl.		3	95/80/65/35 $Q = \frac{95 \times 1 - 1,5}{9} \times \frac{1}{3-4} \times \frac{1}{1}$ $Q = 3-5$		
194			Á einum stað er tektónísk spr. með 70 gráðu halli. Sprungan er fyllt af hvítum, grænum og rauði. leir ásamt bráum úr sandsteini. Þessi er all þessi J. áspila áspennit.		9	10/0/0/0 $Q = 0,4$		
196			Ölvinbasalt (ummyndað): Smá- til stórkornitt, þett og dökk-grenleitt. Beltaskipting, þykkar grenar fyllingar á spr. fl. (smektit) Allt að 40% bláður (stórar- og smær). Bergið er sundursaðið, hegt að fálga niður með hef. Mjög mörkið á spr.fl. og malar undan fingri.		6	65/35/0/0 $Q=0,4-0,9$		Röntgenreining (D 210m): Dökkbrúna óharbráa fylling er vel kristallabur smektit. Smávægis þennat þegar mettað í glykól.
198			Bláður fyllir greni, dökkrauðum leir og smágerðum geislasteindum. Sækráðleitt.		8	20/0/0/0 $Q = \frac{20 \times 1,5 - 2}{15} \times \frac{0,33}{4} \times \frac{0,33}{2,5}$ $Q = 0,07$		
200			Blábrött og með blábrúðendum efst, þéttast neðar. Flestar bl. áfyllar, nokkuð um stór geislasteindir.		7	40/0/0/0 $Q = \frac{40 \times 1,5 - 2}{12} \times \frac{0,33}{4} \times \frac{0,33}{2,5}$ $Q = 0,2-0,4$		
202			Heillega en afar en þá mjög umm. 2-3 mm fyllingar af greni.kristallum á spr. Einstaka sundursaðnar sonur. Stuðlastr. og beltaskipt.		100	70/40/25/0 $Q = \frac{70 \times 2}{12} \times \frac{0,33}{3-4} \times \frac{0,33}{1}$ $Q = 1,0-1,3$		
204			Smákrandit (0,5-2mm). Þett, dökkgræn. Græn. fyllingar af kristallabú efni á spr.fl. Stuðlastr. og sumst. sundursaðið.		86			Röntgenreining(D 217m): Dökkgræn leirskeni er ílla kristallab, þó örrið smektit en engin þennat.
206			Siltsteinn: Brotinn og sundursaðinn		Kurlað	5/0/0/0		
208			Basalt (mikið ummyndað): Mjög sprungið á köflum og malar niður undan fingri en þetur samlimt annarst. Yfirlit rauð eða græn af umm. Hattillumumyndunarsteindir spirt fannst		100	30/0/0/0 $Q = \frac{30 \times 1,5 - 2}{20} \times \frac{0,33}{4} \times \frac{0,33}{5}$ $Q = 0,02-0,03$		Blarab í jafri gangi eða innkots
210					82	70/0/0/0 $Q=2,2-3$		

BORHOLA NR.:		BORHOLUSNIÐ				1 HÖNNUN		
BH-15		KJARNABORUN				FRAMHALDSBLAÐ		
BLAÐ 4. AF 4. BLAÐUM								
HÆÐ (M Y.S.)	DYPI (M)	TAKN	BORHOLULÝSING - GREINING	KJARN- HEMTA (%)	SPRUNGU ÞÉTTLEIKI (SPR/M)	RQD 10/30/50/100 $Q = \frac{RQD}{L_n} \times \frac{J_r}{J_a} \times \frac{J_w}{J_s} \times \frac{SRF}{SRF}$	LEKT (LU) 10 100 3 30 300	ATHUGASEMDIR
	226		Dulkornött og þétt. Straumflögur? Plag.erdliar (2%). Gagnummyndað. Hvítir geislaex á spr.fl. 2 grenar leitinaur (10 cm). Staðesprungið.	56	8	$20/20/0/0$	38	Skyndilegt þrýstifall verður í borvatni á þessum kotta Dregla í jarðfræðinni Borað í jafni ganga eða innkotta (kjarnatap, kurlað og mikil lekt).
	228		Gangur eða innkot	13	Kurlað	$Q=0,001-0,01$		
	230		Basalt: Ljósgrátt, smátt, ströumfl. Virðist ferskt. Sprungufyltingar hafa e.t.v. þvegið burt.	80	6 Að hluta kurlað	$Q = \frac{20}{15} \times \frac{0,5}{4} \times \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{0,33}{2,5}$ $Q = 0,01-0,02$		
	232		Basalt (mikið ummyndað): Rauður mill. (mikið ummyndað): Efnungis leifar af sundursöðnum sandstein.	32	3	$0/0/0/0$		
	234		Basalt (mikið ummyndað): Dökkgrátt, dulkornött og ströumfl. Smáabrátt, bl. fylltar rauð- og grænletum leir.	50	3	$50/20/20/0$	92	Röngingrenning (5 234m): Rauðletur leir er fremur illa kristalloð, en vattar fyrir smektl, þennat heil, í gjökul.
	236		Kargi (mikið ummyndað): Sundursöðinn, mjúkur viðkomu.	67	Sundur- söðin Að hluta	$Q = \frac{50}{15} \times \frac{1,5}{4} \times \frac{0,33}{2,5}$ $Q = 0,2$		
	238		Basalt (ummyndað): Dökkgrátt, dulkornött og ströumfl. Mjög miltásprungið, hvítt skeni. Stáar hitar gestasteindir, og leir.	100	3	$80/45/25/0$		
	240		Kargi (mikið ummyndað): Basalt (ummyndað):	3	3	$Q = \frac{80}{12} \times \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{0,33}{2,5}$ $Q = 0,003$		
			Holubotn = 239,4 m			$35/20/0/0$		

BORHOLA NR.:		BORHOLUSNIÐ		HÖNNUN				
BH-16		KJARNABORUN		BLAD 1... AF 4... BLÖÐUM				
FRAMKVEMD: BÚÐARHÁLSVIRKJUN		BORSTADUR: BÚÐARHÁLS, 1700 M VNV AF ADRENNISLUSGÖNGUM						
MANNVIRKI: ADRENNISLUSGÖNG		BORLÍM: BORUN HEFST: 28. ÁGÚST, 2001 BORUN LYKUR: 7. SEPT, 2001						
BORVERKTAU: Jarðboranir		VERKKAUF: LANDSVIRKJUN						
BORSLJÓR: Hermann Guðmundsson		UMSJÓN MED BORUN: EIRIKUR FREYR EINARS. / MATTHÍAS LÓFTSS.						
STADSETNING OG HÉÐ: X: -564.200,93 Y: 414.325,52 Z: 429,5		GERÐ OG ÍVERMAL BORRÖRUN: TRIPPEL TUBE DIAMOND BIT, 45 MM						
STEFNA BORUNAR: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LÖDRETT <input type="checkbox"/> HALLANDI GRADUR FRA LÖDRETTU.		KJARNAKASSAR ALLS: 17						
FÖÐRING (LAUST YFIRBORI): 21,4 m		HÉÐ HOLUÞOPPS: 429,5 m y.s.						
BORAD Í BERI: 160,5 m 139,1 M KJARNI		KJARNHEIMTA ALLS: 128,9 m 93 m						
HELDARÞYPI HÖLU: 160,5 m		HÉÐ GRUNNVAÞS: 419,2 M y.s. 23. okt. 2001						
HÉÐ (M y.s.)	DYPI (M)	TAKN	BORHOLULÝSING - GREINING	KJARNHEIMTA (%)	SPRUNGDÞÉTTLEKI (SPR/M)	Q = $\frac{RQD}{J_n} \times \frac{J_r}{J_a} \times \frac{J_w}{SRF}$	LEKT (LU) 10 100 3 10 300	ATHUGASEMDIR
18			Föðring steypt niður á 21,4 m. Eftir liggur Jökulberg og neðar lauffrekisa og Bölstraberg.					
20								
22								
24				86				
26								
28			Bölstraberg og kubbaberg: Aðallega dukarna, fin- og smábólbrött. Ferskt og lítt ummyndað. Mjög brotið og með ljóstri breksu og glerkennu efni inn á milli.		Mjög brotinn og kurlaður kjömi	$Q = \frac{20}{15} \times \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{0,88}{1}$ $Q = 0,1$		
30								
32			Sama berg nema minna af breksu.		6	$Q = \frac{25}{15} \times \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{0,88}{1}$ $Q = 4-6$		
34					Að hluta kurlað			
36			Kubbaberg: Dukarna, ljósgrátt, þétt og ferskt berg.	100	10	$Q = 25/25/0/0$ $Q=6$		
38			Sandsteinsvöluberg: Vel samlipt og brúlipt. Sandborið með nánum vólum (gröfsandsteinn-hnukungar)		7	$Q = \frac{85}{9} \times \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{1}$ $Q=6-7$		
40			Basalt: Ljósgrátt, en rúðlipt efst. Finkornitt. Stórblött efst, sumestöðar bláubönd, óhalufyllt að mestu en sumst. ónyamyndun.		12	$Q = 35/0/0/0$ $Q=2$		
42			Beitaakipt og aberandi stuðlaspr. Þarðaður þilakarna 4 spr. Q=5mm		6	$Q = \frac{60}{12} \times \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{1}$ $Q=3$		
44			Setfylltur kargi: Vel samliptur	60	kurlað	$Q = 30/0/0/0$ $Q=0,2-0,3$		
46			Basalt: Ljósgrátt, finkornitt. Aðallega þétt en stór- og smáb. efst og neðst. Einnig finbl. bönd. Ferskt, veltar fyrir ónyamyndun. Einstaka stuðlasprungur. Sprungufl. ferskir.	100	4	$Q = \frac{80}{9} \times \frac{2-3}{2} \times \frac{1}{1}$ $Q = 9-13$		
48								
50			Sandsteinn: Illa samliptur svartur fins. Setfylltur kargi: Ljósgrátt, vel samliptur Völuberg: Vel samlipt	15	kurlað	$Q = 5/0/0/0$ $Q=0,1$		
52			Basalt (dilatbasalt): Ljósgrátt, finkornitt. Smá- og stórlipt, plög.(5-8%) og ólv. (1%). Þétt en með finblöðum. Ferskt og óhalufyllt. Mjög lítið sprungið, aðallega þverspr. Flætur spr. fl. ferskir en sumestöðar útt. að 10mm sandst. fylling.	100	5	$Q = 80/45/0/0$ $Q=3$		
54					7	$Q = 80/90/80/50$ $Q = \frac{90}{9} \times \frac{2}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$ $Q = 7-10$		
56					2			

BORHOLA NR.:		BORHOLUSNIÐ			HÖNNUN			
BH-16		KJARNABORUN			FRAMHALDSBLAD			
					BLAD 2. AF 4. BLODDUM			
HÆÐ (M Y.S.)	DYPI (M)	TAKN	BORHOLULÝSING - GREINING	KJARNAHÉIMTA (%)	SPRUNGUÞETTLERI (SPR/M)	RQD 10/30/50/100 $Q = \frac{RQD}{J_n} \times \frac{J_r}{J_o} \times \frac{J_w}{J_{SR}}$	LEKT (LU) 10, 100, 3, 30, 300	ATHUGASEMDIR
	58			100				
	60		Kargi: Vel samliður en bráin. Sefylltur og sundurlaus efst. Þurkmótt, ljósgrött. Plagdiótt (5-8%).	30		10/0/0/0 $Q = \frac{10}{15} \times \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{1}$ $Q = 0.2$		
	62				Meist kurlað			
	64		Basalt (dibasalt): Ljósgrött, finkornött. Smádiótt, plag. (5-8%) og el. (1%). Þétt en einstak stærðbæra. Ferskt og óholufyllt.	77		20/0/0/0 $Q = 1,3-2$		
	66		Basalt (dibasalt): Smástuðlað efst en heillegra neðar, oberandi stuðlasprungur, en einnig þversprungið.	100		75/50/30/0 $Q = \frac{75}{10} \times \frac{3}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$ $Q = 7-11$		
	68		Spr. flötir ferskir en með ljósum leir eða slitskani.					
	70		Basalt (dibasalt): Ljósgrött, finkornött. Setfylltur kargi: Vel samliður. Basalt (dibasalt): Vel samlimt. Basalt (dibasalt): Ljósgrött og finkornött.			5/0/0/0 65/0/0/0 60/0/0/0		
	72		Smádiótt, plag. (5%). Ólavin í grunnmassa. Aðallega þétt, finbláubráband. Sumstæbar. 2-4 J. 10/0/0/0. 0. 0. 0. 0.			75/65/20/0 $Q = \frac{75}{12} \times \frac{3}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$ $Q = 6$		Beði stuðlasprungið og þversprungið.
	74		Setfylltur kargi: Vel samliður kargi, sandsteinsfylltur. Ljósgrött, duk. Plagioklasdir (3-5%). Ferskur og að mestu óholufylltur.			70/45/0/0 $Q = \frac{70}{12} \times \frac{3}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$ $Q = 6-9$		
	76		Slit- og sandsteinsfyllingar á spr.f.	70				
	78		Basalt: Ljósgrött, finkornött. Smádiótt, plag. (2-4%). Þétt, en nokkrar ambláubur og finbláubráband. Ferskt og óholufyllt. Ljós leir og slitskani á spr.f.	100		65/35/25/0 $Q = \frac{65}{12} \times \frac{2}{2-3} \times \frac{1}{1}$ $Q = 4-5$		
	80							
	82							
	84							
	86							
	88		Kargi: Íta samliður og mörkinn	41	Kurlað efst	32/0/0/0 $Q = 0,6-2$		
	90		Völuberg: Vel samlimt, ljósbrúnt. Grunnbær (sandur/silt). Korn (gröfsandst. og mál), nokkuð munn. Nokkurra cm vel samlimt siltat. Íg inni á milli. Ferskt berg, hvítt slitskani á spr.f.	100		60/10/0/0 $Q = \frac{60}{8} \times \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{2,5}$ $Q = 2$		Aðallega þversprungið en einnig lóðsprungur.
	92		Basalt: Ljósgrött, duk. Plag.dil. (1-2%).			60/0/0/0		
	94		Kargi: Ljósgrött, duk. Vel samliður.			95/5/0/0 20/0/0/0		
	96		Basalt: Ljósgr., finkorn. og straumfl. Smá., plag.(1-2%). Fínast blábrött eða þétt. Ferskt og lítt holufyllt. Bergþ virðist smástuðlað á köflum. Ljósleitt slitskani á spr.f. - sumstæbar nokkurra mm slitfyllingar.			65/45/25/0 $Q = \frac{65}{12} \times \frac{2-3}{3} \times \frac{1}{1}$ $Q = 4-5$		
	98							
	100		Beði stuðlasprungið og þversprungið.					undir 2LU
	102							Point load, þétt basalt: l = 8,5 MPa
	104							



BORHOLA NR.:		BORHOLUSNIÐ			1 HÖNNUN				
BH-16		KJARNABORUN			FRAMHALDSBLAÐ				
BLAÐ 4. AF 4. BLÖÐUM									
HÆÐ (M Y.S.)	DYPI (M)	TAKN	BORHOLULYSING - GREINING	KJARNA- HEIMTA (%)	SPRUNGU- BÉTTLEKI (SPR/W)	RQD 10/30/50/100 $Q = \frac{RQD \times J_r \times J_w}{J_n \times J_a \times SRF}$	LEKT (LJ) 10 100 3 30 300	ATHUGASEMDIR	
	154		Ólívínbasalt: Smekomátt og dökk. Blábrött í efri hluta. Smábláubránd. Ferakt og litl halufyll. Vattar fyrir, grani, leir og smág. geislast. ásamt oxym.	100	4	75/50/25/0 $Q = \frac{75}{12} \times \frac{3}{3} \times \frac{1}{1}$ Q = 6	3		
	156								
	158								
	160			(R)					
	162								

4. Appendix – Selected rock cores

This appendix contains pictures of rock cores from Búðarháls boreholes.

- ❖ Pictures of core boxes BH-9, BH-11, BH -12, BH-15 and BH-16.
- ❖ Pictures of selected rock cores for the laboratory tests.

PICTURES OF CORE BOXES BH-9, BH-11, BH -12, BH-15 AND BH-16



Figure 4-1. Core boxes BH-9, K11-12. Red markings show core samples selected for lab testing. White marking shows placement of core samples tested in 2001.



Figure 4-2. Core boxes BH-9, K13-14.



Figure 4-3. Core boxes BH-11, K1-2.



Figure 4-4. Core boxes BH-11, K3-4.



Figure 4-5. Core boxes BH-12, K3-4.

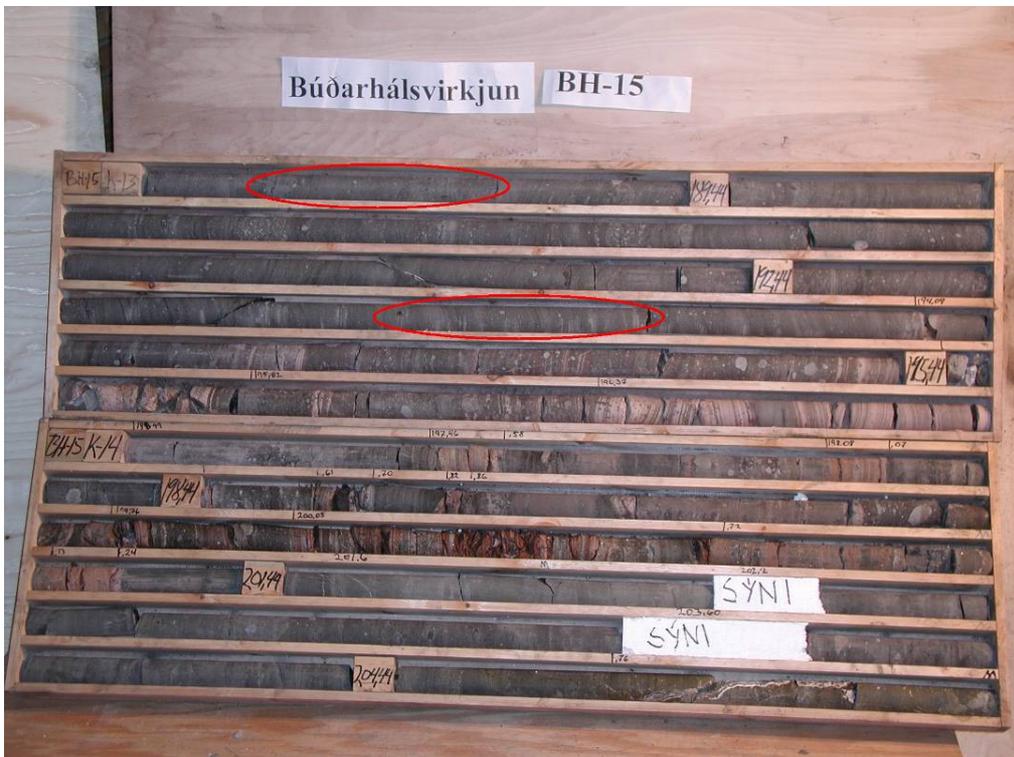


Figure 4-6. Core boxes BH-15, K13-14.



Figure 4-7. Core boxes BH-15, K15-16.



Figure 4-8. Core boxes BH-15, K17-18.



Figure 4-9. Core boxes BH-16, K7-8.



Figure 4-10. Core boxes BH-16, K9-10.



Figure 4-11. Core boxes BH-16, K11-12.



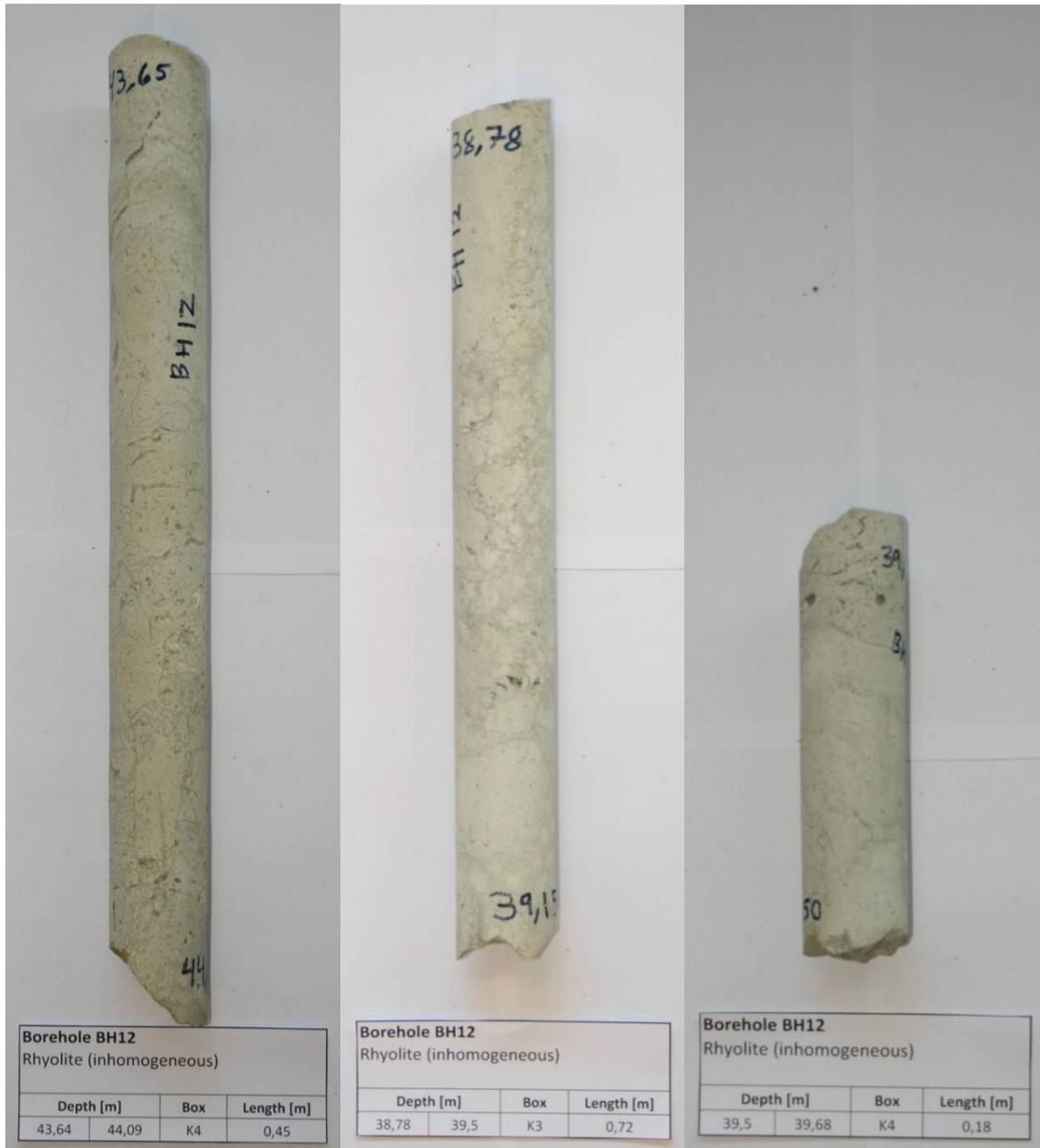














5. Appendix – Laboratory test results

This appendix contains results from laboratory tests on selected rock cores from Búðarháls, performed at GEO and DTU.

- ❖ Tables showing all laboratory test results.
- ❖ Pictures of samples after Brazil test.
- ❖ Pictures of samples after Uniaxial Compression test.
- ❖ Plots from Unconfined Compression test.
- ❖ Pictures of samples after Triaxial test and failure stresses.
- ❖ Plots from triaxial test.
- ❖ Comparison of laboratory test results and other test results from Iceland.

TABLES SHOWING ALL LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sample nr.	Bore hole	Depth	Lithology	Height	Diameter	D/H	Bulk density	Water content	Porosity	Void ratio	Tensile strength	UCS	Brazil	Uniax	Triax
[-]	[-]	[m]	[-]	[cm]	[cm]	[-]	[g/cm ³]	[%]	[%]	[-]	[MPa]	[MPa]	[-]	[-]	[-]
42	BH16	121,89	Tholeiite (Vesicular)	2,284	4,456	1,95	2,665	3,11	0,09	0,09	8,513		X		
43	BH16	121,86	Tholeiite (Vesicular)	2,251	4,454	1,98	2,678	3,00	0,08	0,09	8,706		X		
44	BH16	121,83	Tholeiite (Vesicular)	2,269	4,453	1,96	2,647	3,16	0,09	0,09	6,567		X		
45	BH9	199,02	Altered Olivine Tholeiite	2,190	4,488	2,05	2,690	2,92	0,08	0,09	5,935		X		
46	BH15	214,03	Altered Olivine Tholeiite	2,306	4,455	1,93	2,670	3,08	0,08	0,09	8,351		X		
47	BH15	213,7	Altered Olivine Tholeiite	2,325	4,467	1,92	2,685	3,06	0,08	0,09	7,096		X		
48	BH15	214	Altered Olivine Tholeiite	2,249	4,459	1,98	2,657	3,22	0,09	0,10	7,104		X		
49	BH15	214,06	Altered Olivine Tholeiite	2,213	4,459	2,01	2,653	3,17	0,09	0,10	8,984		X		
50	BH9	210,47	Altered Olivine Tholeiite	2,251	4,482	1,99	2,616	3,74	0,10	0,11	2,776		X		
51	BH9	210,44	Altered Olivine Tholeiite	2,298	4,481	1,95	2,583	4,07	0,11	0,12	5,466		X		
52	BH9	210,41	Altered Olivine Tholeiite	2,273	4,466	1,96	2,535	4,85	0,13	0,15	3,603		X		
53	BH9	193,34	Scoria	2,309	4,501	1,95	2,475	5,52	0,14	0,17	0,929		X		
54	BH15	188,81	Sandstone	2,263	4,464	1,97	2,245	8,99	0,22	0,28	3,540		X		
55	BH15	188,78	Sandstone	2,334	4,466	1,91	2,165	10,55	0,26	0,34	3,104		X		
56	BH16	107,72	Conglomerate	2,274	4,467	1,96	2,251	8,59	0,21	0,27	2,583		X		
57	BH15	189,05	Sandstone	2,308	4,465	1,93	2,189	9,72	0,24	0,31	3,470		X		
58	BH15	189,02	Sandstone	2,304	4,465	1,94	2,186	9,84	0,24	0,31	3,542		X		
59	BH9	193,05	Scoria	2,272	4,490	1,98	2,397	6,22	0,16	0,19	1,066		X		
60	BH9	193,08	Scoria	2,369	4,494	1,90	2,452	5,79	0,15	0,18	0,728		X		
61	BH9	193,31	Scoria	2,326	4,505	1,94	2,380	7,01	0,18	0,22	0,483		X		
62	BH9	199,26	Scoria	2,295	4,492	1,96	2,216	9,36	0,23	0,30	0,607		X		
63	BH9	199,29	Scoria	2,261	4,502	1,99	2,359	7,26	0,18	0,23	0,895		X		
64	BH9	191,39	Scoria	2,282	4,497	1,97	2,228	8,69	0,21	0,27	0,914		X		
65	BH9	191,42	Scoria	2,278	4,495	1,97	2,251	7,43	0,18	0,22	0,837		X		
66	BH9	199,23	Scoria	2,301	4,494	1,95	2,275	8,51	0,21	0,27	0,513		X		
67	BH9	198,65	Altered Olivine Tholeiite	2,258	4,481	1,98	2,692	2,75	0,08	0,08	5,375		X		

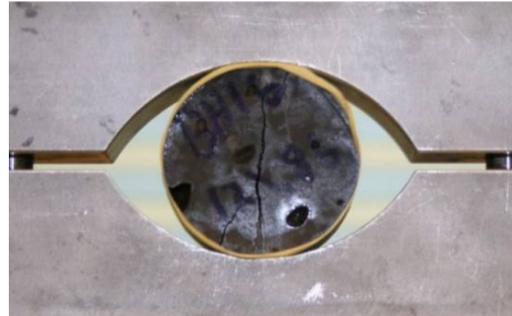
Sample nr.	Bore hole	Depth	Lithology	Height	Diameter	D/H	Bulk density	Water content	Porosity	Void ratio	Tensile strength	UCS	Brazil	Uniax	Triax
[-]	[-]	[m]	[-]	[cm]	[cm]	[-]	[g/cm ³]	[%]	[%]	[-]	[MPa]	[MPa]	[-]	[-]	[-]
68	BH9	198,77	Altered Olivine Tholeiite	2,310	4,485	1,94	2,696	2,72	0,08	0,08	5,184		X		
69	BH9	198,89	Altered Olivine Tholeiite	2,228	4,493	2,02	2,676	3,14	0,09	0,09	6,778		X		
70	BH16	85,52	Tholeiite	2,258	4,478	1,98	2,940	1,66	0,05	0,05	10,260		X		
71	BH16	85,55	Tholeiite	2,348	4,476	1,91	2,843	1,89	0,05	0,06	10,815		X		
72	BH16	85,58	Tholeiite	2,335	4,480	1,92	2,807	2,07	0,06	0,06	8,747		X		
73	BH12	30,61	Rhyolite (inhomogeneous)	2,302	4,470	1,94	1,911	11,31	0,24	0,32	2,312		X		
74	BH12	38,68	Rhyolite (inhomogeneous)	2,263	4,471	1,98	1,943	10,71	0,23	0,30	3,064		X		
75	BH12	38,71	Rhyolite (inhomogeneous)	2,262	4,470	1,98	1,947	10,89	0,24	0,31	1,627		X		
76	BH12	38,74	Rhyolite (inhomogeneous)	2,209	4,471	2,02	1,984	10,08	0,22	0,29	3,662		X		
77	BH12	42,01	Rhyolite (inhomogeneous)	2,285	4,472	1,96	2,044	8,72	0,20	0,24	2,156		X		
78	BH12	42,31	Rhyolite (inhomogeneous)	2,298	4,473	1,95	1,825	13,27	0,28	0,39	1,005		X		
79	BH12	43,77	Rhyolite (inhomogeneous)	2,263	4,475	1,98	1,821	13,41	0,28	0,39	1,557		X		
80	BH12	43,8	Rhyolite (inhomogeneous)	2,262	4,477	1,98	1,802	13,84	0,29	0,41	2,121		X		
81	BH12	43,95	Rhyolite (inhomogeneous)	2,292	4,478	1,95	1,855	12,16	0,26	0,35	1,457		X		
83	BH11	30,02	Rhyolite (homogeneous)	2,218	4,477	2,02	2,145	6,41	0,15	0,17	4,546		X		
84	BH11	30,15	Rhyolite (homogeneous)	2,240	4,484	2,00	2,134	7,03	0,16	0,19	4,792		X		
85	BH11	30,18	Rhyolite (homogeneous)	2,296	4,486	1,95	2,133	7,26	0,17	0,20	3,921		X		
86	BH11	30,21	Rhyolite (homogeneous)	2,284	4,487	1,97	2,123	7,46	0,17	0,21	4,378		X		
88	BH16	107,69	Conglomerate	2,291	4,464	1,95	2,202	10,01	0,24	0,32	1,928		X		
89	BH16	108,09	Conglomerate	2,231	4,464	2,00	2,323	6,12	0,15	0,18	1,898		X		
90	BH16	107,93	Conglomerate	2,238	4,466	2,00	2,148	10,89	0,26	0,36	2,177		X		
91	BH16	107,9	Conglomerate	2,308	4,469	1,94	2,205	9,96	0,24	0,32	2,874		X		
92	BH16	107,75	Conglomerate	2,330	4,471	1,92	2,389	7,13	0,18	0,22	1,566		X		
93	BH16	107,78	Conglomerate	2,306	4,479	1,94	2,223	9,37	0,23	0,30	2,304		X		
94	BH15	193,37	Sandstone	2,291	4,468	1,95	2,158	10,46	0,25	0,34	2,856		X		
95	BH15	193,49	Sandstone	2,297	4,467	1,94	2,182	9,37	0,23	0,29	3,353		X		
96	BH11	30,08	Rhyolite (homogeneous)	2,276	4,481	1,97	2,141	6,84	0,16	0,19	4,159		X		
97	BH16	107,95	Conglomerate	2,268	4,469	1,97	2,147	11,04	0,27	0,36	2,710		X		

Sample nr.	Borehole	Depth	Lithology	Height	Diameter	D/H	Bulk density	Water content	Porosity	Void ratio	Tensile strength	UCS	Elasticity modulus E (50%)	Poisson ratio v (50%)	Phi	c'	Brazil	Uniax	Triax
[-]	[-]	[m]	[-]	[cm]	[cm]	[-]	[g/cm ³]	[%]	[%]	[-]	[MPa]	[MPa]	[GPa]	[-]	[°]	[MPa]	[-]	[-]	[-]
1	BH16	121,92	Tholeiite (Vesicular)	9,039	4,460	0,49	2,670	3,08	0,08	0,09		89,4	15,21					X	
2	BH16	122,01	Tholeiite (Vesicular)	9,003	4,459	0,50	2,625	3,64	0,10	0,11		94,2	15,53					X	
3	BH16	122,1	Tholeiite (Vesicular)	9,014	4,459	0,49	2,575	3,61	0,10	0,11		78,6	17,72					X	
4	BH9	199,11	Altered Olivine Tholeiite	9,010	4,492	0,50	2,686	2,93	0,08	0,09		79,3	22,08					X	
5	BH9	210,23	Altered Olivine Tholeiite	9,025	4,477	0,50	2,594	3,99	0,11	0,12		55,5	18,67					X	
7	BH9	199,2	Altered Olivine Tholeiite	9,033	4,485	0,50	2,624	3,78	0,10	0,11		48,2	17,71					X	
8	BH15	213,91	Altered Olivine Tholeiite	9,031	4,466	0,49	2,674	3,23	0,09	0,10		93,5	43,48	0,182	78,2	46,2			X
9	BH15	213,73	Altered Olivine Tholeiite	9,077	4,469	0,49	2,698	2,97	0,08	0,09		91,4	25,00					X	
10	BH15	213,82	Altered Olivine Tholeiite	9,009	4,468	0,50	2,676	3,11	0,09	0,09		65,0	13,24					X	
11	BH9	193,28	Scoria	9,116	4,510	0,49	2,346	7,33	0,19	0,23		7,6	1,36					X	
12	BH9	191,51	Scoria	9,071	4,497	0,50	2,257	8,61	0,21	0,27		9,3	2,79					X	
13	BH9	198,68	Altered Olivine Tholeiite	9,040	4,487	0,50	2,711	2,55	0,07	0,08		80,7	21,38					X	
14	BH9	198,8	Altered Olivine Tholeiite	9,074	4,489	0,49	2,703	2,72	0,08	0,08		78,6	21,91					X	
15	BH16	85,4	Tholeiite	9,048	4,477	0,49	2,860	1,93	0,06	0,06		135,7	13,18					X	
16	BH16	85,49	Tholeiite	9,021	4,477	0,50	2,866	1,71	0,05	0,05		146,6	14,20					X	
18	BH15	188,93	Sandstone	9,040	4,465	0,49	2,212	9,55	0,23	0,30		33,3	6,03					X	
19	BH15	193,6	Sandstone	9,046	4,467	0,49	2,202	9,82	0,24	0,32		35,4	6,85					X	
20	BH15	193,51	Sandstone	9,027	4,468	0,50	2,248	9,50	0,24	0,31		34,7	6,44					X	
21	BH16	108,12	Conglomerate	9,001	4,467	0,50	2,084	12,11	0,29	0,40		18,2	5,22					X	
22	BH11	7,77	Rhyolite (homogeneous)	9,029	4,478	0,50	2,387	3,32	0,08	0,09		125,2	22,60					X	
23	BH11	30,46	Rhyolite (homogeneous)	9,043	4,483	0,50	2,067	8,70	0,20	0,25		52,4	16,95	0,155	67,9	25,2			X
25	BH12	42,04	Rhyolite (inhomogeneous)	9,022	4,475	0,50	1,983	10,31	0,23	0,30		16,8	5,41					X	
26	BH12	38,65	Rhyolite (inhomogeneous)	9,011	4,475	0,50	2,007	9,94	0,22	0,28		24,3	5,98					X	
27	BH12	43,92	Rhyolite (inhomogeneous)	8,999	4,482	0,50	1,761	15,20	0,32	0,46		7,1	3,07					X	
28	BH12	39,15	Rhyolite (inhomogeneous)	9,008	4,476	0,50	1,903	12,14	0,26	0,36		28,3	7,58					X	
29	BH12	43,83	Rhyolite (inhomogeneous)	9,052	4,476	0,49	1,843	13,49	0,29	0,40		8,8	3,45					X	
30	BH12	42,22	Rhyolite (inhomogeneous)	9,027	4,470	0,50	1,878	12,87	0,28	0,38		9,0	3,74					X	
31	BH12	43,68	Rhyolite (inhomogeneous)	9,044	4,466	0,49	1,783	14,75	0,31	0,45		8,9	3,41					X	
32	BH12	42,13	Rhyolite (inhomogeneous)	9,013	4,478	0,50	1,880	12,59	0,27	0,37		19,0	5,77					X	
33	BH12	30,52	Rhyolite (inhomogeneous)	8,999	4,473	0,50	1,918	11,93	0,26	0,35		36,0	11,76	0,163	63,4	17,0			X
34	BH11	7,86	Rhyolite (homogeneous)	9,020	4,480	0,50	2,380	3,49	0,09	0,09		116,2	27,09					X	
35	BH11	7,95	Rhyolite (homogeneous)	8,984	4,480	0,50	2,376	3,42	0,08	0,09		135,6	11,50					X	
36	BH15	193,4	Sandstone	9,014	4,470	0,50	2,213	9,72	0,24	0,31		32,7	7,36					X	
37	BH16	107,51	Conglomerate	9,059	4,459	0,49	2,224	9,91	0,24	0,32		19,1	6,91					X	
38	BH16	107,6	Conglomerate	9,044	4,466	0,49	2,134	11,35	0,27	0,38		10,7	4,21					X	
39	BH16	107,81	Conglomerate	9,008	4,469	0,50	2,301	8,99	0,23	0,29		39,4	16,13	0,116	64,6	18,7			X
40	BH16	108,04	Conglomerate	9,044	4,465	0,49	2,199	10,40	0,26	0,34		20,7	7,22					X	
41	BH16	108,3	Conglomerate	9,044	4,465	0,49	2,108	11,62	0,28	0,38		11,5	3,28					X	

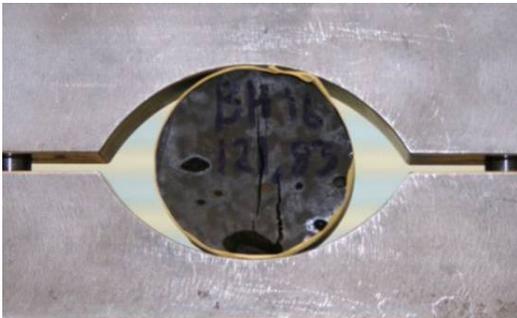
PICTURES OF SAMPLES AFTER BRAZIL TEST



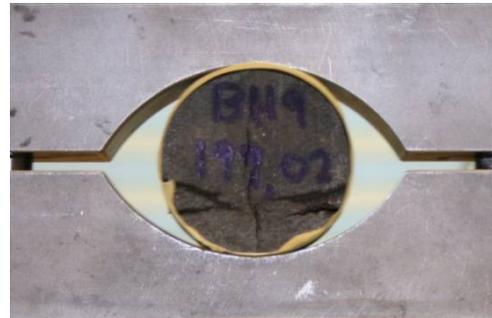
Nr. 42: Tholeiite (vesicular) $\sigma_t = 8,51$ MPa.



Nr. 43: Tholeiite (vesicular) $\sigma_t = 8,71$ MPa.



Nr. 44: Tholeiite (vesicular) $\sigma_t = 6,57$ MPa.



Nr. 45: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_t = 5,94$ MPa.



Nr. 46: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_t = 8,351$ MPa.



Nr. 47: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_t = 7,10$ MPa.



Nr. 48: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_t = 7,10$ MPa.



Nr. 49: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_t = 8,98$ MPa.



Nr. 50: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_t = 2,78$ MPa.



Nr. 51: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_t = 5,47$ MPa.



Nr. 52: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_t = 3,60$ MPa.



Nr. 53: Scoria $\sigma_t = 0,929$ MPa.



Nr. 54: Sandstone $\sigma_t = 3,54$ MPa.



Nr. 55: Sandstone $\sigma_t = 3,10$ MPa.



Nr. 56: Conglomerate $\sigma_t = 2,58$ MPa.



Nr. 57: Sandstone $\sigma_t = 3,47$ MPa.



Nr. 58: Sandstone $\sigma_t = 3,54$ MPa.



Nr. 59: Scoria $\sigma_t = 1,07$ MPa.



Nr. 60: Scoria $\sigma_t = 0,73$ MPa.



Nr. 61: Scoria $\sigma_t = 0,48$ MPa.



Nr. 62: Scoria $\sigma_t = 0,61$ MPa.



Nr. 63: Scoria $\sigma_t = 0,90$ MPa.



Nr. 64: Scoria $\sigma_t = 0,91$ MPa.



Nr. 65: Scoria $\sigma_t = 0,84$ MPa.



Nr. 66: Scoria $\sigma_t = 0,51$ MPa.



Nr. 67: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_t = 5,38$ MPa.



Nr. 68: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_t = 5,18$ MPa.



Nr. 69: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_t = 6,78$ MPa.



Nr. 70: Tholeiite $\sigma_t = 10,26$ MPa.



Nr. 71: Tholeiite $\sigma_t = 10,82$ MPa.



Nr. 72: Tholeiite $\sigma_t = 8,75$ MPa.



Nr. 73: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_t = 2,31$ MPa.



Nr. 74: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_t = 3,06$ MPa.



Nr. 75: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_t = 1,63$ MPa.



Nr. 76: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_t = 3,66$ MPa.



Nr. 77: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_t = 2,16$ MPa.



Nr. 78: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_t = 1,01$ MPa.



Nr. 79: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_t = 1,56$ MPa.



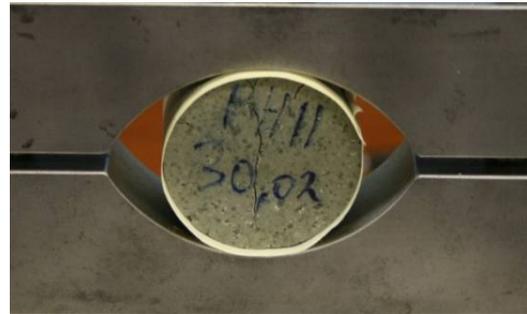
Nr. 80: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_t = 2,12$ MPa.



Nr. 81: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_t = 1,46$ MPa.



Nr. 82: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) Test failure.



Nr. 83: Rhyolite (homogeneous) $\sigma_t = 4,55$ MPa.



Nr. 84: Rhyolite (homogeneous) $\sigma_t = 4,79$ MPa.



Nr. 85: Rhyolite (homogeneous) $\sigma_t = 3,92$ MPa.



Nr. 86: Rhyolite (homogeneous) $\sigma_t = 4,38$ MPa.



Nr. 87: Rhyolite (homogeneous) $\sigma_t = 2,61$ MPa.



Nr. 88: Conglomerate $\sigma_t = 1,93$ MPa.



Nr. 89: Conglomerate $\sigma_t = 1,90$ MPa.



Nr. 90: Conglomerate $\sigma_t = 2,78$ MPa.



Nr. 91: Conglomerate $\sigma_t = 2,87$ MPa.



Nr. 92: Conglomerate $\sigma_t = 1,57$ MPa.



Nr. 93: Conglomerate $\sigma_t = 2,30$ MPa.



Nr. 94: Sandstone $\sigma_t = 2,86$ MPa.



Nr. 95: Sandstone $\sigma_t = 3,35$ MPa.



Nr. 96: Rhyolite (homogeneous) $\sigma_t = 4,16$ MPa.



Nr. 97: Conglomerate $\sigma_t = 2,71$ MPa.

PICTURES OF SAMPLES AFTER UNIAXIAL COMPRESSION TEST

Nr. 1: Tholeiite (vesicular) $\sigma_c = 89,4$ MPa.Nr. 2: Tholeiite (vesicular) $\sigma_c = 94,2$ MPa.Nr. 3: Tholeiite (vesicular) $\sigma_c = 78,6$ MPa.Nr. 4: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_c = 79,3$ MPa.Nr. 5: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_c = 55,5$ MPa.Nr. 6: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_c = 29,3$ MPa.



Nr. 7: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_c = 48,2$ MPa.



Nr. 9: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_c = 91,4$ MPa.



Nr. 10: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_c = 65,0$ MPa.



Nr. 11: Scoria $\sigma_c = 7,6$ MPa.



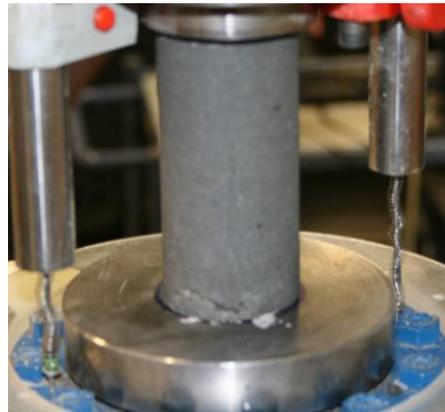
Nr. 12: Scoria $\sigma_c = 9,3$ MPa.



Nr. 13: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_c = 80,7$ MPa.



Nr. 14: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_c = 78,6$ MPa.



Nr. 15: Tholeiite $\sigma_c = 135,7$ MPa.



Nr. 18: Sandstone $\sigma_c = 33,3$ MPa.



Nr. 19: Sandstone $\sigma_c = 35,4$ MPa.



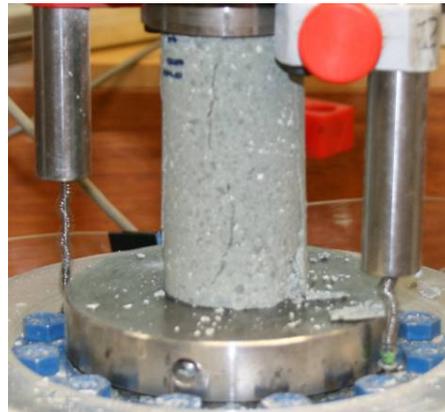
Nr. 20: Sandstone $\sigma_c = 34,7$ MPa.



Nr. 21: Conglomerate $\sigma_c = 33,3$ MPa.



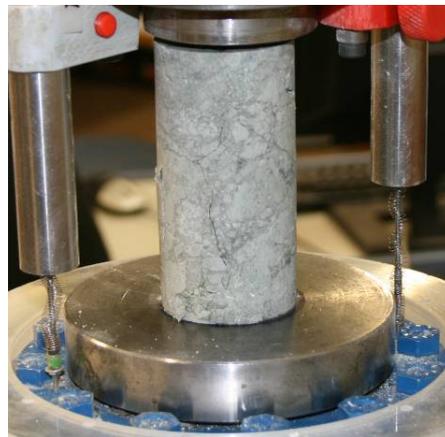
Nr. 22: Rhyolite (homogeneous) $\sigma_c = 125,2$ MPa.



Nr. 24: Rhyolite (homogeneous) $\sigma_c = 41,9$ MPa.



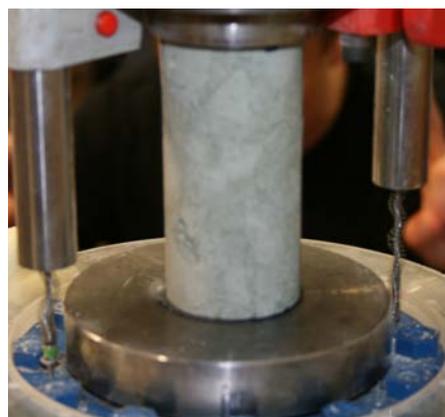
Nr. 25: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_c = 16,8$ MPa.



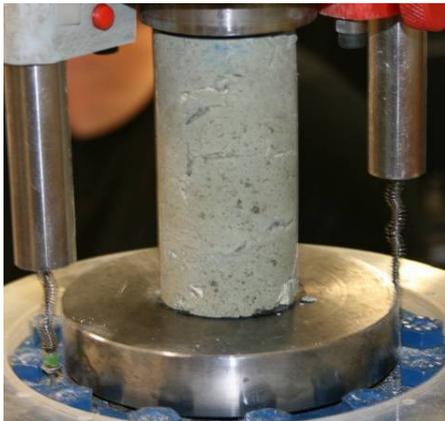
Nr. 26: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_c = 24,3$ MPa.



Nr. 27: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_c = 7,1$ MPa.



Nr. 28: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_c = 28,3$ MPa.



Nr. 29: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_c = 8,8$ MPa.



Nr. 30: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_c = 9,0$ MPa.



Nr. 31: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_c = 8,9$ MPa.



Nr. 32: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_c = 19,0$ MPa.



Nr. 36: Sandstone $\sigma_c = 32,7$ MPa.



Nr. 37: Conglomerate $\sigma_c = 19,1$ MPa.



Nr. 38: Conglomerate $\sigma_c = 10,7$ MPa.



Nr. 40: Conglomerate $\sigma_c = 20,7$ MPa.



Nr. 41: Conglomerate $\sigma_c = 11,5$ MPa.



Nr. 16: Tholeiite $\sigma_c = 11,5$ MPa.

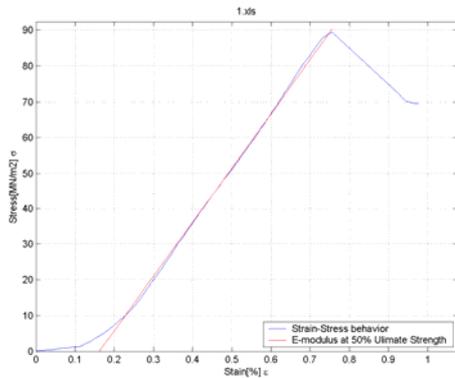


Nr. 34: Rhyolite (homogeneous) $\sigma_c = 116,2$ MPa.

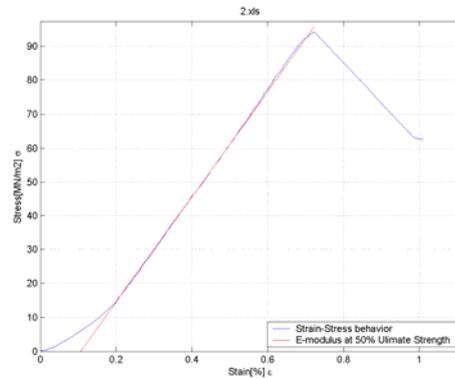


Nr. 35: Rhyolite (homogeneous) $\sigma_c = 135,6$ MPa.

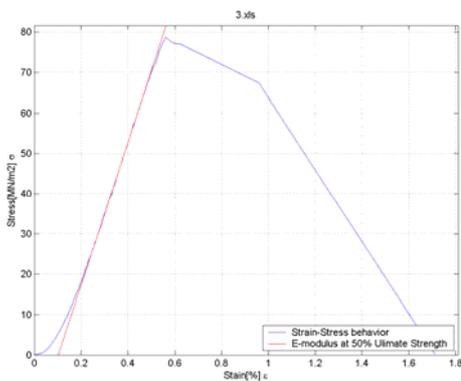
PLOTS FROM UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST



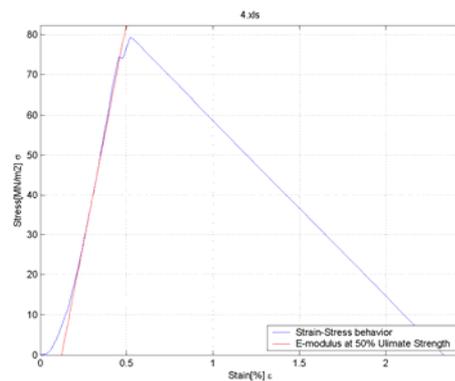
Nr. 1: Tholeiite (vesicular) $\sigma_c = 89,4$ MPa,
E-modulus = 15,21 GPa.



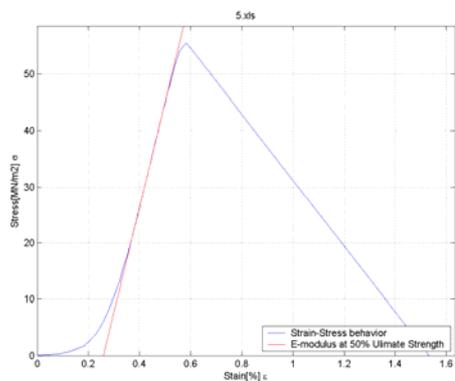
Nr. 2: Tholeiite (vesicular) $\sigma_c = 94,2$ MPa,
E-modulus = 15,53 GPa.



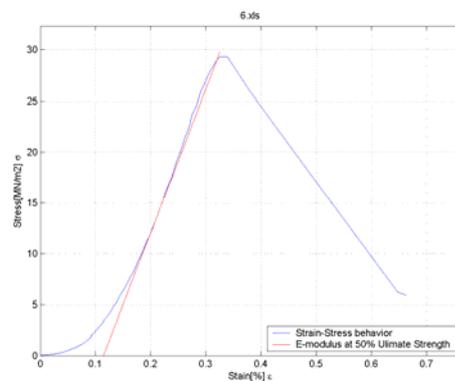
Nr. 3: Tholeiite (vesicular) $\sigma_c = 78,6$ MPa,
E-modulus = 17,72 GPa.



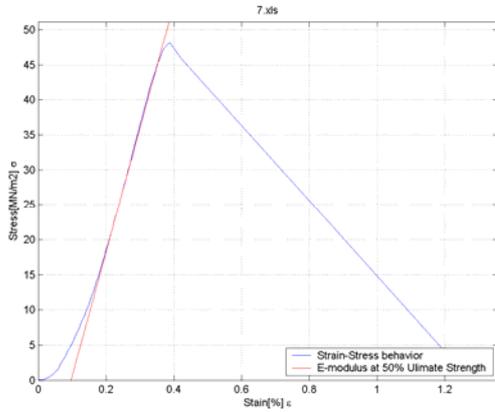
Nr. 4: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_c = 79,3$ MPa,
E-modulus = 22,08 GPa.



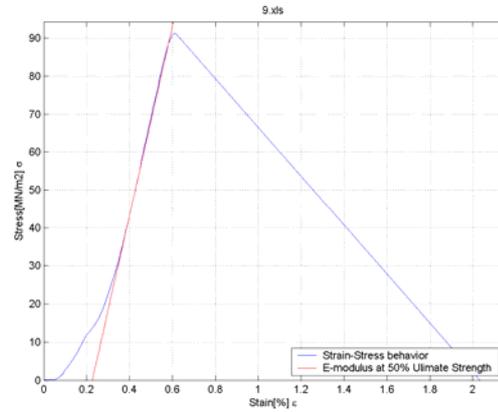
Nr. 5: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_c = 55,5$ MPa,
E-modulus = 18,67 GPa.



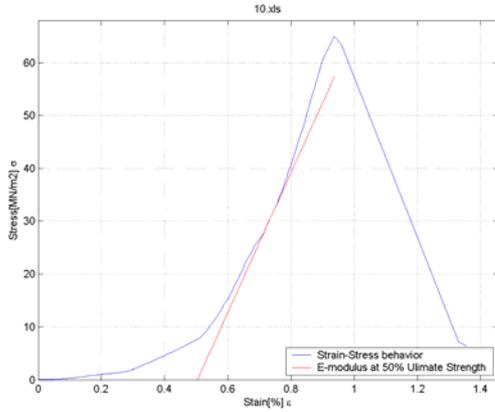
Nr. 6: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_c = 29,3$ MPa,
E-modulus = 14,11 GPa.



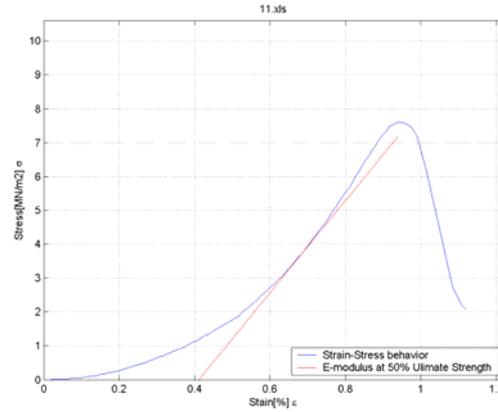
Nr. 7: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_c = 48,2$ MPa,
E-modulus = 17,71 GPa.



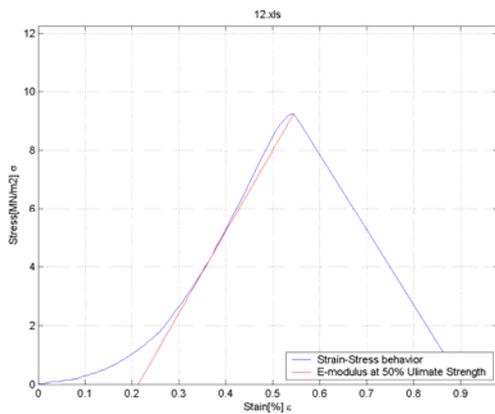
Nr. 9: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_c = 91,4$ MPa,
E-modulus = 25,00 GPa.



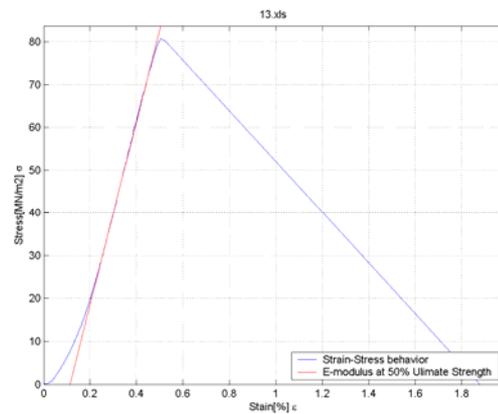
Nr. 10: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_c = 65,0$ MPa,
E-modulus = 13,24 GPa.



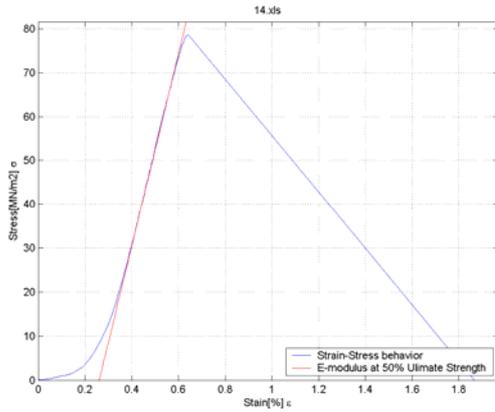
Nr. 11: Scoria $\sigma_c = 7,6$ MPa,
E-modulus = 1,36 GPa.



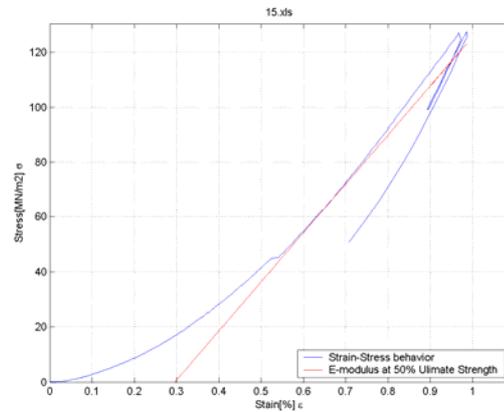
Nr. 12: Scoria $\sigma_c = 9,3$ MPa,
E-modulus = 2,79 GPa.



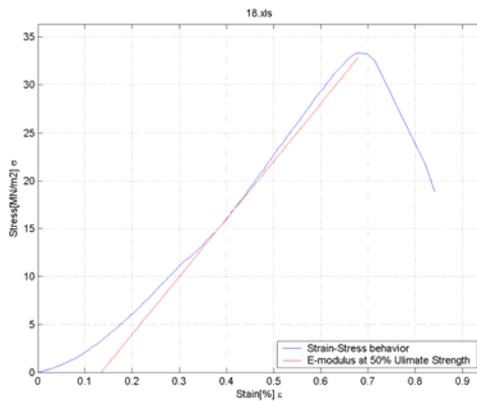
Nr. 13: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_c = 80,7$ MPa,
E-modulus = 21,38 GPa.



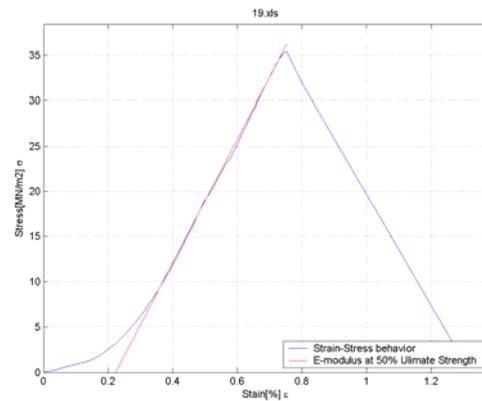
Nr. 14: Altered olivine tholeiite $\sigma_c = 78,6$ MPa,
E-modulus = 21,91 GPa.



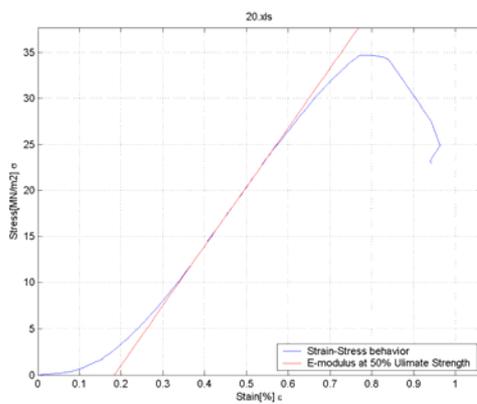
Nr. 15: Tholeiite $\sigma_c = 135,7$ MPa,
E-modulus = 13,18 GPa.



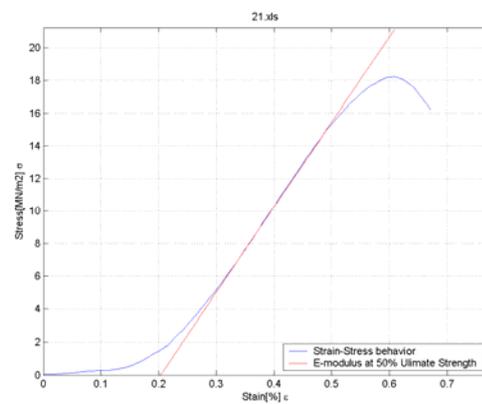
Nr. 18: Sandstone $\sigma_c = 33,3$ MPa,
E-modulus = 6,03 GPa.



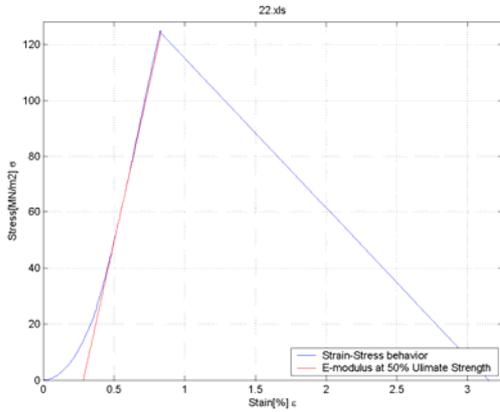
Nr. 19: Sandstone $\sigma_c = 35,4$ MPa,
E-modulus = 6,85 GPa.



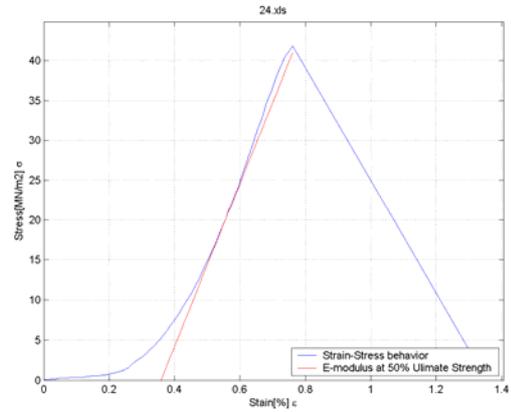
Nr. 20: Sandstone $\sigma_c = 34,7$ MPa,
E-modulus = 6,44 GPa.



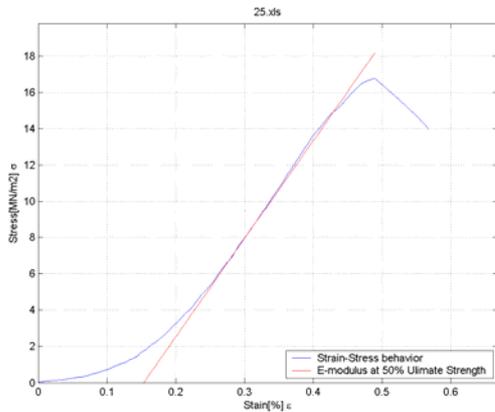
Nr. 21: Conglomerate $\sigma_c = 33,3$ MPa,
E-modulus = 5,22 GPa.



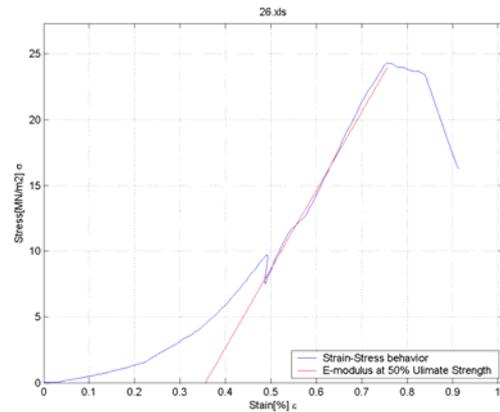
Nr. 22: Rhyolite (homogeneous) $\sigma_c = 125,2$ MPa,
E-modulus = 22,60 GPa.



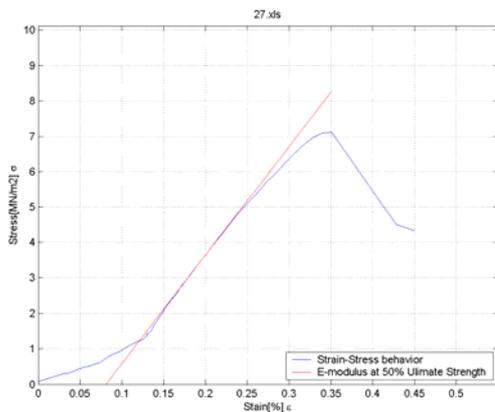
Nr. 24: Rhyolite (homogeneous) $\sigma_c = 41,9$ MPa,
E-modulus = 10,18 GPa.



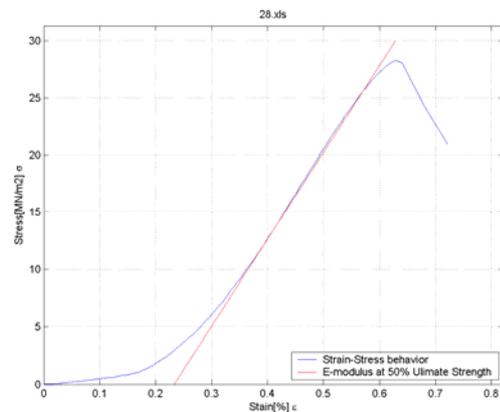
Nr. 25: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_c = 16,8$ MPa,
E-modulus = 5,41 GPa.



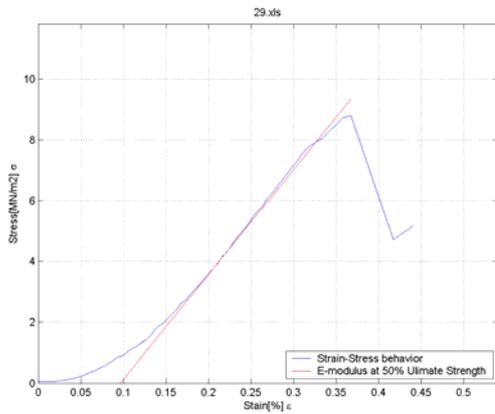
Nr. 26: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_c = 24,3$ MPa,
E-modulus = 5,98 GPa.



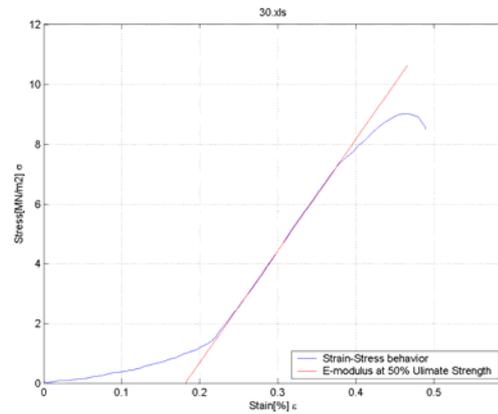
Nr. 27: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_c = 7,1$ MPa,
E-modulus = 3,07 GPa.



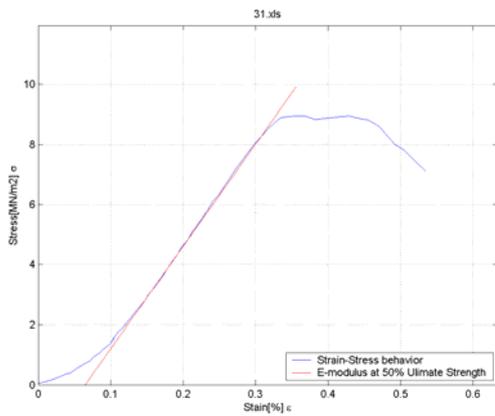
Nr. 28: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_c = 28,3$ MPa,
E-modulus = 7,58 GPa.



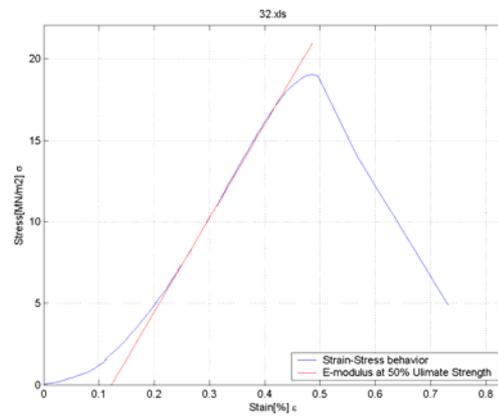
Nr. 29: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_c = 8,8$ MPa,
E-modulus = 3,45 GPa.



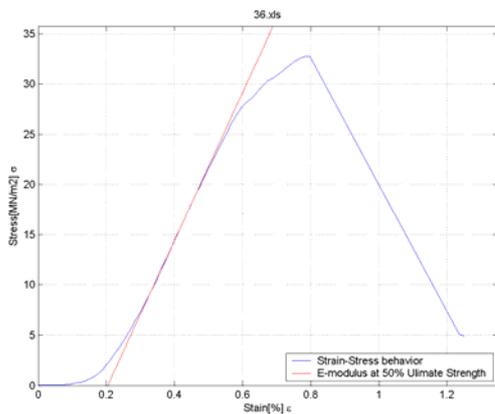
Nr. 30: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_c = 9,0$ MPa,
E-modulus = 3,74 GPa.



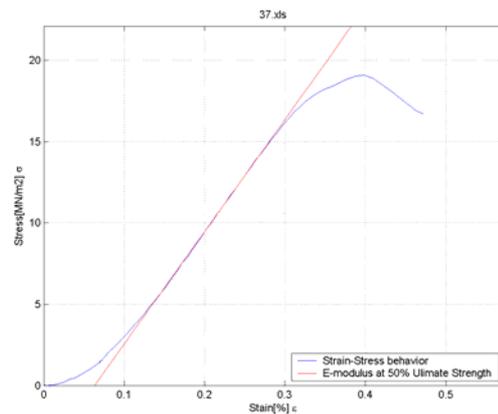
Nr. 31: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_c = 8,9$ MPa,
E-modulus = 3,41 GPa..



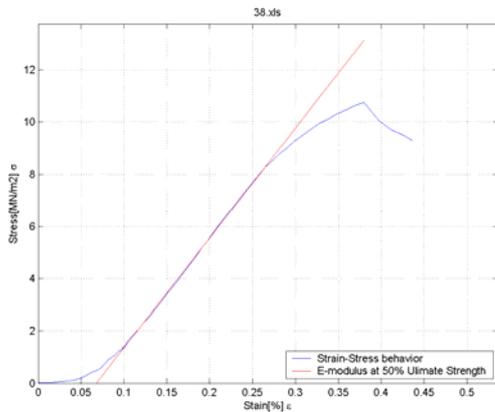
Nr. 32: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous) $\sigma_c = 19,0$ MPa,
E-modulus = 5,77 GPa.



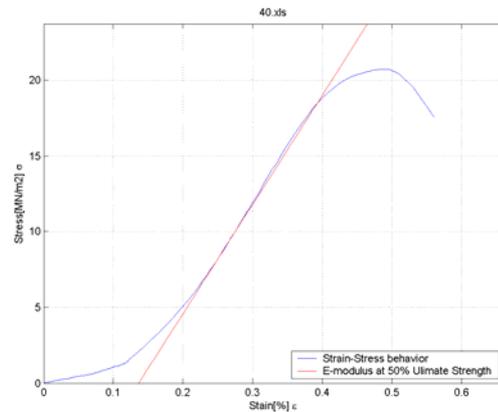
Nr. 36: Sandstone $\sigma_c = 32,7$ MPa,
E-modulus = 7,36 GPa.



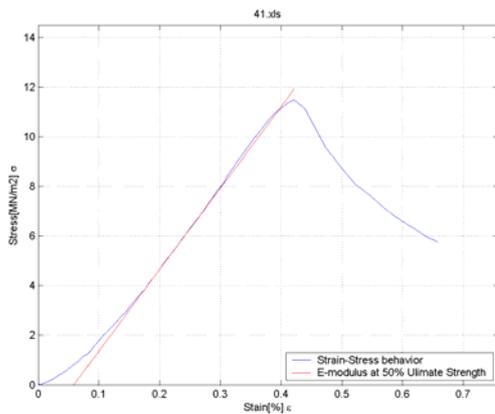
Nr. 37: Conglomerate $\sigma_c = 19,1$ MPa,
E-modulus = 6,91 GPa.



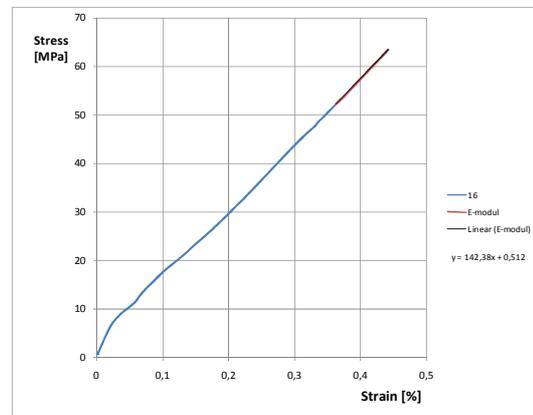
Nr. 38: Conglomerate $\sigma_c = 10,7$ MPa,
E-modulus = 4,21 GPa.



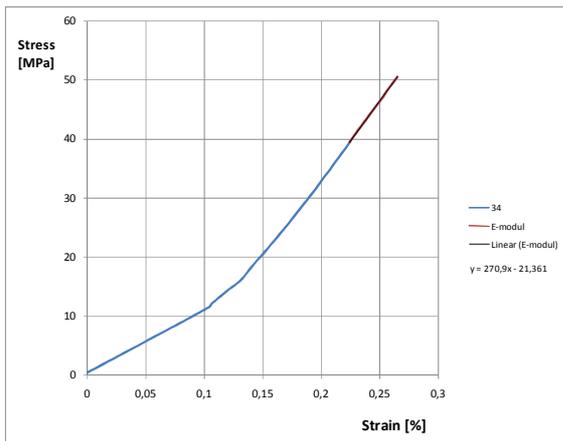
Nr. 40: Conglomerate $\sigma_c = 20,7$ MPa,
E-modulus = 7,22 GPa.



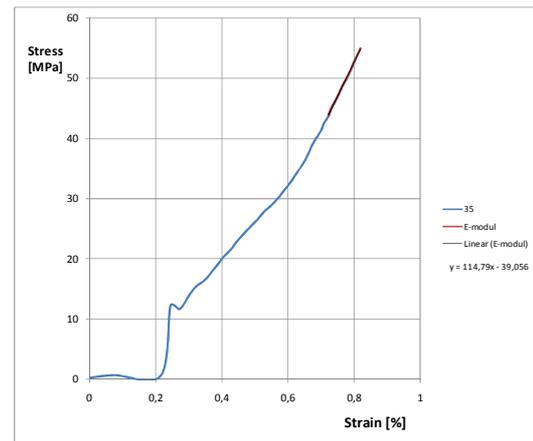
Nr. 41: Conglomerate $\sigma_c = 11,5$ MPa,
E-modulus = 3,28 GPa.



Nr. 16: Tholeiite $\sigma_c = 11,5$ MPa,
E-modulus = 14,20 GPa.

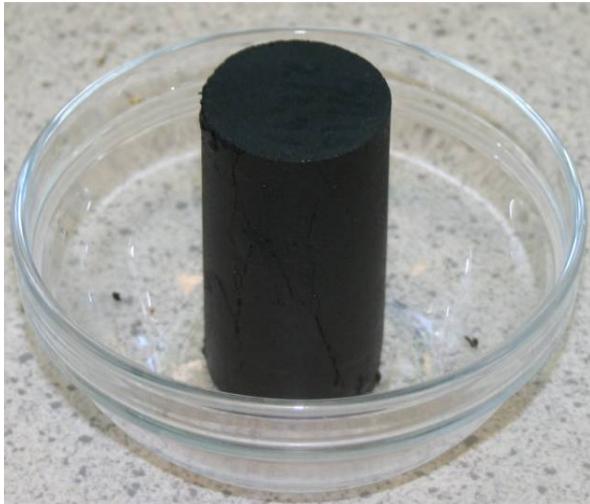


Nr. 34: Rhyolite (homogeneous) $\sigma_c = 116,2$ MPa,
E-modulus = 27,09 GPa.

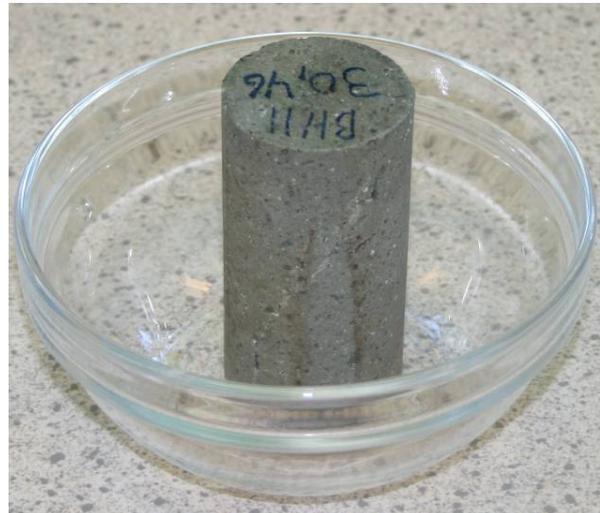


Nr. 35: Rhyolite (homogeneous) $\sigma_c = 135,6$ MPa,
E-modulus = 11,50 GPa.

PHOTOS OF SAMPLES AFTER TRIAXIAL TEST



Nr. 8: Altered olivine tholeiite
Failure at: $\sigma_1 = 93,48$ MPa and $\sigma_3 = 1,00$ MPa



Nr. 23: Rhyolite (homogeneous)
Failure at: $\sigma_1 = 52,39$ MPa and $\sigma_3 = 2,00$ MPa



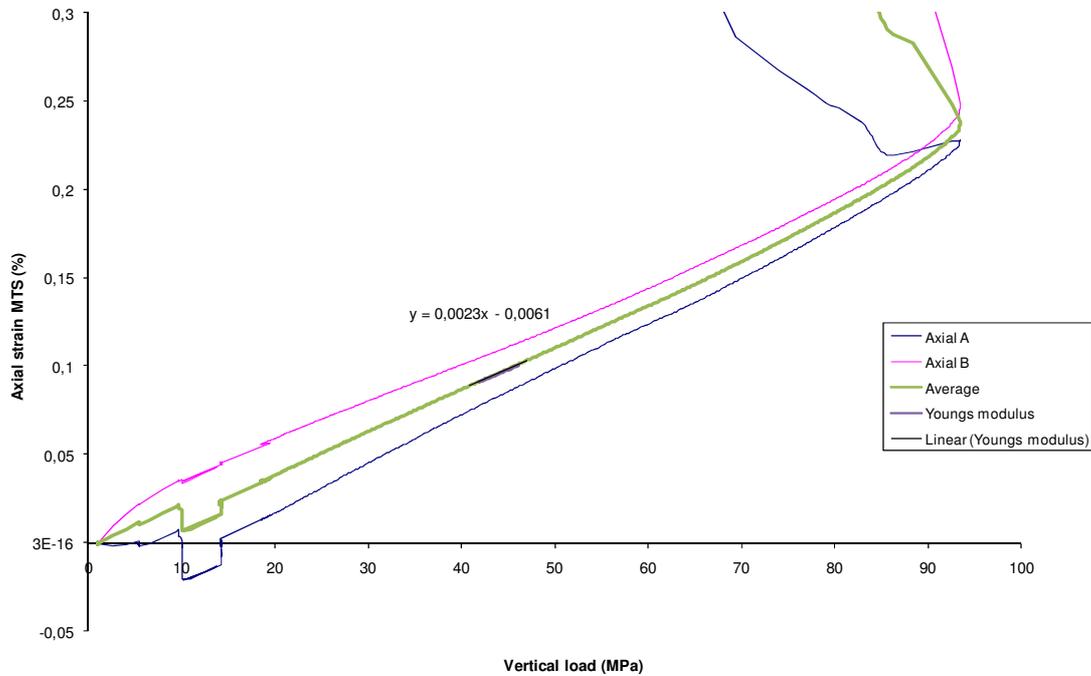
Nr. 33: Rhyolite (inhomogeneous)
Failure at: $\sigma_1 = 36,04$ MPa and $\sigma_3 = 2,01$ MPa



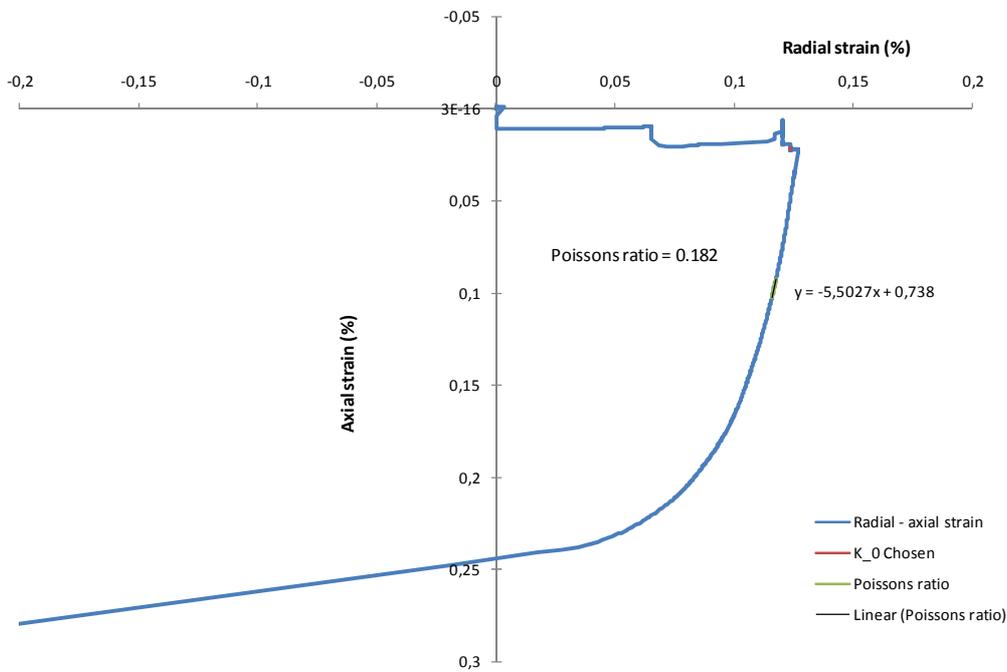
Nr. 39: Conglomerate
Failure at: $\sigma_1 = 39,40$ MPa and $\sigma_3 = 2,00$ MPa

RESULTS PLOTS FROM TRIAXIAL TESTS

Sample 8 - Altered olivine tholeiite:

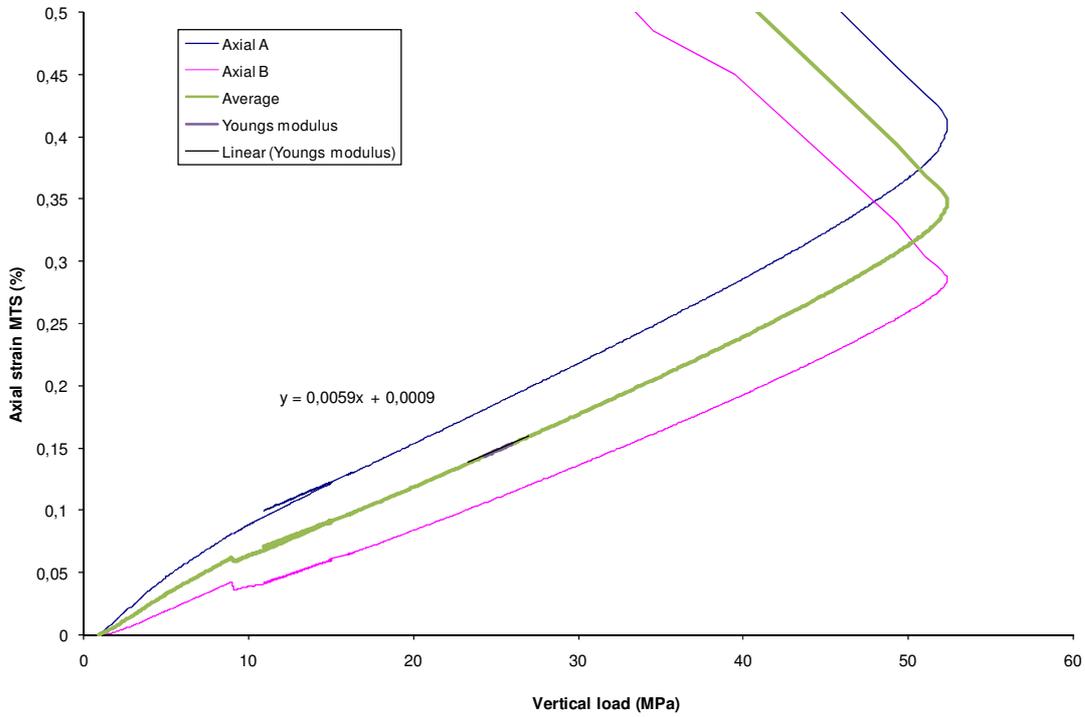


E-modulus = 43,48 GPa.

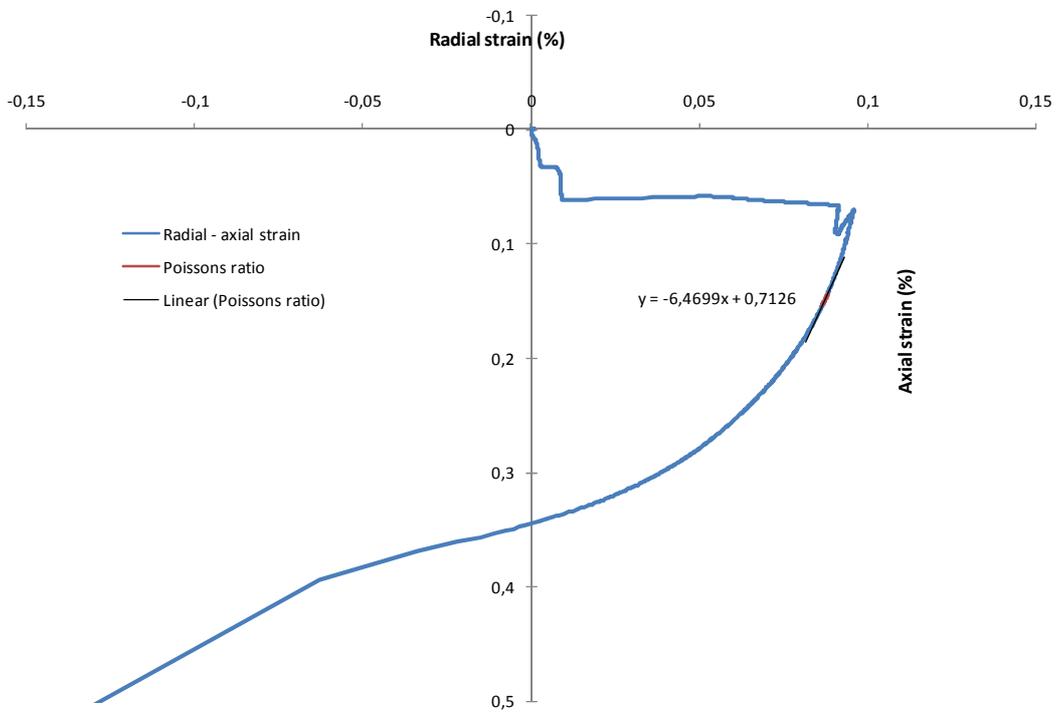


Poisson ratio = 0,182

Sample 23 – Rhyolite (homogeneous):

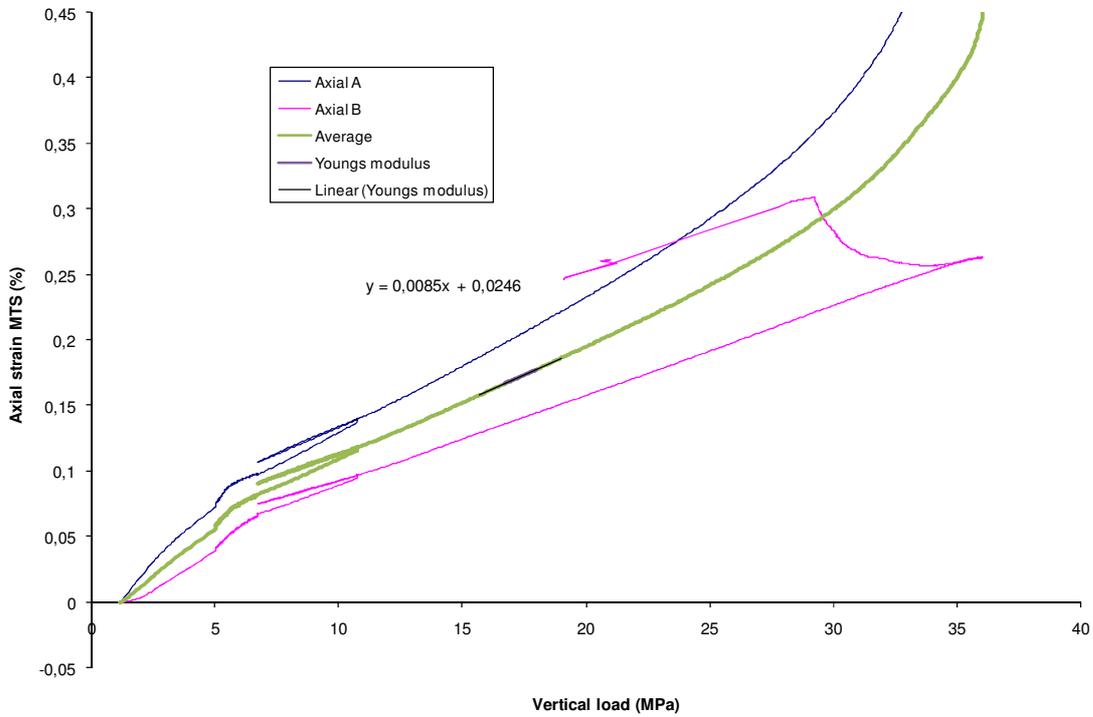


E-modulus = 16,95 GPa.

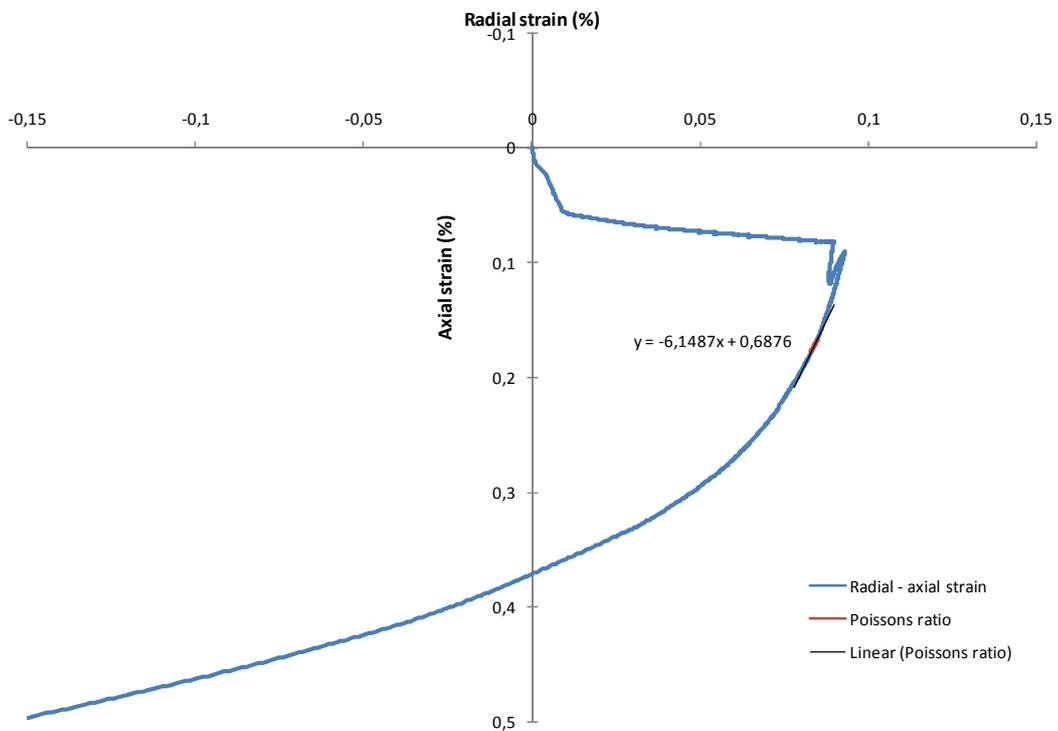


Poisson ratio = 0,155

Sample 33 – Rhyolite (inhomogeneous):

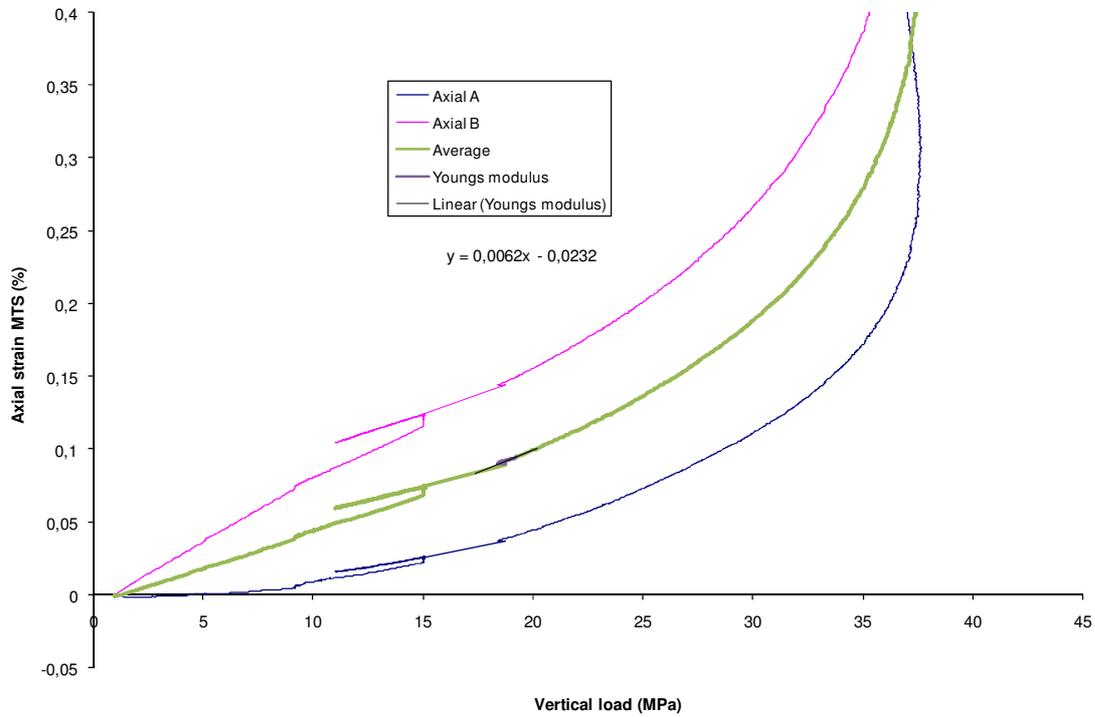


E-modulus = 11,76 GPa.

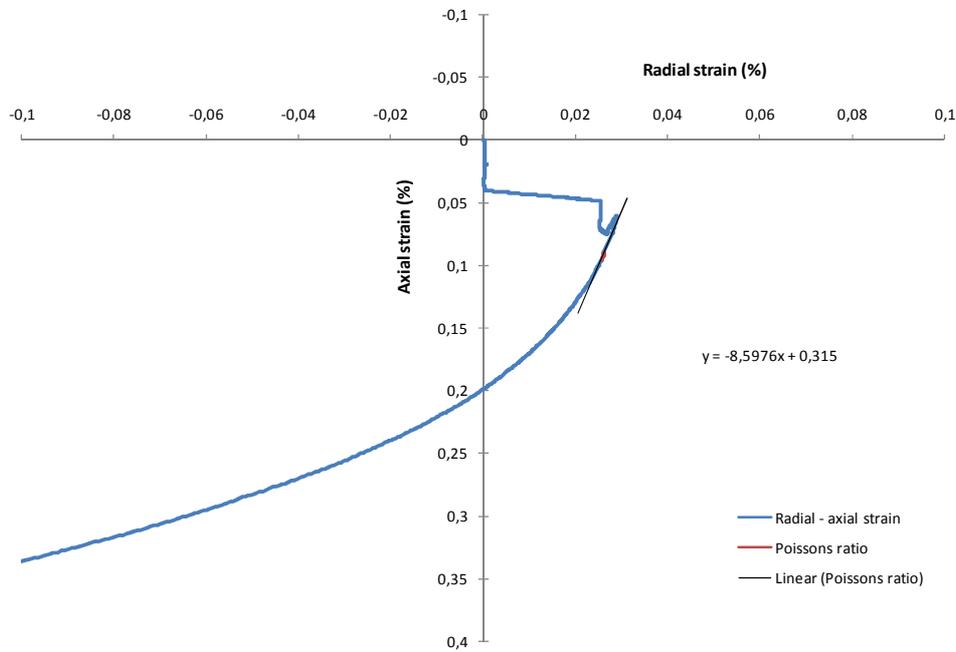


Poisson ratio = 0,163

Sample 39 – Conglomerate:



E-modulus = 39,40 GPa.



Poisson ratio = 0,116

COMPARISON OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS AND OTHER TEST RESULTS FROM ICELAND.

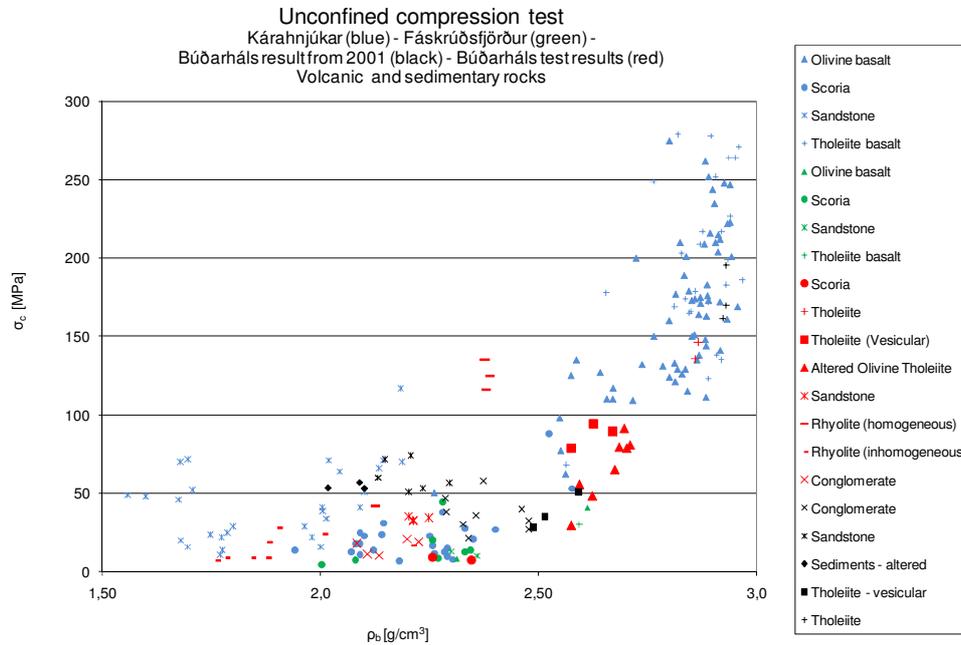


Figure 5-1. Uniaxial Compression tests vs. bulk density for volcanic and sedimentary rocks in Iceland.

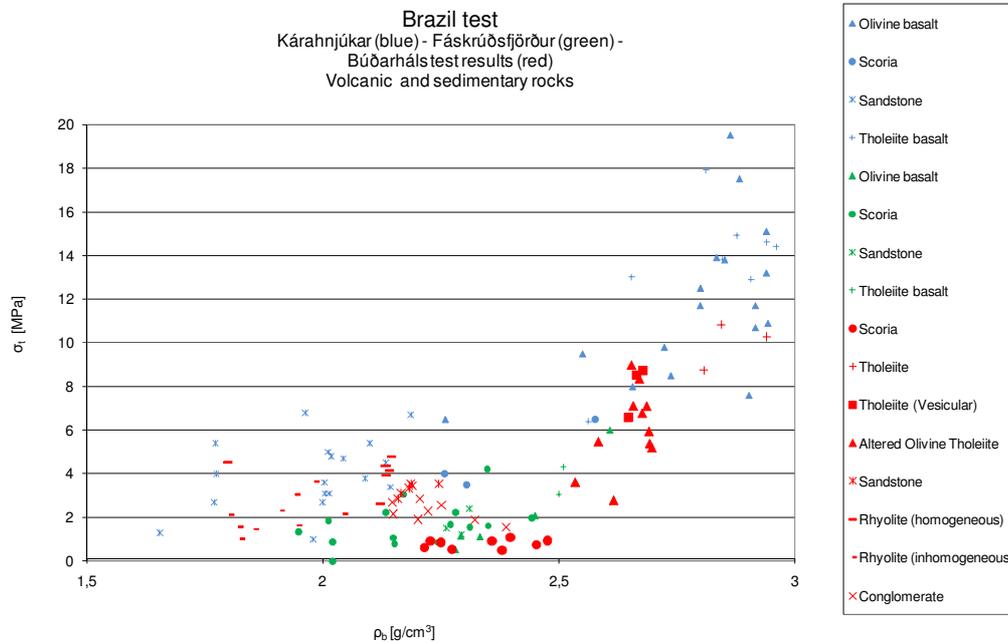


Figure 5-2. Brazil tests vs. bulk density for volcanic and sedimentary rocks in Iceland.

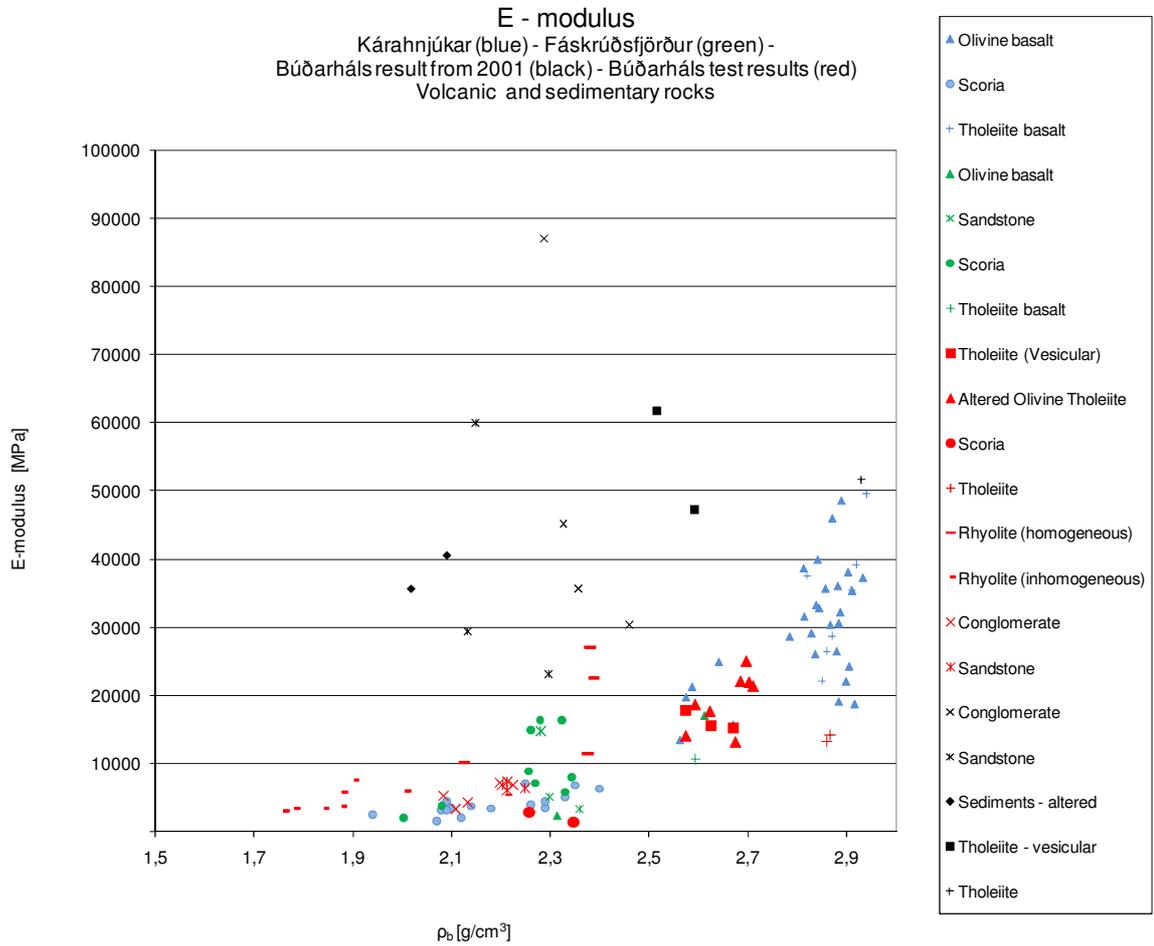


Figure 5-3. E-modulus vs. bulk density for volcanic and sedimentary rocks in Iceland.

6. Appendix – Numerical analysis

This appendix contains pictures further results from the numerical analysis as well as some results from the sensitivity analysis.

- ❖ Figures from the results of numerical analysis
- ❖ Discussion on results
- ❖ Sensitivity analysis, figures and results

RHYOLITE

Results from the rhyolite numerical analysis are shown here in figures and tables.

Rhyolite	RSC 3		RSC 2	
	Base GSI	Min GSI	Base GSI	Min GSI
Total displacement	0,01609	0,01831	0,02436	0,02763
Yielded elements	216	291	256	325
Yielded bolt el.	50	60	48	66
Yielded liner el.	2	2	32	34

Table 2. Results from the rhyolite, total displacement is in meters.

The following 4 figures show results from using RSC2 to support the rhyolite section.

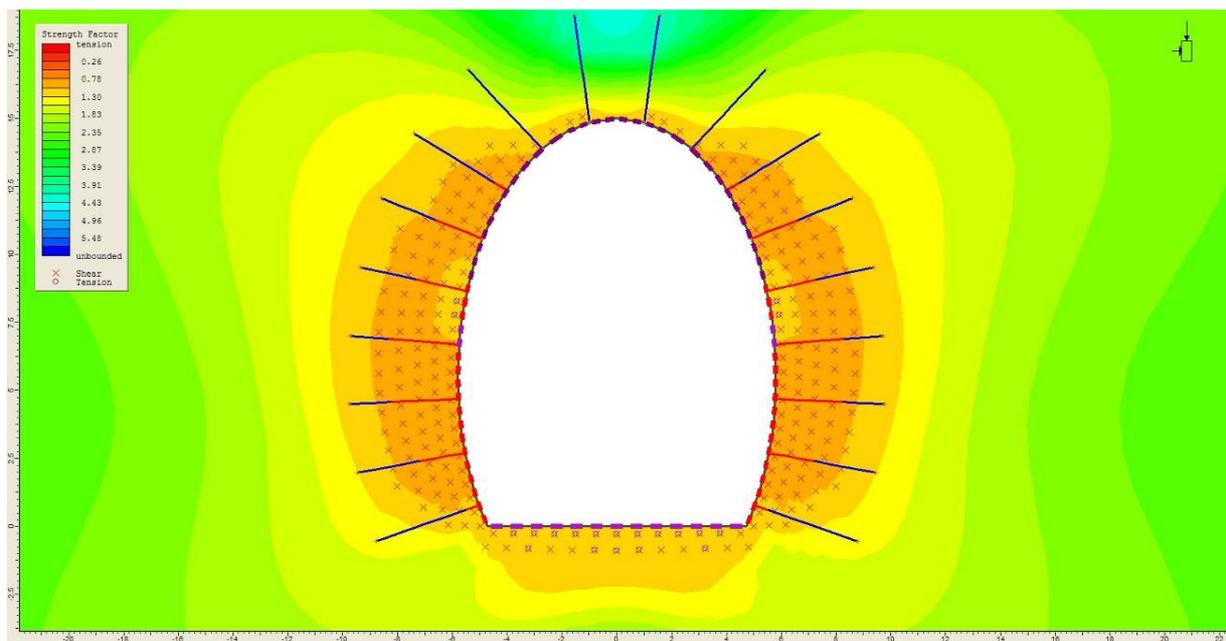


Figure 6-1. Strength factor, GSI base, RSC 2.

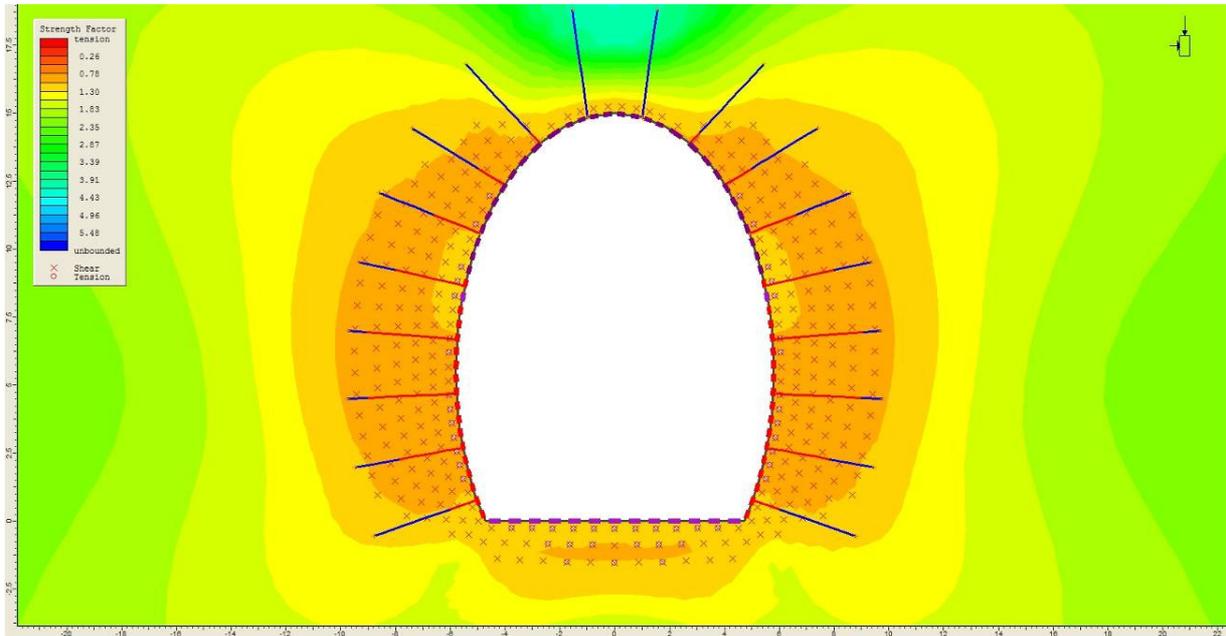


Figure 6-2. Strength factor, GSI min, RSC 2.

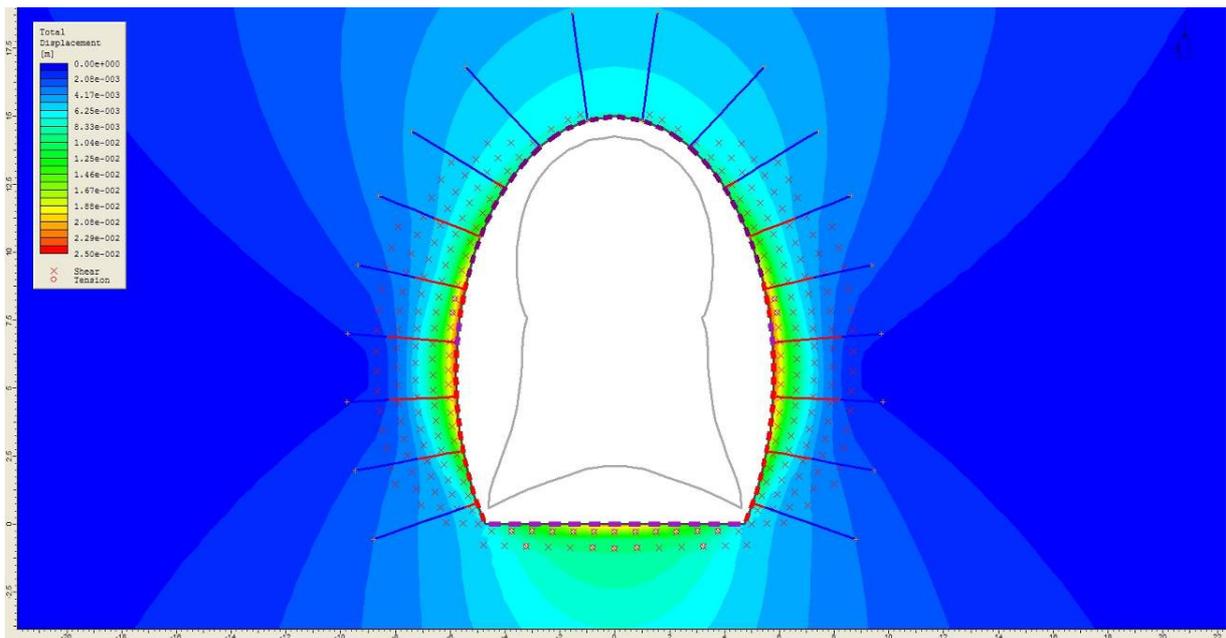


Figure 6-3. Total displacement, GSI base, RSC 2, max displacement is 24 mm.

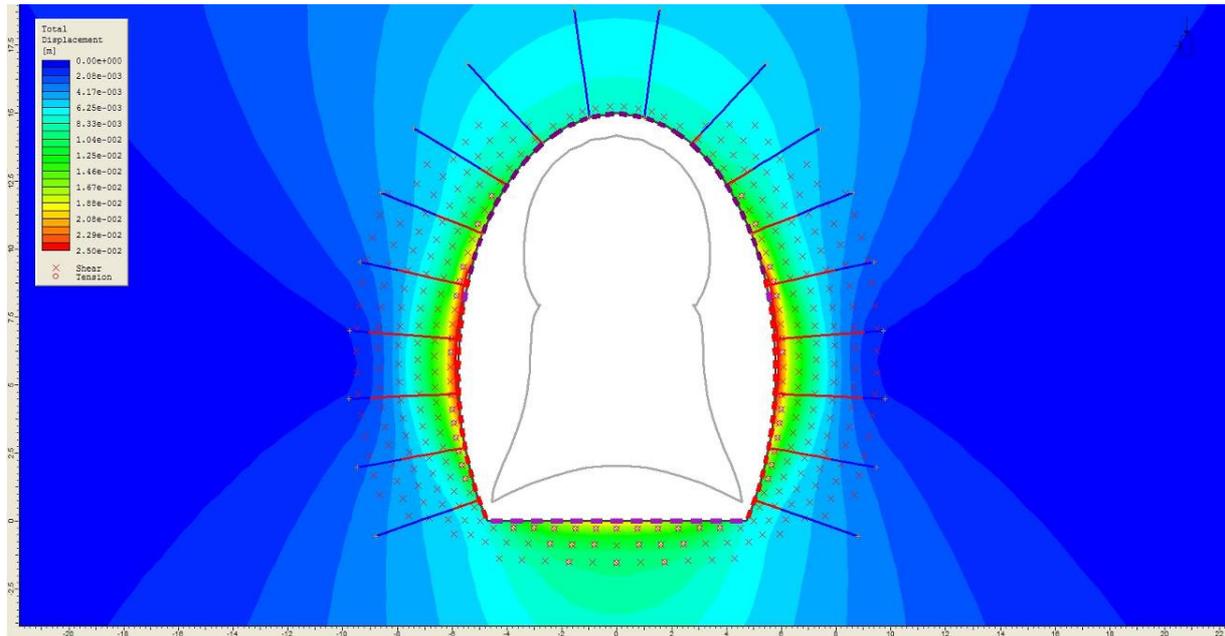


Figure 6-4. Total displacement, GSI min, RSC 2, max displacement is 27 mm.

DEEPEST CROSS-SECTION

Results from the deepest cross-section numerical analysis are shown here in figures and tables. Also shown are two results from the sensitivity analysis. The Poisson's ratio test and the Elastic modulus test. In the Poisson's ratio test the ratio in the tholeiite was set to 0,25. In the Elastic modulus test the elastic modulus for the materials was set to twice the used values.

Deepest	RSC 3		RSC 2		RSC 3 extra
	Base GSI	Min GSI	Base GSI	Min GSI	Base GSI
Total displacement	0,02565	0,02345	0,03419	0,03002	0,02197
Yielded elements	827	932	878	998	805
Yielded bolt el.	124	148	123	180	106
Yielded liner el.	14	16	40	56	2

Table 3. Results from the deepest cross-section, total displacement is in meters.

Deepest	RSC 3 (poisson test)	RSC 3 (E test)
	Base	Base
Total displacement	0,02818	0,01331
Yielded elements	826	859
Yielded bolt el.	123	106
Yielded liner el.	14	0

Table 4. Results from the sensitivity analysis.

The following 4 figures show an attempt to support this cross-section with RSC 2.

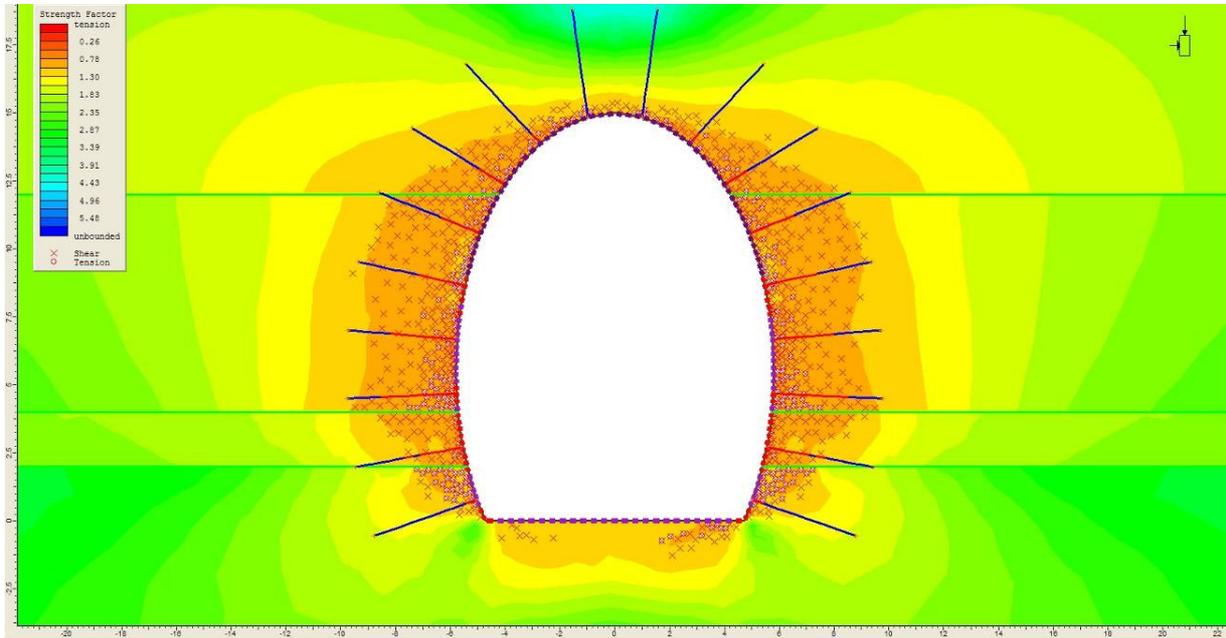


Figure 6-5. Strength factor,GSI base, RSC 2.

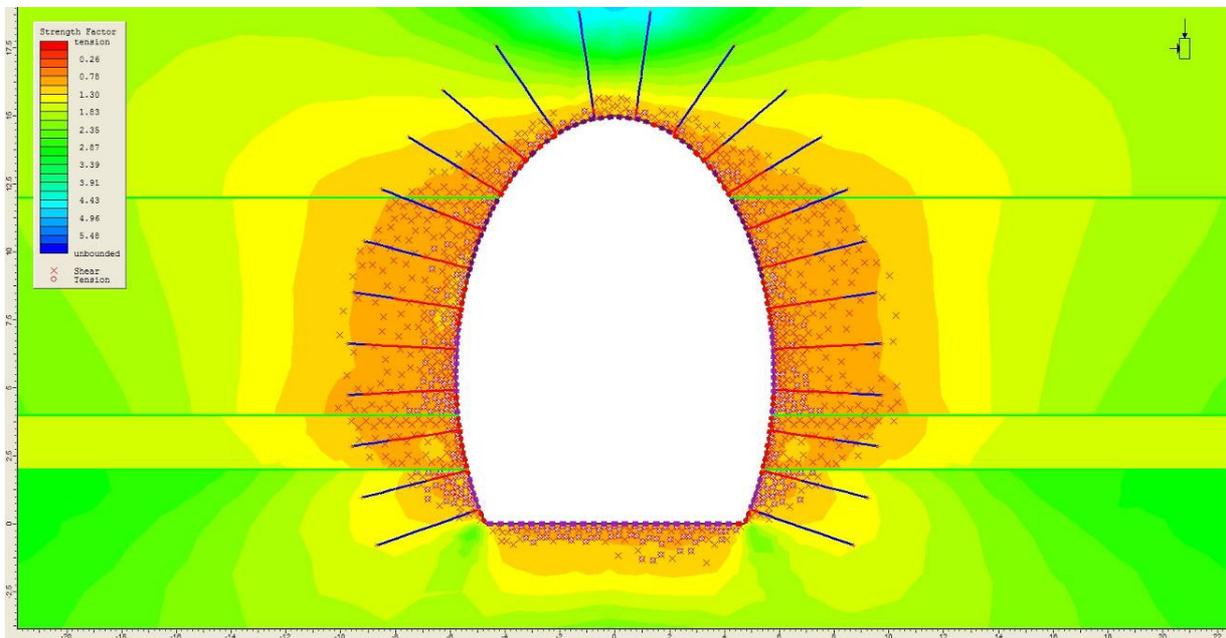


Figure 6-6. Strength factor, GSI min, RSC 2.

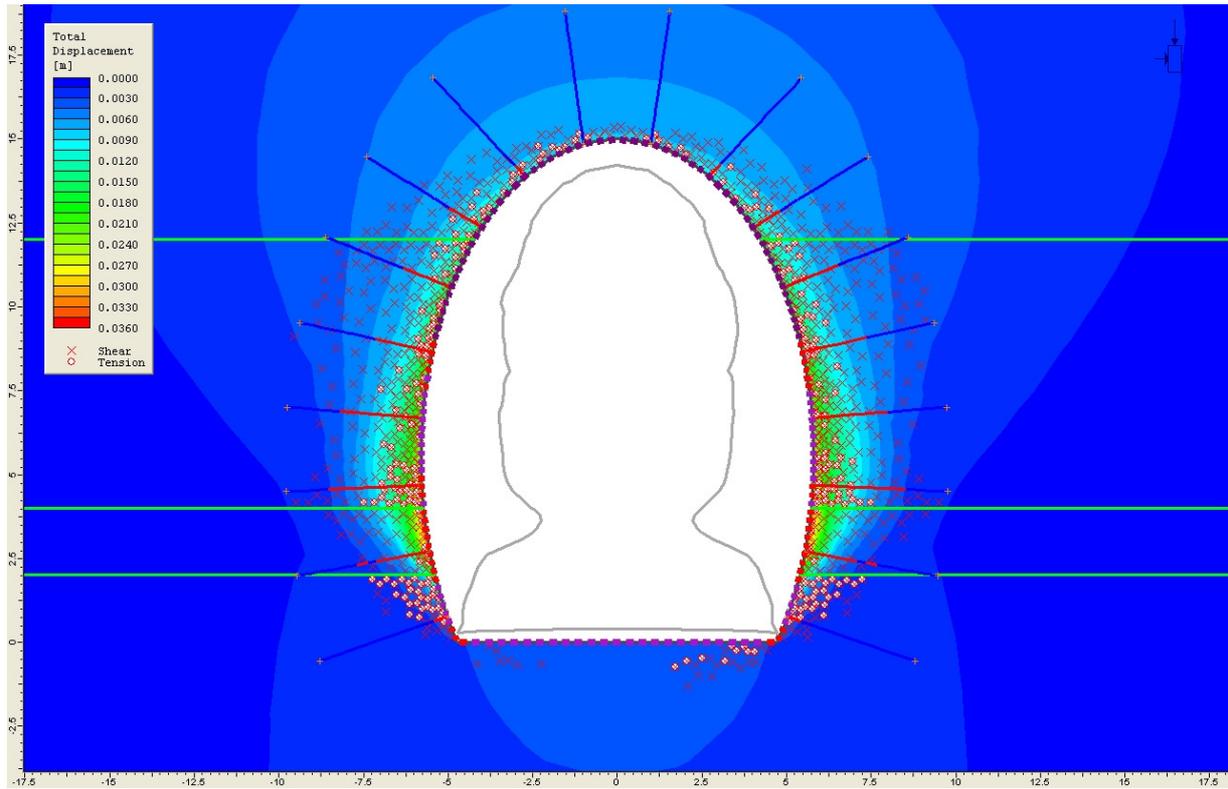


Figure 6-7. Total displacement, GSI base, RSC 2, max displacement is 34 mm.

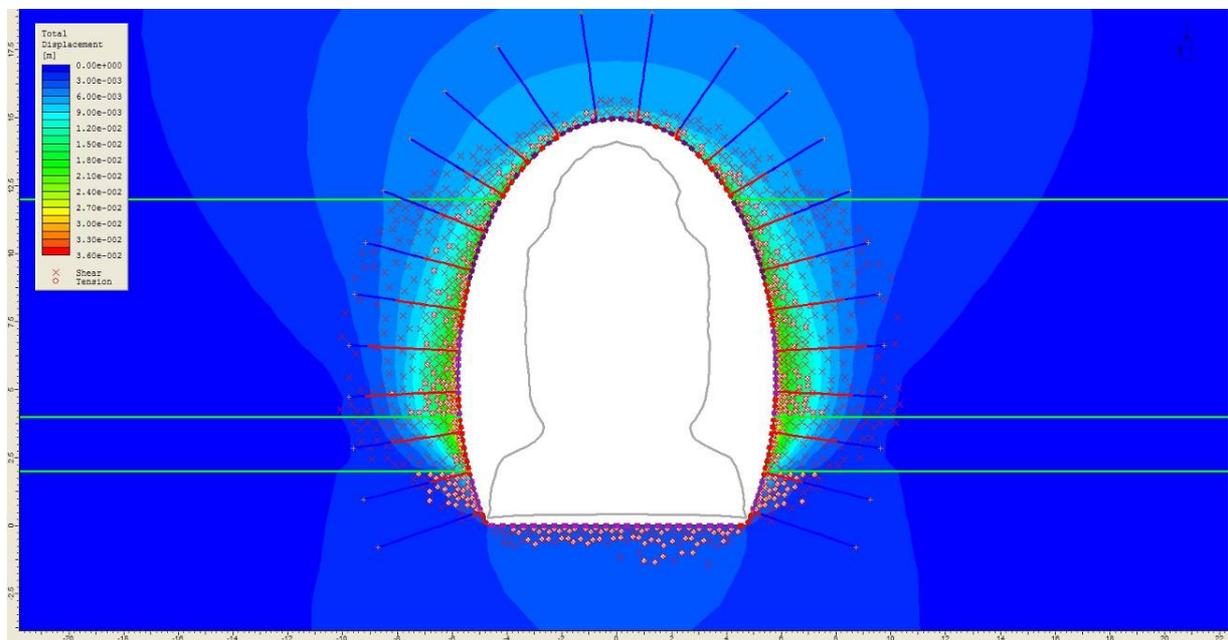


Figure 6-8. Total displacement, GSI min, RSC 2, max displacement is 30 mm.

The following 2 figures show how the cross-section was modeled with extra support in the walls. Up to 200 mm thick shotcrete was used.

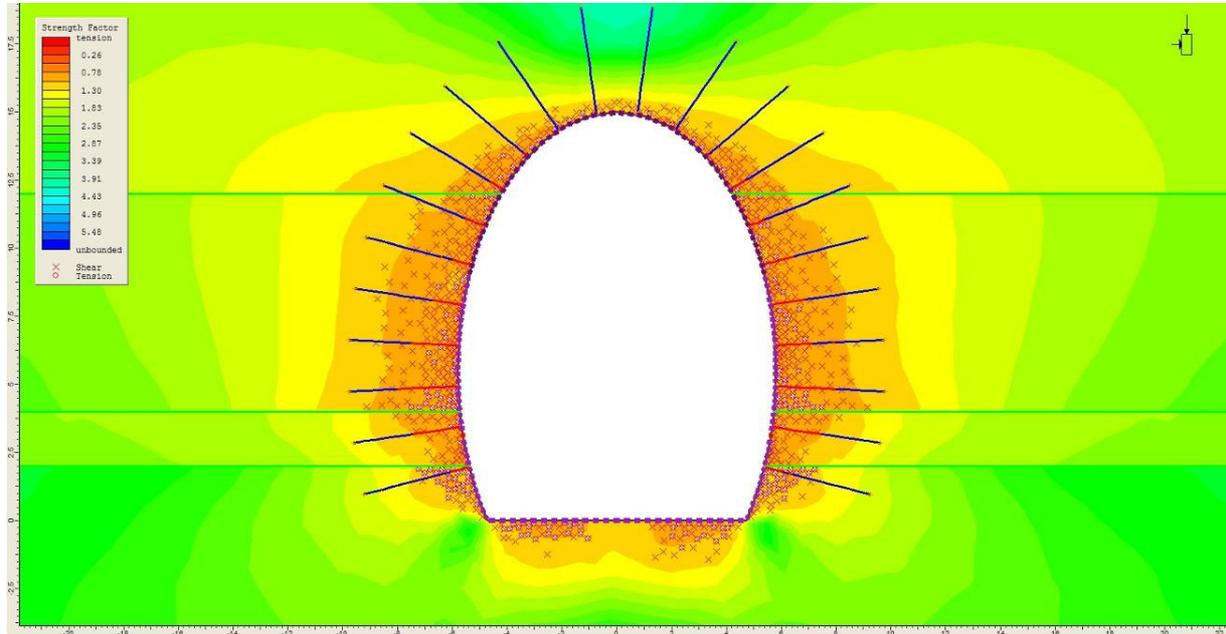


Figure 6-9. Strength factor, GSI min, RSC 3 with extra support (200 mm shotcrete) in tunnel walls.

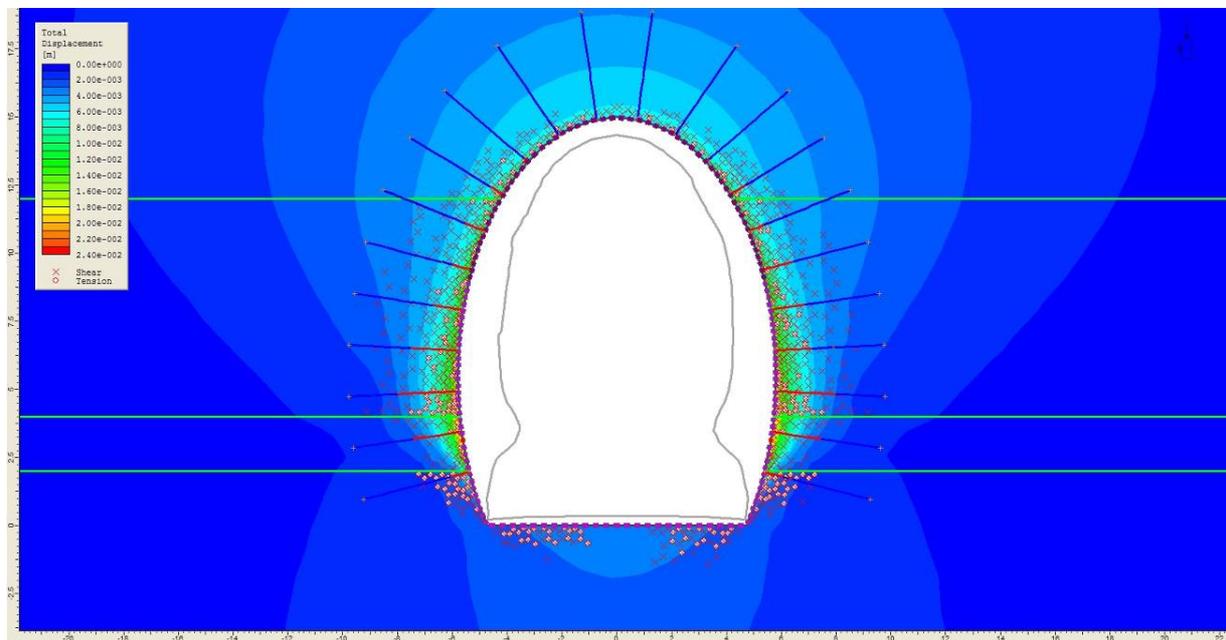


Figure 6-10. Total displacement, GSI min, RSC 3 with extra support in tunnel walls (200 mm shotcrete) max displacement is 22 mm.

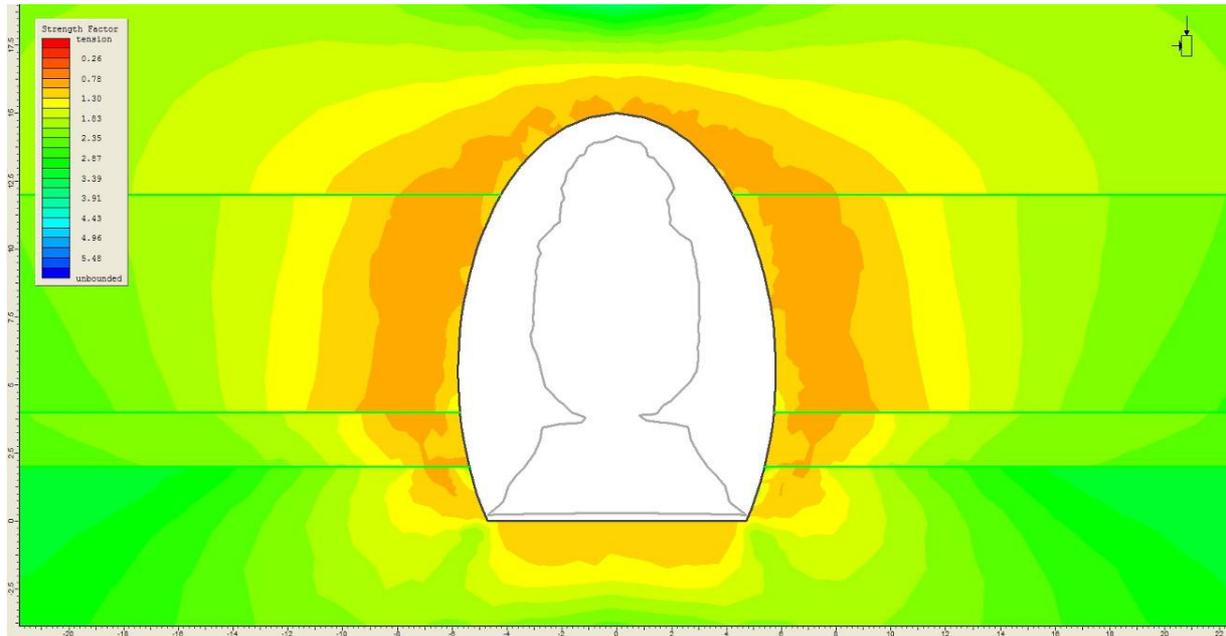


Figure 6-11. Strength factor, GSI min, load split 70-30 tested. It clear that the cross-section has collapsed in several places.

TYPICAL ICELANDIC CROSS-SECTION

Results from the typical Icelandic cross-section numerical analysis are shown here in figures and tables. Also some results from the sensitivity analysis on UCS and mi is shown. In the UCS test the average values from the laboratory results were used. In the mi test the default values recommended by Phase² were used.

Typical Icelandic	RSC 3		RSC extra
	Base GSI	Min GSI	Min GSI
Total displacement	0,01542	0,014792	0,01352
Yielded elements	605	851	832
Yielded bolt el.	58	69	68
Yielded liner el.	4	6	0

Table 5. Results from the typical Icelandic cross-section, total displacement is in meters.

Typical Icelandic	RSC 3 (UCS test)	RSC 3 (mi test)
	Base GSI	Base GSI
Total displacement	0,01319	0,01115
Yielded elements	800	796
Yielded bolt el.	64	37
Yielded liner el.	0	0

Table 6. Some results from the sensitivity analysis.

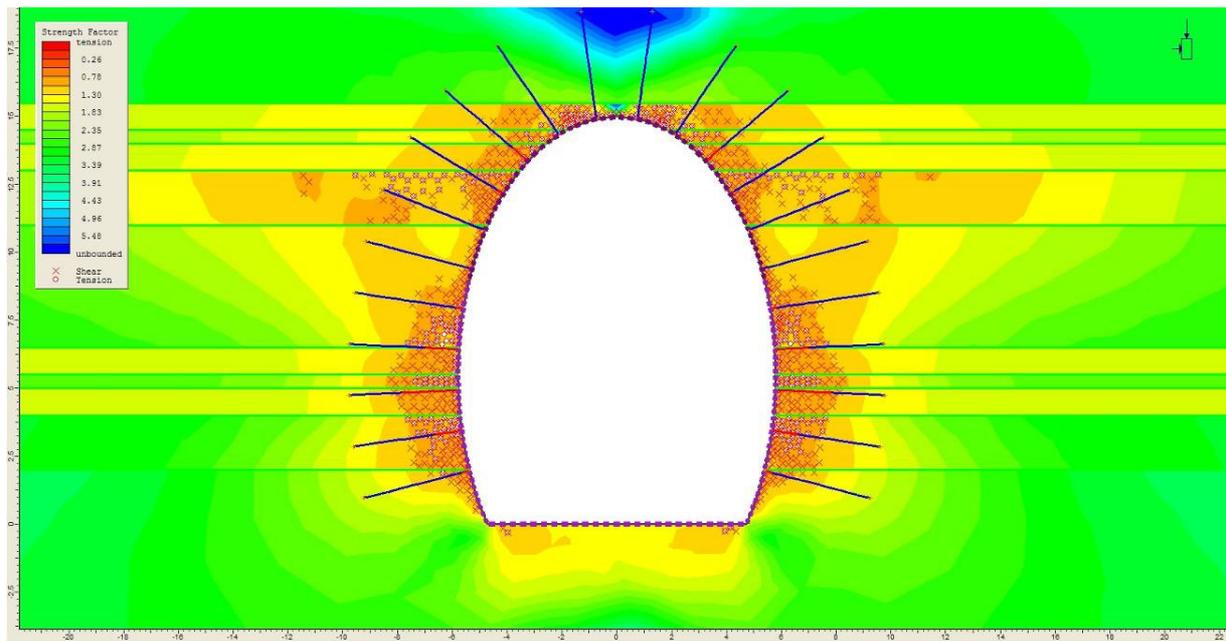


Figure 6-12. Strength factor,GSI min, RSC 3 with extra support (150 mm shotcrete) in tunnel walls.

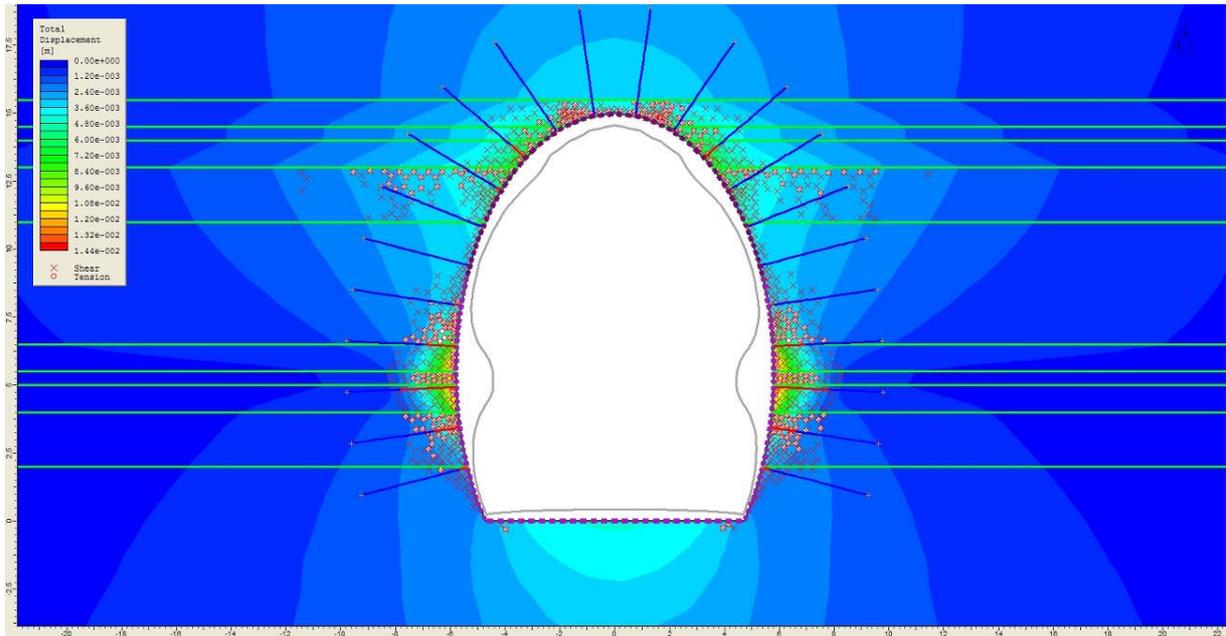


Figure 6-13. Total displacement, GSI min, RSC 3 with extra support in tunnel walls (150 mm shotcrete) max displacement is 13 mm.

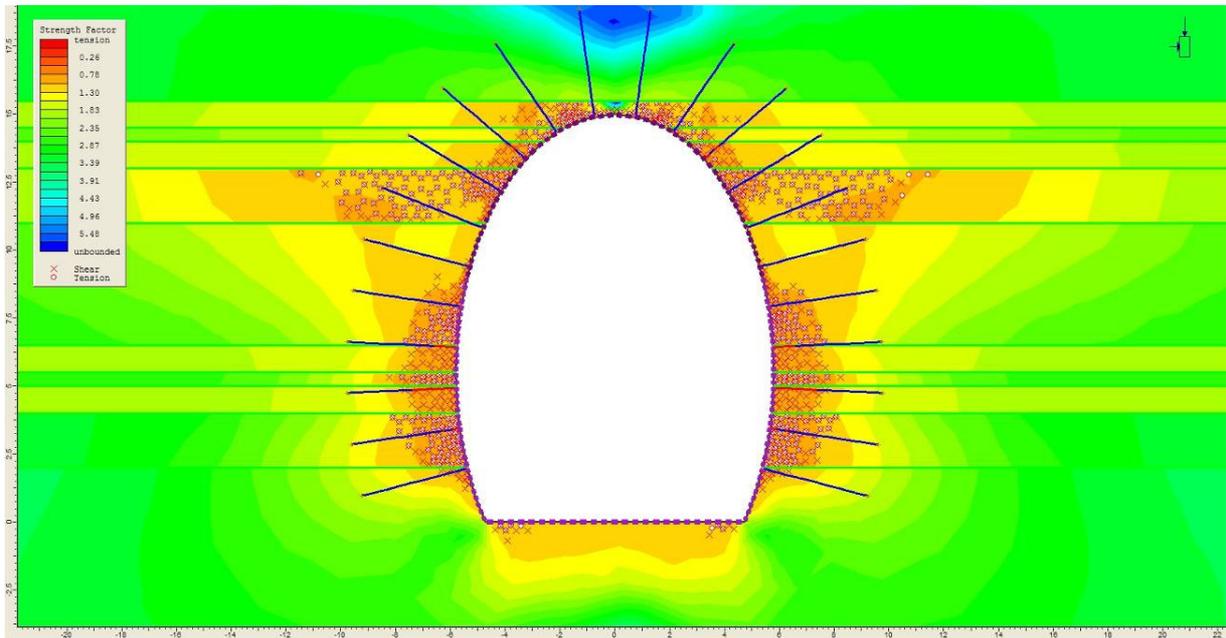


Figure 6-14. Strength factor, GSI min, RSC 3, mi tested with default values recommended by Phase².

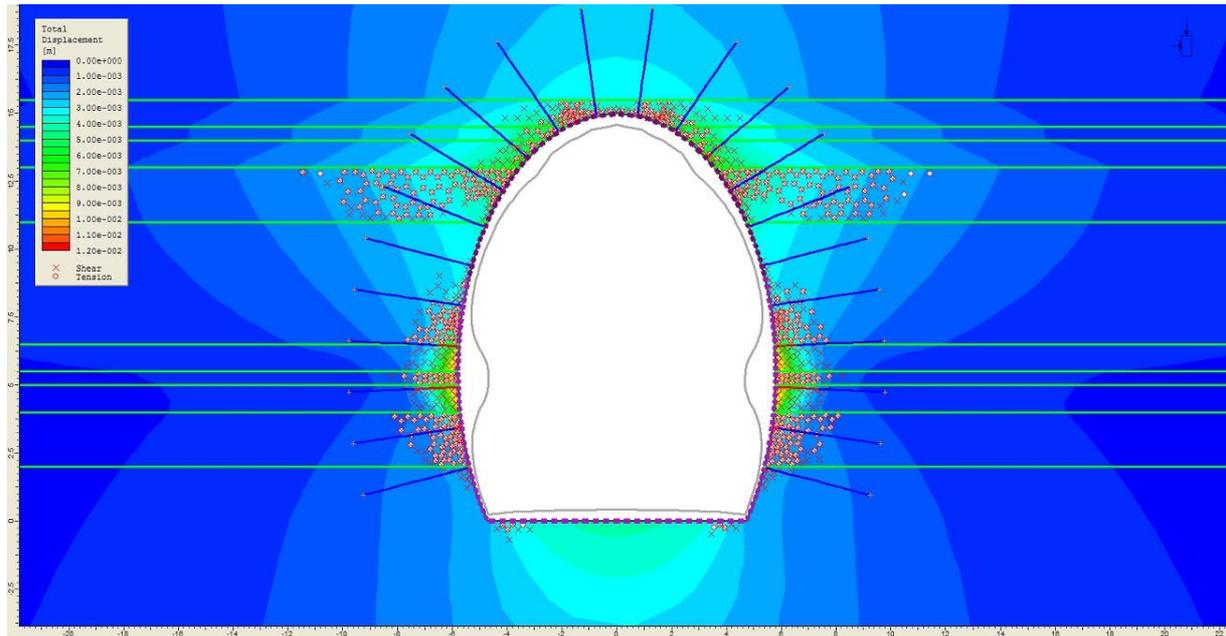


Figure 6-15. Total displacement, GSI min, RSC 3, mi tested with default values recommended by Phase², max displacement is 11 mm.

Here below are figures that show testing done with $k_0 = 1$. This was done to demonstrate how important it is to choose this value correctly.

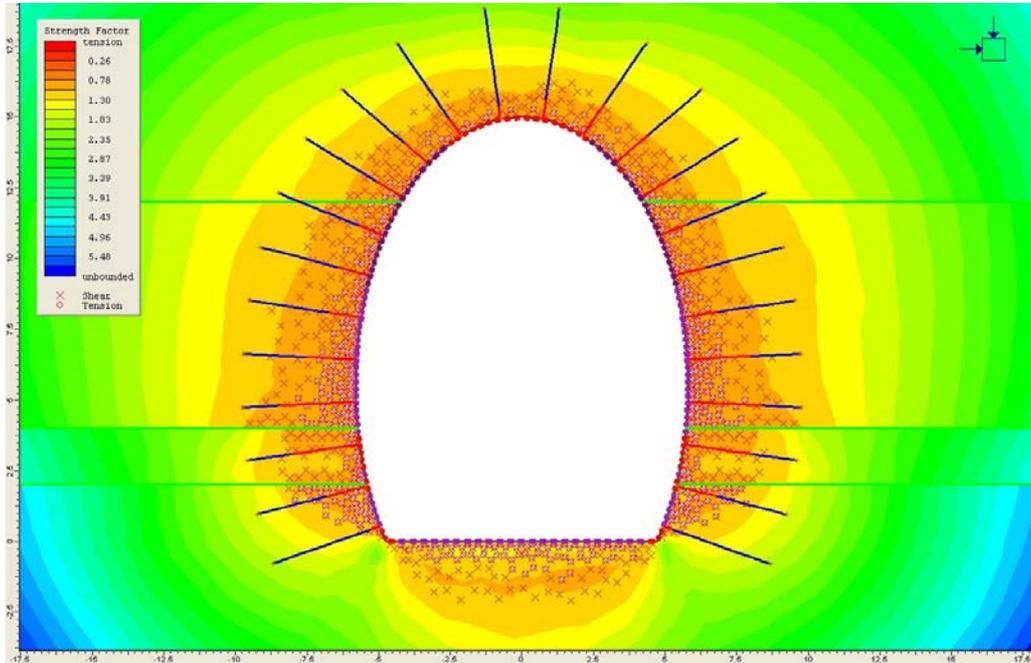


Figure 6-16. Strength factor, GSI min, RSC 3, testing of $k_0 = 1$.

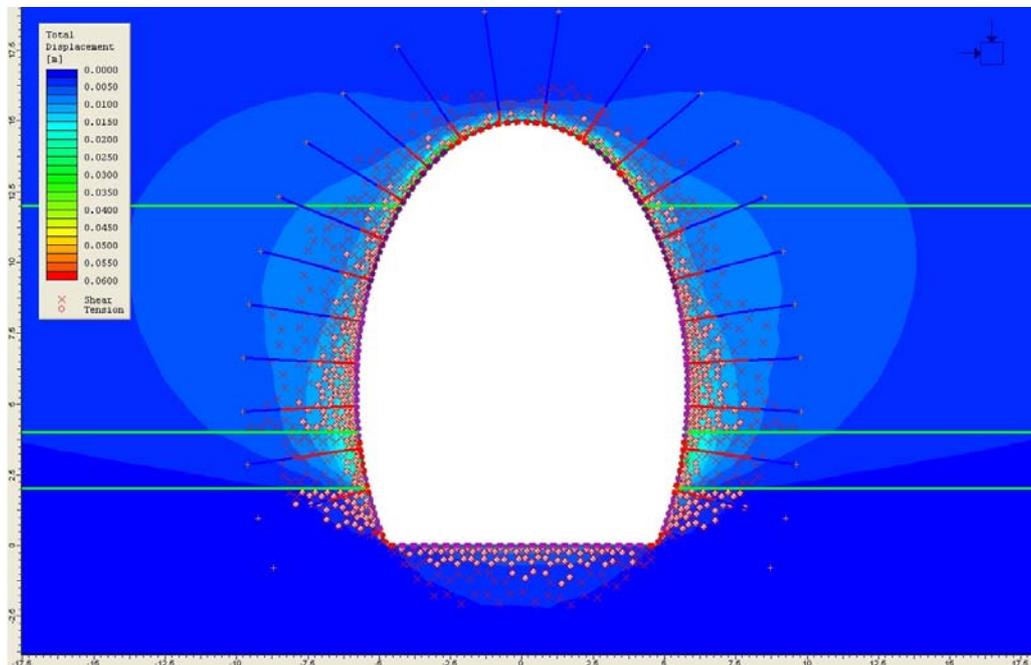


Figure 6-17. Total displacement, GSI min, RSC 3, testing of $k_0 = 1$, max displacement is 11 mm.